



ToaRe Mission Statement

Providing Peace of Mind

Toa Re aims to realize its mission by

working with society and applying the principles of fairness and integrity to all aspects of our business

offering long-term, solid support to our clients by supplying reinsurance products and services that enable them to maintain stable operations

striving to enhance our corporate value for the interests of our shareholders through open and transparent corporate management

respecting the creativity of our group employees and valuing their contributions

conserving the environment and contributing to a sustainable society

Profile

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (Toa Re), was established in 1940. With the reinsurance market evolving and clients' needs expanding, we have recognized the importance of being able to provide a diverse line of life and non-life reinsurance products to lead the market as Japan's primary professional reinsurer. Toa Re is based in Tokyo with subsidiaries in New Jersey (U.S.A.) and Zürich (Switzerland). Increasing demand for reinsurance products in Asian countries prompted us to expand our operations in those regions and establish branch offices in Singapore, Kuala Lumpur and Hong Kong.

In acknowledgment of Toa Re's outstanding financial profile, credit rating agencies, Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, A.M. Best Company, Inc. and Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd., have assigned Toa Re ratings of A, A and AA+, respectively. As of 31st March 2025, the Toa Re Group boasted total assets of ¥ 1,098.9 billion. Net premiums written during the fiscal year ended 31st March 2025, totaled ¥ 275.8 billion.

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Message from the President

Operating Environment

Uncertainty in the business environment surrounding the Toa Re Group is mounting as social and business risks become more diverse and complex due to various factors. including the impact of intensifying severity of natural disasters, heightening geopolitical risks, the advancement and spread of digital technologies, the advent of a full-fledged aging society with a declining birthrate, and growing uncertainty in the financial markets.

Amid this increasingly uncertain business environment, this year, the Toa Re Group entered the second year of our medium-term management plan, "KIZUNA 2026," which began in fiscal year 2024. Under "KIZUNA" 2026," we have been working toward Groupwide portfolio reform, centered on a fundamental review of our underwriting portfolio, in order to steadily fulfill, well into the future, our purpose of providing longterm stable reinsurance capacity to our clients, the insurance companies and co-operative insurers.

Strategic Vision for Future Growth of the Toa Re **Group "KIZUNA 2026"**

Furthermore, in "KIZUNA 2026" where we are aiming for realizing a sustainable society and further enhancing the Group's corporate value, we set "Promotion of climate change countermeasures," "Respect for human rights and promotion of DE&I," and "Strengthening of internal control" as the three main tasks and we have been addressing various initiatives related to the tasks to achieve those ends.

We have also been working through a variety of internal committee activities within the Group, with the aim of further instilling and promoting initiatives to strengthen group governance and foster a compliance-oriented



corporate culture, which are the foundation of the group management.

This year, The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited, the core company of the Toa Re Group, commemorates its 85th anniversarv. Throughout our history, we have strived to fulfill our mission as a reinsurance company of providing peace of mind to society through the reinsurance business, as articulated in the Toa Re Mission Statement. Under this mission, all officers and employees of the Toa Re Group continue to work together toward sustainable growth and enhancement of the corporate value by responding swiftly and accurately to various challenges.

We look forward to your ongoing support going forward.

M. Maty

Masaaki Matsunaga President and Chief Executive

Medium-Term Management Plan KIZUNA 2026

The Toa Re Group launched a new medium-term management plan (called KIZUNA 2026) in April which covers 3-year period from fiscal 2024. With a view to our medium- to long-term vision for the Group, KIZUNA

2026 sets 3-year numerical targets and goals for enhancement of the management foundation. We are promoting various measures to achieve and realize these targets.

Medium- to Long-term Vision

[Corporate Vision]

 A reinsurance group that keeps being selected by clients across the world and that is developing together with them by providing optimal solutions

[10 to 20-year Vision]

- In core business we will establish a stronger revenue base by further improving various expertise
- In strategic business we will enhance corporate value and achieve sustainable profit growth by having a specialized field of expertise



The "Corporate Vision", from a longer-term perspective in our medium- to long-term vision, is intended to promote our business, based on the Toa Re Mission Statement with an emphasis on meeting reinsurance needs from a client perspective, in order to achieve sustainable growth in a rapidly changing business environment.

sustainable profit growth by further strengthening the core business (the current business base) through improving our expertise, and by creating and expanding strategic business, i.e. specialized areas in which the Group has outstanding strengths.

Further, the "10 to 20-year Vision" aims to achieve

Group Numerical Targets

In KIZUNA 2026, we have set the following numerical targets for the Group, based on the perspectives of securing soundness of management, contributing to

each stakeholder, and maintaining and improving credit ratings.

Indicators	Targets
Soundness (Capital level)	Secure capital level consistent with a rating of "AAA" or higher
Profitability (Adjusted ROE)	5% adjusted ROE (3-year average)
Growth (Adjusted profit)	JPY 20 billion (3-year average)

Goals for Enhancement of the Management Foundation

In view of the rapid changes in the social and business environment, we have identified three priority areas - "SDGs/ESG", "IT" and "ERM" - and are promoting to strengthen and utilize each of them. In order to steadily

promote these initiatives, we formulate and implement concrete action plans in each area based on the initiative policies described below.

Priority Areas	Initiative Policy
SDGs/ESG	Promote various initiatives based on the SDGs/ESGs, recognizing that they are essential to securing the Group's business continuity and sustainable increase in corporate value.
IΤ	As specific measures to achieve the goals of 'the transforming business operations' and 'creating new corporate value' through the use of advanced technologies, promote the automation of business operations with IT, scrapping existing operations to generate time to create the new corporate value, and pursue the development of IT human resources to promote the IT strategies.
ERM	Promote ERM and further strengthen the ERM framework to secure the Group's business continuity and sustainable profit growth.

Explanation of terms

- Adjusted ROE : (Net income + Provision for capital reserve (after tax) Other special factors) / (Net assets +Capital reserve (after tax))
 (after-tax basis)
- Adjusted profit : Net Income + Provision for catastrophe reserves (after tax) + Provision for contingency reserves II (after tax) + Provision for price fluctuation reserves (after tax) Other special factors (Unrealized gain (loss) on FVTPL (after tax), etc.)
- SDGs : Sustainable Development Goals
 ESG : Environment, Social, Governance
 ERM : Enterprise Risk Management

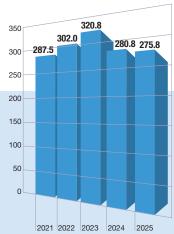
Consolidated Financial Highlights

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March

			Millions of yen				usands of . dollars
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021		2025
For the fiscal year							
Ordinary income	¥ 342,443	¥ 329,071	¥ 349,337	¥ 329,804	¥ 312,101	\$2,	290,282
Net premiums written	275,892	280,826	320,822	302,024	287,547	1,	845,184
Ordinary profit (loss)	37,813	21,197	3,238	827	2,164		252,89 5
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	28,475	15,556	2,450	(1,248)	2,745		190,442
At fiscal year-end							
Total net assets	339,995	289,658	196,303	201,307	182,257	2,	273,909
Total assets	1,098,952	1,021,441	905,749	860,421	772,108	7,	349,866
			Yen			U.S	S. dollars
Per share data							
Net assets	¥3,604.47	¥3,070.82	¥2,106.05	¥2,159.74	¥1,955.36	\$	24.107
Net income (loss)	301.88	166.65	26.29	(13.39)	29.80		2.019
			Percent				
Key ratios							
Capital ratio	30.94%	28.36%	21.67%	23.40%	23.61%)	
Return on equity (ROE) ratio	9.04	6.40	1.23	-0.65	1.57		

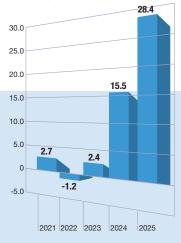
Net Premiums Written

(Billions of yen)

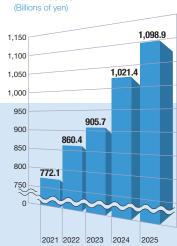


Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent

(Billions of yen)



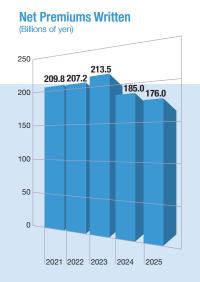
Total Assets

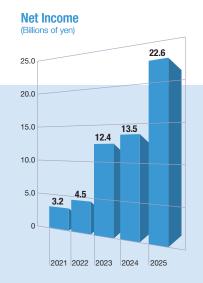


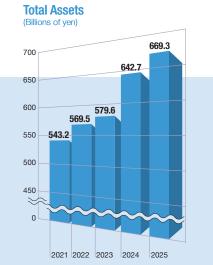
Non-Consolidated Financial Highlights

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited For the years ended 31st March

			Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025
For the fiscal year						
Net premiums written	¥ 176,029	¥ 185,075	¥ 213,595	¥ 207,269	¥ 209,821	\$1,177,294
Underwriting profit (loss)	3,100	(3,440)	5,978	1,412	(5,853)	20,733
Interest and dividends income	20,195	15,609	10,827	7,056	6,066	135,065
Ordinary profit	29,089	18,286	16,754	7,371	3,931	194,549
Net income	22,687	13,577	12,490	4,529	3,253	151,732
At fiscal year-end						
Invested assets	602,973	565,029	476,643	473,976	432,087	4,032,724
Total assets	669,392	642,754	579,671	569,525	543,280	4,476,939
Underwriting reserves	222,656	206,290	203,729	218,539	231,239	1,489,138
Capital stock	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	33,440
Total net assets	266,262	235,234	162,727	148,301	129,773	1,780,778
			Yen			U.S. dollars
Per share data						
Net assets	¥2,822.79	¥2,493.84	¥1,745.83	¥1,591.06	¥1,392.28	\$ 18.879
Declared dividends	17.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	0.117
Net income	240.51	145.45	134.00	48.59	35.31	1.609
			Percent			
Key ratios						
Net loss ratio	80.44%	87.80%	80.67%	69.00%	65.68%	
Net expense ratio	21.04	21.83	22.46	25.45	26.17	
Return on investment	4.71	3.80	2.85	1.84	1.66	
Capital ratio	39.78	36.60	28.07	26.04	23.89	
Return on equity (ROE) ratio	9.05	6.82	8.03	3.26	2.66	
Payout ratio	7.28	8.59	9.33	25.73	35.40	







Corporate History

1940	10	Established as The Toa Fire and Marine Reinsurance Company, Limited. (Head office at 6-1, Marunouchi 1-chome, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo-shi, capitalized at ¥50 million)	
1945	4	Ceased business as a reinsurance company due to the establishment of a government reinsurance	agency.
1040	5	Became a direct insurance company, changing name to The Toa Fire and Marine Insurance Compa	
	6	Started direct insurance business at branches in Tianjin and Shanghai.	
1947	4	Re-established as a reinsurance company.	
1948	2	Changed name back to The Toa Fire and Marine Reinsurance Company, Limited.	
1952	4	Started to transact overseas reinsurance business.	
1962	10	Completed construction of the head office building at Surugadai.	
1002	10	(6-5, Kanda-Surugadai 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo (present location))	
1975	4	Opened representative office in London.	
1979	4	Opened representative office in Hong Kong.	
	7	Held the 1st Reinsurance Seminar of Toa for Asian non-life insurance clients (RST).	
	12	Established The Toa-Re Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited. (Started operation on January 1, 1980.)	1941: Head office
1982	4	Opened representative office in New York.	
1002	10	Established The Toa-Re Insurance Company of America.	
	10	(Consolidated subsidiary, Started operation on January 1, 1983.)	
1989	7	Held the 1st Seminar of Toa Elementary Program for direct non-life insurance clients in Japan	
1007		(STEP).	
1997	2	Obtained approval to begin offering life reinsurance products. Announced ToaRe Mission Statement.	
	4	Opened branch office in Singapore.	
	9 10	Received the 1st Asia Insurance Industry Awards "Reinsurance Company of the Year."	1962: New head office opened (at the
	12	Acquired all outstanding stock in M&G Re America and merged it with The Toa-Re Insurance	site of the present head office)
	12	Company of America and changed name to The Toa Reinsurance Company of America (TRA).	STOCKET
1998	3	Obtained additional approval to offer a complete range of life reinsurance products.	
1999	1	Opened branch office in Kuala Lumpur.	
	4	Changed name to The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited.	
	6	Opened branch office in Hong Kong.	
2000	7	Obtained approval to handle non-life co-operative reinsurance.	
	11	Opened representative office in Taipei.	The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America
2002	1	Established The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Company Ltd (TRE).	
	4	(Consolidated subsidiary, Started operation on April 1, 2002.) Obtained approval to handle life co-operative reinsurance.	
2002	4 3	Sold The Toa-Re Insurance Company (U.K.) Ltd.	
2003 2008	8	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Korean Re.	
2006	8	Held the 1st Seminar of Toa Elementary Program for direct life insurance clients in Japan	
		(STEP LIFE).	
	9	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Secura of Belgium.	
	10	Held the 1st Reinsurance Seminar of Toa for Asian life insurance clients (RST LIFE).	
2009	9	Became a member of the Global Reinsurance Forum.	
	10	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with China Reinsurance Group.	
2013	6	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Marein of Indonesia.	
2017	11	Obtained approval from Lloyd's to establish a SPA (Toa Re Special Purpose Arrangement 6132).	The present head office
2018	7	Acquired Barbican Corporate Member (No.4) Limited which accepts insurance business through	·
2021	C	SPA, from Barbican Holdings (UK) Limited, and changed name to Toa Re Corporate Member Limited Closed representative office in London.	a (THOM).
2021	6 9	Sold Toa Re Corporate Member Limited (TRCM).	
2025	2	Established Toa Re 85th Memorial Foundation.	
ZUZJ			

Worldwide Network



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Toa Re America



2024 Results and 2025 Forecast

The U.S. economic outlook is clouded by existing and potential tariffs and global political unrest. Real GDP decreased at an annualized rate of 0.2% during the first quarter of 2025; real GDP increased 2.4% in the fourth quarter of 2024. The U.S. unemployment rate remained unchanged in May 2025, holding steady at 4.2% (compared to April), while the underemployment rate was 7.3% in May 2025. As of May 2025, the Consumer Price Index (for all items including food and energy) increased 2.4% over the last twelve months, driven by a 2.9% increase in the food index.

A.M. Best estimates that net written premium for the U.S. property and casualty industry increased 8.8% in 2024, the fifteenth consecutive year of growth for the industry. A.M. Best notes that the U.S. property and casualty industry posted a \$22.9 billion underwriting gain in 2024 primarily driven by rate increases in personal lines and reduction in incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses. Growth of 9.8% in net earned premiums offset a 2.1% increase in incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses and a 9.8% increase in other underwriting expenses. The P/C industry's estimated combined ratio for 2024 improved to 96.6%, 5.0 points better than the 2023 combined ratio of 101.6%.

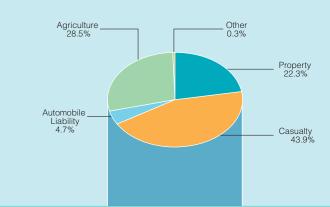
North America non-life reinsurance renewal rate activity, which had strengthened for several years through midyear 2023, has returned to a more predictable market driven by supply and demand dynamics. The January 2025 renewal season saw a mix of trends, with property catastrophe rates softening in some areas due to increased capacity and strong reinsurer earnings, while casualty and specialty lines saw more stable or slightly increased pricing. Standard & Poor's maintained its stable outlook for the global reinsurance industry, with expectations of continued strong performance in 2025. A.M. Best maintained its positive outlook for the global reinsurance industry, expecting market trends to have a positive influence on reinsurers over the next year.

Toa Re America's 2024 gross premiums written decreased 2.9% from 2023. Toa Re America developed a GAAP combined ratio of 108.1% for 2024. Non catastrophe loss development from accident years 2023 and prior contributed 10.6 points to the combined ratio. Property catastrophe losses provided 0.5point to the combined ratio. U.S. GAAP comprehensive income was \$17.9 million (primarily driven by net income) and net cash flow from operations was an outflow of \$97.1 million during 2024. For the year, the market value of Toa Re America's cash and invested assets decreased by \$118.2 million or 6.3%. Toa Re America's bond portfolio (83.5% of invested assets) had an overall gross return of 3.2% for 2024. Shareholders' equity increased 3.4% to \$543.8 million during 2024.

Toa Re America seeks to write a diversified and well balanced portfolio of reinsurance risks in the North American marketplace for P&C business, and worldwide for agricultural reinsurance. Toa Re America evaluates diversification by customer type, product line, peril, and geography. Toa Re America pursues a balanced relationship between classes of business underwritten and premium to limits exposed. Central to Toa Re America's approach is a well-defined underwriting philosophy based on risk selection, exposure evaluation, limit management, and pricing. Through our efforts, Toa Re America endeavors to access business opportunities at the correct exposure adjusted price for risk transfer. Toa Re America's desired portfolio consists of clients who understand and appreciate that reinsurance transactions must represent a fair trade for both parties.

While it is our intention to be a market of choice, Toa Re America will not put continuity of offer ahead of profitability. Toa Re America must generate acceptable returns to honor the commitments made to all of our stakeholders. Toa Re America will consistently apply a set of objective standards to business under consideration to make certain it conforms to our profitability targets while seeking to minimize our exposure to natural catastrophe perils, through all available means.

Gross Premiums by Class



Financial Highlights

	U.S. GAAP Thousands of U.S. dollars			
Years ended 31st December	2024	2023	Percentage Change	
Summary of Operations Gross Premiums Written Net Premiums Written Pre-Tax Net Income (Loss) After-Tax Net Income (Loss)	\$ 517,771 381,825 27,833 17,892	\$ 532,521 444,025 10,781 10,984	(2.7)% (14.0) 158.1 62.8	
Balance Sheets Total Assets Total Liabilities Total Stockholders' Equity	2,266,226 1,722,408 543,818	2,278,152 1,752,307 525,845	(0.5) (1.7) 3.4	
Cash Flows Net Cash from Operations	(97,102)	41,461	(334.2)	

Toa Re Europe

2024 Results and 2025 Forecast

The main economy in focus of Toa Re Europe is the European Union which has recorded an increase in GDP of 1.0% for the 2024 year. The EU economy is expected to see a slightly higher, however still quite modest growth in 2025 with forecast now at ca. 1.1% according to the spring economic forecast prepared by the European Commission. The outlook includes the impact of increased tariffs and the heightened uncertainty caused by the recent abrupt changes in US trade policy and the unpredictability of the tariffs' final configuration.

The volume of government consumption expanded vigorously and provided a larger-than-expected contribution to EU growth, mainly through employment growth in the government sector. Growth in private consumption also exceeded expectations towards the end of the year, driven by solid increases in disposable income as the economy added over 1.7 million jobs, and nominal wages recovered the purchasing power lost to surging inflation. Despite a minor rise in the saving rate (from a still high level), consumption expanded by 1.3%.

After averaging 2.4% in 2024, headline inflation in the euro area is expected to decrease to an average of 2.1% in 2025. Underlying price pressures remain somewhat sustained but broadly consistent with the headline target. As disinflationary pressures intensify, markets anticipate a

marginally looser monetary policy over the forecast horizon. Based on market pricing, policy rates are expected to reach the lower end of the 1.75%-2.25% range that the ECB considers neutral.

In 2024, the European property and casualty (P&C) insurance market demonstrated robust performance, marked by premium growth and improved underwriting profitability. European P&C insurance premiums experienced an annual growth rate of approximately 4.2% in 2024, reflecting increased demand for insurance coverage and favorable market conditions. The market's underwriting profitability improved, with combined ratios falling below 100% in most European jurisdictions, indicating underwriting gains despite rising claims costs.

Following from a stable 2024, recent renewal has seen further differentiation amongst lines of business and territories. Generally, loss free territories seen some softening with catastrophe placement being most affected at -5-10% risk adjusted (after exposure change) with terms and conditions remaining broadly unchanged.

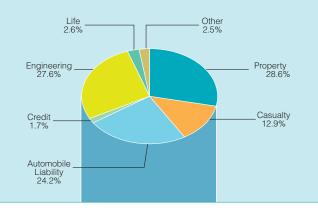
Capacity levels were very healthy which allowed for very orderly renewal. Demand continued to increase slightly with inflation working its way through the insurance sector.

Toa Re Europe's 2024 gross premiums written increased by 12.6% from 2023 as the market remained stable overall. Total gross written premium amounted to 265.4 million CHF of which third party business was 264.8 million CHF and internal group related business was 0.6 million CHF. Toa Re Europe had a GAAP Net Earned combined ratio of 93.3% for 2024, which shows a continuation of the improvement from previous year. GAAP after-tax net income was 17.6 million CHF for 2024. For the year, the market value of Toa Re Europe's cash and invested assets increased by 99.4 million CHF. Toa Re Europe's invested asssets recorded an overall gross return of 1.4% for 2024. Shareholders' equity increased by 24.5 million CHF (6.7%) to 390.3 million CHF during 2024 mainly driven by the positive technical and investment results for the financial year 2024.

The Toa 21st Century (TTFC) is a fully owned subsidiary of The Toa Reinsurance Company Ltd. (Toa Re). It provides reinsurance protection for all lines of business to its parent company and since 2018 also to third party clients with a primary focus on the EMEA region and global specialties (e.g. engineering) as approved by the TTFC board and allowed by TTFC's insurance license. TTFC's current strategic objective is to optimise value to the group and clients by writing life and non-life third party business in the EMEA region and selected specialty business with worldwide focus. The business unit providing reinsurance to third party is labelled and marketed as Toa Re Europe (TRE).

Toa Re Europe's forecast for 2025 anticipates that gross EPI of third party business will continue increasing modestly according to the business plan. Underwriting is expected to be profitable due to the prudent risk assessment. The Toa Re Europe team will continue to build the franchise in the EMEA region and expand its business and client base.

Gross Premiums by Class



Financial Highlights

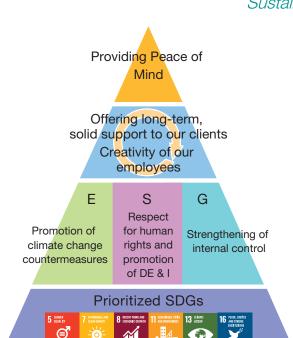
	U.S. GAAP Thousands of CHF			
Years ended 31st December	2024	2023	Percentage Change	
Summary of Operations Gross Premiums Written Net Premiums Written Pre-Tax Net Income (Loss) After-Tax Net Income (Loss)	265,367 246,026 26,927 17,655	235,661 214,715 9,571 2,583	12.6% 14.6 181.3 583.5	
Balance Sheets Total Assets Total Liabilities Total Stockholders' Equity	1,086,508 696,171 390,337	977,519 611,697 365,822	11.1 13.8 6.7	
Cash Flows Net Cash from Operations	83,374	66,830	24.8	

Sustainability

"Providing Peace of Mind," as articulated in the Mission Statement, the Toa Re Group has been promoting initiatives to realize a sustainable society through all its business activities.

Amid the increasing severity of climate change and other global issues, sustainability initiatives have become a critical issue for the entire world

Therefore, the Group has formulated Sustainability Vision as below.



Sustainability Vision

The Group is committed to promote activities to contribute to achieving sustainable society through its reinsurance business and other business activities and strive for the sustainable enhancement of corporate value, thereby contributing to the resolution of such social issues.

Prioritized SDGs

In promoting our efforts to realize a sustainable society, we have identified 6 of the 17 goals listed in the SDGs that we should prioritize due to their close relationship to our business.













Material Issues

As we move forward with our efforts to tackle material issues related to the prioritized SDGs, we determined "Promotion of climate change countermeasures", "Respect for human rights and promotion of DE&I" and "Strengthening of internal control" as issues we should address.

Promotion of climate change countermeasures (Environment)







The adverse effects of climate change, including the intensification of natural disasters, pose threats to the safety and security of society. Considering the Group's mission of "Providing Peace of Mind," addressing climate change is a critical challenge inevitable for us.

We will contribute to realizing a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO₂ emissions from our business operations as well as our reinsurance underwriting and asset management.

Respect for human rights and promotion of DE&I (Society)





Respect for human rights is a material issue that should be reflected in all our business activities. In addition, creating a corporate culture that enables all group staff members to leverage their diverse backgrounds and fully exercise their capabilities is essential for our sustainable growth.

We will work to prevent any types of infringement of human rights through our business operations and create an environment in which all staff members of the Group can maximize their potential and play an active role, regardless of gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, age, religion, nationality, disability or any other attributes.

Strengthening of internal control (Governance)



In order to gain more trust from stakeholders and enhance our corporate value sustainably, it is essential to strengthen our internal control system for appropriate management structure.

We will practice sound corporate management with fairness and integrity by strengthening internal controls, including systems for compliance of laws and rules, fraud prevention, risk management, and information security.

[Environment] Promotion of Climate Change Countermeasures



We will contribute to realizing a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO₂ emissions from our business operations as well as our reinsurance underwriting and asset management.

Climate-related Financial Disclosure

Climate change poses a threat to the safety and security of society, including the intensification of natural catastrophe, and addressing it is a critical challenge for the whole world.

Addressing climate change is also one of the greatest challenges inevitable for the Toa Re Group, which upholds the mission of "Providing Peace of Mind," as articulated in the Toa Re Mission Statement, through providing long-term and stable reinsurance capacity for natural catastrophe risk.

Therefore, the Group has been working to contribute to the transition toward a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO₂ emissions from our business operation as a business entity, in addition to various initiatives in its core reinsurance business and asset management.

Governance

The climate-related governance structure of the Group consists of the Board of Directors, the SDGs/ESG Committee, and the ERM Committee.

- The Board of Directors discusses and establishes our Group-wide policy related to sustainability encompassing its initiatives for addressing climate change and various plans related primarily to the promotion of climate change countermeasures, and also monitors the status of such initiatives. Non-financial indicators related to sustainability-related initiatives are incorporated into the performance-linked remuneration of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members (excluding outside Directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members).
- The SDGs/ESG Committee is chaired by the Executive Officer in charge of the Communication & Coordination Department, which is the sustainability promotion department, and consists of the General Managers of related departments. The matters discussed by the Committee and the progress of sustainability measures are received periodically and resolved by the Board of Directors as appropriate. In fiscal 2024, progress of initiatives under the medium-term management plan "KIZUNA 2026", as well as the Group's various initiatives to reduce CO₂ emissions, sustainability-related disclosures, and internal awareness-raising measures were discussed at the Committee.
- The ERM Committee is chaired by an Executive Officer appointed by the Executive Officer in charge of the Management Planning Department after the discussions at the Executive Management Committee established to discuss important matters concerning overall management, and consists of the General Managers of related departments. It discusses various matters related to enterprise risk management (ERM) for the Group. Material matters concerning risk management, including climate change, are reported to the Board of Directors periodically.

Climate-related Governance Structure



In addition, in December 2024, a workshop lectured by external specialist, concerning sustainability including climate change, was held with the participation of the executives and staff of the head office, in order to improve their knowledge on sustainability.

Strategies

The Group recognizes the following climate-related risks and opportunities.

Classification	Events and risks/opportunities to the Group	Time frame
Physical Risks	 In our non-life reinsurance business, risk of substantial reinsurance claim payments exceeding assumptions due to the increased frequency and severity of natural catastrophe, such as typhoons and floods. 	Short to medium term
rnysicai nisks	 In our life reinsurance business, risk of substantial reinsurance claim payments exceeding assumptions for mortality and morbidity due to increased heat stroke and infectious diseases as a result of higher average temperatures. 	Long term
Transition Risks	 In our non-life reinsurance business, risk of impairment of corporate value or impediments to business operations due to reputational damage caused by providing capacity for fossil fuel-related businesses or delays in responding to laws and regulations. 	Medium to long term
	 In our asset management, risk of a decline in the corporate value of investee companies due to their inability to respond appropriately to changes of laws and regulations and/or changes in the market and social environment to make the transition toward a decarbonized society. 	Short to long term
Opportunities	 Increase in reinsurance needs related to the renewable energy business in the course of transition to a decarbonized society. 	Short to long term

Note:Short term: less than 3 years, Medium term: 3 - 10 years, Long term: 10 years or more

The Group takes appropriate measures to address each of the above climate-related risks and opportunities based on the degree of impact entailed by each individual risks and opportunities. In particular, we recognize that the impact of natural catastrophe, a physical risk related to non-life reinsurance, is a significant threat from the perspective of business continuity in the Group, as mentioned above. Therefore, we are taking the following measures towards the realization of a decarbonized society.

(1) Initiatives in the Reinsurance Business

From the perspective of promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society, as a rule, we do not engage in facultative reinsurance transactions related to newly planned coal-fired power plants and coal mining business (thermal coal). We will contribute to solving the social challenge of climate change through our reinsurance business, including reorganizing our reinsurance portfolio by screening clients and contracts, and research and study activities related to the renewable energy business.

(2) Initiatives in Asset Management

In addition to management aimed at improving the risk/return of the portfolio held on a long-term and stable basis, we also manage our investment portfolio in consideration of public and social nature in accordance with the Group ESG investment policy. When executing an investment, we obtain ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) information on candidate companies to determine whether or not to invest. From the perspective of promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society, as a rule, we do not make any new investments related to coal-fired power plants or coal mining businesses (thermal coal). In addition, as part of our efforts to promote climate change countermeasures, we will contribute to the transition toward a decarbonized society, which is proceeding on a global scale, by investing in green bonds and other such investments.

(3) Initiatives to Reduce CO₂ Emissions in Operations

By supporting the transition toward a decarbonized society through our business activities, we will contribute to curbing global warming. Specifically, we are promoting power conservation and are switching to electricity derived from renewable energy sources. We will continue to promote various measures to reduce CO₂ emissions, including the introduction of renewable energy on a group-wide basis.

As part of our social contribution and global environment protection activities, we also conduct environmental awareness-raising activities, such as donating environment-related books to local elementary schools and co-hosting a series of lectures on environmental issues with the General Insurance Institute of Japan, a public interest incorporated foundation. Going forward, we will consider new environmental awareness-raising activities.

Risk management

The Group conducts ERM(*), which includes the management of climate-related risks, using both qualitative and quantitative approaches.

For qualitative management, we regularly identify and evaluate risks in order to accurately define the risk profile and material risks of the entire Group, which are then listed in a risk register together with countermeasures.

In terms of quantitative management, natural catastrophe risks such as typhoons, which are greatly affected by climate change, are managed by measuring the amount of risk at the level of once every 250 years, and setting a limit for such risks from the standpoint of ensuring our financial soundness.

In addition, we evaluate business continuity in the extreme events such as unprecedented large typhoons or large-scale floods through conducting stress tests.

[2025 Report and accounts]

(*) Reference : "Risk Management Structure and Procedures" on page 18 and "ERM-based business Operation (Risk Appetite Framework)" on page 19

Metrics and targets

The Group has set medium- to long-term targets of achieving a 50% reduction in CO₂ emissions in fiscal 2030 relative to those of fiscal 2019(*), and carbon neutrality by fiscal 2050(*). In addition, as metrics for achieving the targets, we have set renewable electricity use at 70% or more in fiscal 2030 and 100% in fiscal 2050 at our group's all facilities. To reach these targets, we are promoting various initiatives to reduce CO₂ emissions, including using renewable electricity at group facilities. Renewable electricity has already been introduced at the head office and The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co. Ltd., and in fiscal 2024, it was also introduced at Kuala Lumpur Branch and Hong Kong Branch.

For each of the initiatives in promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society in the reinsurance business and in asset management, we have set specific targets and have been promoting activities to achieve them.

(*) Based on measurement in accordance with GHG protocols

Book Donations

Wishing to inspire children to take an informed interest in environmental issues, Toa Re donates books on environmental themes to the eight public elementary schools in Chiyoda-ku every year on Earth Day (April 22).



Promotion of Power Saving

Toa Re is working to reduce power consumption by implementing power saving promotion measures such as controlling the temperature of air-conditioning systems installed in offices, setting no overtime days, and using heat storage with midnight power. In fiscal 2024, we reduced power consumption by 1.4% compared to the previous year.

Adoption of Renewable Energy

At our head office and several of our overseas bases, we have adopted virtually CO₂-free electricity that leverages the environmental value of renewable energy sources that do not emit CO₂.

Donation through the Collection of PET Bottle Caps

As an initiative realized through the ideas of employees, Toa Re is supporting a system to make donations for medical assistance for developing countries through the collection of PET bottle caps. In fiscal 2024, we collected approximately 47,500 caps.

Lectures on Environmental Issues

To contribute to protection of the global environment, Toa Re and the General Insurance Institute of Japan have been jointly holding a series of lectures on environmental issues.

In fiscal 2024, Professor Yumiko Nara, Living and Welfare Course of the Faculty of Liberal Arts at The Open University of Japan (OUJ), was invited as a lecturer to an event held on October 23, 2024 under the theme of "The Fundamentals and Practice of Risk Communication—7 Misunderstandings and their Correct Answers" via a Zoom live stream.



SDGs/ESG Seminar

To deepen our employees' knowledge of the SDGs/ESG, we held a seminar with Ms. Yuriko Chikusa of Asuene Inc. as a guest lecturer. Interspersed with explanatory videos, the seminar provided an excellent opportunity for attendees to learn about the ESG, the progression of global warming, the impact on the insurance industry, and other aspects of sustainability today and to reaffirm the importance of addressing the issues.



[Society] Respect for Human Rights and Promotion of DE&I



We will work to prevent any types of infringement of human rights through our business operations and create an environment in which all staff members of the Group can maximize their potential and play an active role, regardless of gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, age, religion, nationality, disability or any other attributes.

Respect for Human Rights

Toa Re Group aims to realize a workplace free from discrimination and harassment by ensuring that each and every employee always acts in a manner that shows respect for basic human rights.

The Company's main efforts are not only to comply with labor-related laws and regulations, but also to protect the human rights of our employees through such efforts as human rights-related training and various awareness-raising activities.

In addition, through efforts to create an environment in which employees can voluntarily contribute to society, we will develop human resources who will live in harmony with society and gain society's trust.

Promotion of DE&I

We are promoting various efforts to create a work environment that respects diversity and allows everyone to fully utilize their abilities and play an active role.

(1) Promotion of diversity

As a provider of reinsurance services, the Company's greatest assets are our human resources.

In order for the Company to continue to be chosen by our customers, we need human resources who can derive optimal solutions by accurately ascertaining the ever-changing social trends and customer needs.

In order to survive in an era of rapid change, we must think outside the box and come up with innovative ideas.

By employing human resources from different backgrounds, without being restricted by individual attributes, such as gender, age, nationality, or disability, we will leverage the innovation generated by the diversity of individual abilities and values as our strength and enhance our competitiveness.

(2) Reform of workstyles

In promoting diversity, it is essential to create a comfortable work environment for employees.

We will make efforts to improve work-life balance by reducing long working hours and encouraging employees to take paid leave, as well as to realize diverse work styles.

In addition, regardless of gender, while all employees who wish to take childcare leave do so, we will continue to make efforts to encourage employees to also take childcare leave.

(3) Development of human resources

We believe that developing human resources who possess not only expertise in reinsurance, but also a high level of professional knowledge and attitude, as well as the humanity and sense of responsibility to use their own abilities for the benefit of society and our customers leads to the creation of employee value.

In order to improve employee value and quality, and to develop professionals, training necessary to implement various measures, strategies, etc. is provided in each department and field, in addition to training aimed at acquiring essential knowledge and skills common to all employees.

We also value employees' willingness to learn on their own and have established a self-development support system to support employees who continue to develop.

(4) Improvement of personnel system

In order for each and every employee to fully utilize their abilities, it is necessary to have a system that allows them to work with a sense of fulfillment and to operate it appropriately.

We will strive to realize appropriate personnel evaluations commensurate with individual work and performance, and to build a personnel system based on the realization of diversity.

Measures to Support Reconstruction of Disaster-Affected Areas

Reconstruction Support Lunch

Starting from March 2023, as part of our activities to support reconstruction of disaster-affected areas, we provided Sanriku Joban Mono Network (*) lunches at our cafeteria. We provided 555 meals 13 days in fiscal 2024.

(*) Sanriku Joban Mono Network is a collaborative initiative between the government and industries to spur full-

scale reconstruction and further development of the fisheries and other industries in the Sanriku region (Iwate, Miyagi, Fukushima, and Ibaraki Prefectures) by promoting consumption of Sanriku Joban Mono products (fishery products, etc. from the region) and holding various events.



Reconstruction Support Marche

We set up stalls selling specialty products from Fukushima Prefecture on October 25, 2024 as part of our continuing efforts to support reconstruction of areas affected by the Great East Japan Earthquake at the first floor lobby of our head office. We did the same with specialty products from Ishikawa Prefecture

on February 28, 2025 to support reconstruction efforts in areas affected by the 2024 Noto Peninsula Earthquake.



Participation in TABLE FOR TWO

We participate in TABLE FOR TWO (TFT), a program simultaneously addressing issues concerning hunger in developing countries and obesity and lifestyle-related diseases in developed countries.

If TFT lunches are purchased at our cafeteria, by setting aside a certain amount as donation, a portion of the total amount will be used to provide school lunches for children in developing countries.

Vending machines at Toa Re Head Office support a TFT donation program. A portion of sales from these vending machines is donated to TFT.



Publication of "Reinsurance: Theory and Practice"

As part of our program to commemorate the 85th anniversary of Toa Re's founding, on February 10, 2025, we published "Reinsurance: Theory and Practice (Second Edition (Revised))".

In the revised edition, various statistical data included in the Second Edition published in 2011 have been updated, and changes in laws and regulations have also been incorporated. It also includes additional notes on new considerations in reinsurance practice that reflect changes in the social environment, including responses to the COVID-19 pandemic.



Donation of Foreign Coins

As part of our support for UNICEF, we donate foreign coins every year.

The collected foreign coins and banknotes are sent to UNICEF headquarters in New York, through Japan Committee for UNICEF, where they are used for various activities that "support independence" in the local communities by providing children worldwide with

vaccines and access to education, and raising awareness to end discrimination.



Donation of Used Stamps

As an initiative realized through the ideas of employees, Toa Re is engaging in collecting used stamps at the head office and donates them to the Chiyoda Council of

Social Welfare, Chiyoda Volunteer Center.



Basic Lifesaving Training

Toa Re encourages its employees to undergo this training in order to acquire the knowledge necessary to perform lifesaving procedures such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation using AED in the occurrence of an emergency situation including cardiopulmonary arrest.

[Governance] Strengthening of Internal Control



We will practice sound corporate management with fairness and integrity by strengthening internal controls, including systems for compliance of laws and rules, fraud prevention, risk management, and information security.

Initiatives for Strengthening of Internal Control

The Toa Re Group has been promoting various initiatives to strengthen internal control. These initiatives include: preventing the occurrence of compliance issues by clarifying various rules; strengthening its crisis preparedness system through the establishment of rules and the verification of their effectiveness; and appropriately responding to regulations on personal information protection in various countries through measures such as preventing the occurrence of information leakage and violations of regulations by clarifying information management rules.

Present Structure of Internal Control

Corporate Governance Structure

To ensure swift decision-making and risk management in response to the fast-evolving business environment, the Company implements the corporate governance described below.

1. Management structure and outside officers

As of 30th June 2025, the Company has nine directors (whose terms of office are one year), of whom three are "outside directors" as defined in Article 2 Paragraph 15 of the Companies Act, and four Audit & Supervisory Board Members, of whom two are "outside auditors" as defined in Article 2 Paragraph 16 of the Companies Act.

2. Structures for execution and supervision

The Company holds a meeting of the board of directors once every month as a rule, and an extraordinary meeting of the board of directors, whenever necessary. At a meeting of the board of directors significant matters are reported and resolutions are made on such matters. Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend each meeting of the board of directors, too. This enables Audit & Supervisory Board Members to continually monitor the performance of directors' concerning execution.

The Chief Actuary appointed by the board of directors is involved in actuarial matters, and submits written opinions to the board of directors in each fiscal term, verifying matters specified in the Insurance Business Law.

3. Structure of Audit by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Company is a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board. At the Company, audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members are performed in accordance with the audit policy, audit plan, etc. determined by the Audit & Supervisory Board. At meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Board, which are held once a month in principle, significant matters concerning audits reported by Audit & Supervisory Board Members, directors, the Internal Audit Department, and the accounting auditors are discussed and resolutions are made on such matters.

4. Internal audit structure

With regard to internal audits, the Internal Audit Department performs internal audits under the authorization of the board of directors and reports the results of internal audits periodically to the board of directors and other relevant organizations.

5. Initiatives to Ensure the Effectiveness of Internal Audits

The Internal Audit Department conducts risk assessments when formulating the internal audit plan and prioritizes and conducts audits for areas considered to be high-risk. In addition, based on the internal audits, the Internal Audit Department points out issues and makes proposals for improvements to audited organizations, monitors the progress of improvement as necessary, and strives to build a highly effective internal audit structure.

6. Cooperation between Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Internal Audit Department

Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Internal Audit Department cooperate to facilitate audits by exchanging information on the situation regarding each audit as well as regularly exchanging opinions.

All the results of internal audits performed by the Internal Audit Department are reported to Audit & Supervisory Board Members in order to strengthen the effectiveness of internal audits.

7. Compliance structure

The Company has established the Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president and consists of four members, including an external lawyer, and the Compliance Steering Committee composed of department managers. Based on the Compliance Program drawn up by the board of directors for each fiscal year, the Company is enhancing the Group-wide compliance structure.

The Company has also set up and runs an in-house help desk and an in-house whistle-blower system for the reporting of inappropriate conduct in the Group.

8. Risk management structure

Using quantitative and qualitative approaches, the Company executes integrated risk management by classifying risks to be managed and by specifying the departments in charge in accordance with the risk management policy and risk management rules established by the board of directors.

The board of directors deliberates and makes decisions on material matters concerning risk management and receives reports from risk management departments periodically and, additionally, whenever necessary concerning the situation regarding risk. Thus, systems and structures are put in place that enable the Company's directors to grasp the situation regarding risk throughout the Company.

The Company continues to upgrade its risk management structure in response to changes in the business environment and the situation regarding risk.

9. Involvement of third parties (lawyers, accounting auditors, etc.)

The Company consults external lawyers concerning significant legal matters and compliance issues whenever necessary. Also, the Company consults the accounting auditors about significant accounting issues, in addition to the usual accounting audits, whenever necessary.

Inspection and Audit Structure

There are two types of in-house audits: audits defined by the Companies Act conducted by Audit & Supervisory Board Members and internal audits conducted by the Internal Audit Department independently from other departments in accordance with the internal rules. The purpose of the internal audits conducted by the Internal Audit Department is "to contribute to the appropriate and effective operation of the Company's business by inspecting, investigating, and evaluating the status of the internal control system across all management activities, identifying problems, and providing advice and recommendations on improvements of the system." The results of the internal audits are reported to the Board of Directors.

In addition, as for external audits, the Company receives accounting audits in accordance with the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act as well as internal control audits in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC. Furthermore, the Company may be subject to inspection by the Financial Services Agency pursuant to the Insurance Business Act.

Risk Management

The Company conducts management based on the enterprise risk management (ERM) framework established with the aim of continuously enhancing enterprise value through the integrated management of risks associated with strategic objectives.

Risk Management Policy

Positioning risk management as a critically important task for management, the Company has put in place the policy and rules concerning risk management established by the board of directors. Based on such policy and rules, we select, clarify, and assess risks and control them in an appropriate manner with the objective of enhancing profitability while maintaining financial soundness. Prompted by the recognition that risk management is a key to enhancing enterprise value, we are continually implementing measures to upgrade our risk management.

Risk Management Structure and Procedures

1. Risk Management Structure

In accordance with the risk management policy established by the board of directors, the board of directors has also established rules on ERM, which is a process

involving the continuous enhancement of enterprise value, and management rules for individual risks. Moreover, the board of directors deliberates and makes decisions on material matters concerning risk management and receives reports from risk management departments periodically and, additionally, whenever necessary on the situation regarding risk. Thus, systems and structures are put in place that enable the Company's board of directors to precisely grasp enterprise risks and individual risks.

Furthermore, the Company has the ERM Committee for the purpose of risk management from a perspective crosscutting organizations and risk categories, and systems are in place to ensure that matters concerning material risk management are reviewed by the ERM Committee and then submitted to the board of directors. The Internal Audit Department, from an independent standpoint, assesses and validates the effectiveness of the risk management structure described above.

Board of Directors Audit & Supervisory **Executive Management Committee Board Members** Audit & **Policy** Reporting of the situation Supervisory and regarding risk, etc. Board instructions ERM Committee and Integrated risk management function (integrated risk management) Individual risk management departments (individual risk management) **Audit** Reinsurance underwriting risk Internal Investment risk Audit **Department** Administrative risk IT risk **Operational risk** Liquidity risk Overseas operational risk Reserve risk concerning underwriting reserve and reserve for outstanding claims

Risk Management Structure

2. Integrated Risk Management

Integrated risk management function spearheads integrated and comprehensive risk management (including comprehensive management of assets and liabilities). The Integrated risk management function measures the integrated risk amount of reinsurance underwriting risk, investment risk, etc., using a stochastic approach and

assesses and checks capital adequacy and risk-returns, also taking into consideration the medium- to long-term perspective. Moreover, based on scenarios, such as the occurrence of a major earthquake or a great decline in the stock market, that would have significant impacts on operations of a reinsurance company, the Integrated risk management function assesses and analyzes by means

of stress tests the extent and the degree of impact of such risks that exceed any normal projection and utilizes the results of the tests for verification of capital adequacy and business continuity.

In addition, with regard to qualitative management, in order to grasp the risk profile of the entire Group, the Company periodically performs exhaustive risk identification, including emerging risks, classifies the risks according to the frequency and the severity, and assesses their materiality.

3. Individual Risk Management

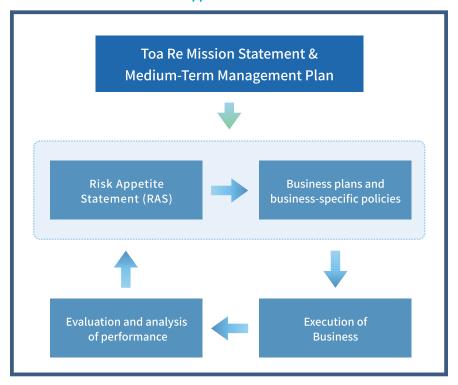
Risks that should be managed individually are classified into reinsurance underwriting risk, investment risk, operational risk, overseas operational risk, and reserve risk concerning underwriting reserve and reserve for outstanding claims. Each of these risks is handled by an individual risk management department in order to respond to them appropriately. Individual risk management departments collaborate with the departments

concerned, including business departments, and implement management according to the characteristics of each risk through the basic processes of risk identification, assessment, monitoring, and control.

ERM-based Business Operation (Risk Appetite Framework)

The Company has put in place a risk appetite framework as part of ERM to improve profitability while maintaining financial soundness through appropriate management of the Group's capital, returns, and risks.

Risk Appetite Framework



In the risk appetite framework, the policies on risk-taking of the entire Group and of each business are articulated as the risk appetite statement, and based on these policies the business plan (including the risk-return plan based on capital allocation) of the entire Group and of each site and each business is formulated. Business is executed based on the plan, and business results, the outcome of the business execution, are assessed and analyzed periodically (including risk-return assessment

and analysis based on capital allocation). The results of the assessment and analysis of business results are reflected in subsequent formulation of policies and plans. By repeating this cycle, the Company aims to continuously enhance profitability while maintaining strong financial soundness.

Basic Policy on Internal Controls

The Company shall establish systems to ensure appropriateness of the operations ("internal control") of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), as described below, in accordance with the Companies Act and the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act.

System for ensuring compliance of execution of duties by directors and employees with laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation

- (1) The Company shall establish basic compliance policies, action guidelines and compliance rules through the board of directors as the basis for systems ensuring legal compliance in accordance with Toa Re's mission of "Providing Peace of Mind."
- (2) The Company shall establish the Compliance Committee chaired by the president and composed of committee members, including an external lawyer. In addition, the Company shall appoint department managers as compliance officers and establish the Compliance Steering Committee composed of such officers. The Compliance Committee shall be responsible for corporate-wide promotion of compliance and formulation of measures for ensuring effectiveness of compliance systems, and the Compliance Steering Committee shall be responsible for promotion and implementation of compliance.
- (3) The Company shall establish the Internal Audit Department independent of organizations subject to internal audit and shall establish the Compliance Department as an organization responsible for supervising compliance.
- (4) In the event that officer or employee of the Company detects inappropriate conduct, he/she shall follow the prescribed reporting procedures based on the compliance rules. Moreover, the Company shall establish a contact to consult and report any breach of laws and regulations in accordance with the Whistleblowing Rules.
- (5) The Company shall, through the board of directors, formulate a compliance program, which is an annual action program concerning compliance, and shall execute compliance education and other compliance activities in accordance with such program.
- (6) In the event that any breach of laws and regulations and/or the Articles of Incorporation, significant unjustifiable conduct, or any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company is detected concerning the Group's operations, the directors and the chief audit executive of the Company shall report such fact to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. When an Audit & Supervisory Board Member receives a report of such fact or detects such fact by himself/herself, he/she shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Board, and, after consultation, report to the board of directors or provide proposals, advice or recommendations to directors for remediation, as necessary. The board of directors or the director in question shall report back to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members on progress in addressing the matter cited by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(7) The Company shall firmly and systematically deal with antisocial forces that are a threat to public order and security in cooperation with lawyers, law enforcement agencies, and other relevant institutions. The Company shall have no relationship and no transactions (including those through affiliates) with any antisocial force and shall not engage in any surreptitious deal therewith or provision of funds thereto.

2. System governing the storage and management of information relating to the execution of duties by directors

The Company shall retain and store the information relating to the execution of duties by directors, either in writing or in electromagnetic record, in accordance with the document management rules determined by the board of directors. Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall have access to these documents whenever they so desire.

3. Rules and other systems governing management of risk of losses

- (1) The Company shall establish ERM Rules in order to appropriately manage risk associated with the Group's business operation.
- (2) In accordance with the rules mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall put in place a structure for implementation of appropriate risk management of the entire Group, including establishment of a department for integrated risk management and departments responsible for individual risk categories and determining of necessary procedures. The Management Planning Department shall report the situation regarding risk and risk management of the entire Group to the board of directors.
- (3) The Internal Audit Department of the Company shall formulate the internal audit plan in accordance with the internal audit charter and perform internal audits concerning the situation of risk management in each risk control department. An officer responsible for the Internal Audit Department shall report the results of internal audits to the executive management committee and to the board of directors.

4. System for ensuring efficient execution of duties by directors

- (1) As the basis for the system for ensuring efficient execution of duties by directors, the Company shall hold meetings of the board of directors periodically in accordance with the regulations of the board of directors and, as necessary, extraordinarily.
- (2) Regarding significant matters concerning management policies and management strategies, the

- Company shall discuss them at the executive management committee, which meets periodically in accordance with the executive management committee rules, and a decision on such matters shall be made by the board of directors, reflecting the deliberation at the executive management committee.
- (3) The Company shall, through the board of directors, decide persons in charge of execution of operations and their responsibilities to be specified in the internal rules
- (4) The Company shall formulate a corporate business plan to be shared by directors and employees in accordance with the above-mentioned decision-making structure and communicate it to all officers and employees by means of internal management meetings held semiannually, etc.
- (5) The Company shall, through the board of directors, periodically review the results of each department's activities for achievement of targets in accordance with the business plan described in the preceding paragraph and shall establish a system that contributes to enhancement of operating efficiency throughout the Company by promoting continuous improvement, including utilization of IT contributing to enhancement of operating efficiency, and removal or reduction of factors impeding efficiency enhancement.

5. System for ensuring the appropriateness of operations throughout the Group

- (1) The Company shall appoint officers responsible for business segments of the Group, who will have authority and responsibility for establishing systems for ensuring the appropriateness of operations, including the compliance structure. Such officers shall report to the board of directors periodically concerning the situation regarding operation of each segment and the status of risk management.
- (2) The Company shall have its subsidiaries report their business result, financial conditions, and other important information to the Company periodically, depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group, in accordance with the internal rules and guidelines, etc.
- (3) The Company shall have its subsidiaries report matters discussed at their important meetings to the Company, depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group.
- (4) The Company shall formulate the entire Group's midterm business plan based on the size and the importance of the subsidiaries to the Group. In addition, the Company shall determine the Group's priority management objectives and business plans, etc. for each business year and share them with the subsidiaries. The Company shall, through the board of directors, periodically review the results of activities for achievement of those objectives and plans, etc.
- (5) In case of a compliance violation at any of its subsidiaries, the Company shall have such subsidiary report on such violation to the Company.

(6) To ensure the appropriateness of operations of the subsidiaries, the Company shall have the relevant organizations at the head office execute ongoing management concerning operations of the subsidiaries and shall conduct internal audits of the subsidiaries depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group.

6. System for ensuring the reliability of the financial reporting

The Company shall establish a system necessary for ensuring the appropriateness and reliability of the financial reporting of the entire Group in accordance with the rule of internal control over financial reporting.

- 7. Matters concerning employees who provide assistance to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the independence of such employees from directors
- (1) In the case where an Audit & Supervisory Board Member requests to appoint employees which provide assistance to them, the Company shall appoint such employees and obtain consent from the Audit & Supervisory Board Member. When such employees perform operations of the Audit & Supervisory Board, they shall follow instructions and orders from the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. Regarding such instructions and orders, the employees shall not be subject to instructions and orders from the board of directors or directors, etc.
- (2) In making decisions on personnel transfers and evaluations, and disciplinary action, etc. concerning such employees, the Company shall obtain consent from the full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

8. System for reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors

- System for reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors and employees of the Company
 - a. In the event that any breach of laws or regulations and/or the Articles of Incorporation, significant unjustifiable conduct, or any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company is detected concerning the Group's operations, our directors shall report such fact to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
 - b. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company shall have access to major managerial decision documents, reports and other significant documents concerning execution of operations and shall have the right to request directors or other personnel to provide a report and/or explanation, as necessary.
 - c. The Internal Audit Department of the Company shall refer the internal audit plan, reports on the

results of internal audits, and other documentation to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members in accordance with the internal audit charter. In addition, the Internal Audit Department shall cooperate with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members through those activities.

- (2) System for reporting to the Company's Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors, auditors, and employees who execute operations of the subsidiaries, and those who received report from them
 - a. The Group's officers and employees shall make a report in a prompt and appropriate manner when they are required by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company to report on matters concerning the execution of operations.
 - b. In the event that an officer or an employee of the Group detects any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company or its subsidiaries, such as breach of laws and regulations, he/she shall promptly perform the prescribed reporting procedures in accordance with the related rules and shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company under the prescribed system.
 - c. The Internal Audit Department, the Compliance Department, and the department for risk management of the subsidiaries, etc. of the Company shall report the status of internal audits, compliance, and risk management, etc. of the Group to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in a timely manner.
 - d. The department for management of whistle-blowing shall report the status of whistle-blowing from officers and employees of the Group to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in a timely manner.
- (3) The rules of the Group specify that officers and employees of the Group may blow the whistle to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company. In addition, dismissal or other unfavorable treatment due to such whistle-blowing shall be prohibited.
- 9. Matters concerning policies on the handling of expenses or debts resulting from the execution of the duties by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including procedures for the advance payment or indemnification of expenses, etc.
- (1) If the Audit & Supervisory Board Members make requests to the Company for the advance payment of expenses, etc. with respect to the execution of their duties in accordance with the Companies Act, the Company shall have the relevant departments discuss such request, and except in cases where it proves that the expense or debt relating to such request is not necessary for the execution of the duties by such Audit & Supervisory Board Members, it shall pay such expense or debt promptly.

- (2) If the Audit & Supervisory Board requests the hiring of its own outside experts (lawyer, certified public accountant, etc.) who will serve as advisors to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company shall bear the expenses except in cases where it proves that such hiring is not necessary for the execution of the duties by such Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- (3) In order to pay expenses, etc. resulting from the execution of the duties by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company shall set a certain amount of budget every year.

10. Other systems for ensuring effective audits by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall attend meetings of the board of directors and have the right to attend Executive Management Committee and the other important meetings and committees, and express their opinions.

Initiatives for Clients

Toa Re holds various reinsurance seminars and workshops in Japan and overseas to improve communication and share knowledge with our clients.

STEP

Every year, Toa Re holds STEP (Seminar of the Toa Elementary Program), a seminar for junior staff working in direct non-life insurance companies in Japan (generally, with less than one year of experience). As the STEP curriculum incorporates straightforward explanations of fundamental principles of reinsurance and practices, it is appreciated by participating companies as valuable training of practical benefit in business.



STEP

STEP LIFE

Every year, Toa Re holds STEP LIFE, a basic training program on medical underwriting, mainly for junior underwriters of domestic companies who have 1 to 2 years of experience in underwriting of new policy.

In fiscal 2024, with 40 people from 18 companies taking part, we held this program in an in-person format in September for the first time in 5 years, the last being in 2019.

We consider it important to share our knowledge of the disease and practical way of thinking in underwriting with our clients not only as a client service but also as an initiative that will contribute to the development of the underwriting skill in Japan.

We intend to continue to offer STEP LIFE while progressively enriching its content.



STEP LIFE

Non-life Insurance and Reinsurance Seminars

As a service to our clients, Toa Re holds various seminars to meet market needs. Our seminars are highly appreciated by the clients.

We will continue to hold various seminars and other events that meet the needs of the non-life insurance and reinsurance industries, thereby further deepening our friendly relationships with clients while contributing to the sound development of the reinsurance industry.



Seminar

Life Insurance and Reinsurance Seminars

As a service to our clients, Toa Re holds various seminars to meet the needs of individual companies.

In December of fiscal 2024, we held a training session for medical underwriters for domestic clients.

The session included both onsite group session and online streaming, and was highly appreciated by our clients. We saw a total of 166 participants from 34 companies take part, including those who viewed the archived stream on different days.

We will continue to hold various seminars and other events that meet the needs of the life insurance and reinsurance industries, thereby further deepening our friendly relationships with clients while contributing to the sound development of the reinsurance industry.



Seminar on medical underwriting

Seminars for Co-operative Insurers (regulated Kyosai) and Small Amount and Short Term Insurers

Toa Re holds various seminars for co-operative insurers and small amount and short term insurers in order to enhance client services.

In addition to seminars on reinsurance, seminars on product development, and seminars on regulations, we hold various seminars in response to clients' requests. Our seminars are highly appreciated by the participants. We intend to continue providing such seminars to contribute clients' business development.



Reinsurance seminar

Initiatives for Shareholders

Toa Re continues to build a stable management-base as a strategic objective. A major part of this effort focuses on reinforcing the solid relationships we have with our shareholders.

We are stepping up our investor relations activities. For example, we meet with our shareholders before and/or after our Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to report on the closing of our financial accounts. Furthermore, we make every effort to respond quickly to inquiries from our shareholders. In this way, we hope to build on the long-term relationships of trust we enjoy with our shareholders. (The latest Consolidated Financial Statements are available on our corporate website. https://www.toare.co.jp/english/)

WEB SITE https://www.toare.co.jp/english/



Compliance

In the non-life insurance industry, which is an important element of public infrastructure, companies are required to comply with laws and regulations and demonstrate high ethical standards in every aspect of their professional conduct. The business of Toa Re, the only fullline comprehensive reinsurance company headquartered in Japan, is based on globally accepted, free and fair business practices, and moreover, on strict compliance with the laws and regulations and the high ethical standards that constitute the essential foundation for those practices. Our company has never received any administrative order.

1. Basic Compliance Policy

With the aim of putting into practice our Mission Statement of "Providing Peace of Mind," Toa Re has set forth "Basic Compliance Policy" so that all personnel implement compliance and promoted compliance activities.

2. Compliance Structure

(1) Compliance Structure

The Company has established the Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president and whose members include an external lawyer. In addition, the Company has established the Compliance Steering Committee comprising department managers who are appointed as compliance officers. Each department assigns a person to serve as a compliance supervisor, in order to promote compliance activities as a whole organization. Also, putting in place similar systems at overseas branches and subsidiaries, the Company is striving to strengthen compliance throughout the Group.

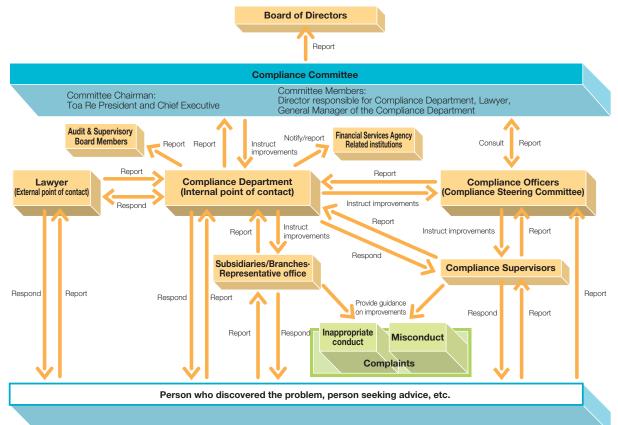
(2) Compliance Program

Each fiscal year, the Board of Directors establishes the Compliance Program, a concrete compliance implementation plan, and on the basis of the program the Company conducts education and training and engages in other compliance activities.

(3) Whistle-blower system

The Company has established internal and external points of contact for employees etc. to report or seek consultation and advice about any unlawful conduct in the Toa Re Group. The Company has put in place a system for reporting to the Compliance Committee, the Board of Directors, and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to enable swift implementation of corrective measures. The Company has also put in place a system to ensure reporting to the supervisory agency if a matter reported is deemed unlawful.

Compliance Reporting Structure



Basic Compliance Policy

The Toa Reinsurance Group positions compliance at the core of all business activities, and we have set forth this policy so that all personnel remain aware of the Toa Reinsurance Group's social responsibility and implement compliance on a daily basis.

1. Purpose of activities

With the aim of putting into practice our Mission Statement of "Providing Peace of Mind," comply with laws and regulations and carry on fair and honest business activities in accordance with societal norms and corporate ethics.

2. Compliance promotion structure

- (1) Establish a compliance function (hereinafter "Compliance Department") within the head office that will promote compliance activities and provide centralized management of compliance-related matters.
- (2) Formulate compliance-related policies and rules and, via the Compliance Department, promote full knowledge and observance of those policies and rules among all the personnel of the group.
- (3) Carry out regular training and monitoring to fully develop a compliance-oriented corporate culture.
- (4) Put in place a reporting and consultation system for compliance-related problems and endeavor to ensure early detection and correction.

3. Code of Conduct

For the practical implementation of this policy as a group, the following Code of Conduct has been defined.

- (1) Conformity to laws, regulations, and ethical standards For the execution of fair and honest corporate activities, conform to all laws and regulations and act in accordance with ethical standards.
- (2) Free and fair competition

 Always be aware of the great importance of the
 - Always be aware of the great importance of the social responsibility of the reinsurance industry, and carry out sound management based on fairness, transparency, and free competition.
- (3) Prohibition of conflicts of interest

 So as not to unfairly damage customer interests, manage transactions where there is a danger of a conflict of interest.
- (4) Prohibition of insider trading

 Do not trade a company's stock etc. using information that has not been made public, and do not advise such trading by communicating such information to another person.
- (5) Protection of intellectual property

 Respect the intellectual property possessed by others and take care not to infringe upon it.
- (6) Handling of antisocial forcesTake a firm approach to antisocial forces that are a threat to the order and safety of society.

(7) Anti-Money Laundering / Countering the Financing of Terrorism Endeavor to ensure that our group products and services are not used to transfer the proceeds of crime, to supply funds to terrorists, or to provide funds for the dissemination of weapons of mass destruction.

(8) Prohibition of bribery

Do not provide or accept gifts, entertainment, or other benefits that are inappropriate or that exceed the scope of socially accepted practices.

(9) Communication with society and disclosure of company information Maintain wide-ranging communication with shareholders as well as other members of society, actively and fairly disclose company information, and strive to properly manage information.

(10) Social contributions activities

Actively engage in social contribution activities as a good corporate citizen.

(11) Respect for human rights

Respect basic human rights and refuse to accept any discrimination based on race, nationality, gender, age, physical differences, etc.

(12) Protection of the global environment

Recognizing that measures for the protection of the global environment are indispensable for the existence and functioning of a company, actively and voluntarily take action aimed at the realization of a sustainable society.

(13) Conscientious action

To ensure that our group corporate value and our stakeholders' interests are not damaged or infringed upon, act in a conscientious manner based on a strong sense of ethics and with decency as a member of society.

(14) Protection of company assets

Use company assets only for business activities and ensure that they are not damaged.

(15) Information management

Personal information and other confidential information that is acquired in conjunction with work is to be handled appropriately based on laws, regulations, etc.

(16) Reporting and consultations

If you notice an unethical act or an act which violates a law, regulation, etc.; report to and consult with your supervisor or the Whistleblowing system without delay. The company will not allow such reporting and consultation to result in disadvantageous treatment or retaliatory acts with respect to personnel who engaged in the reporting and consultation or personnel who cooperated with the subsequent investigation.

(17) Pursuit of best practices

Going beyond the guidelines stated here, pursue best practices at every opportunity.

Information Security Policy

The Toa Re Group works to manage and protect information assets appropriately by ensuring that all staff members comply with the "Information Security Policy" presented as below.

Information Security Policy

1. Fundamental Concept and Purpose

The Toa Reinsurance Group (the "Group") recognizes that one of its top priorities in business administration is to appropriately manage and protect its information assets to live up to the trust of our clients and society toward fulfilling the Mission Statement of "Providing Peace of Mind."

Based on this recognition, the Group establishes this Policy as its highest-level basic policy for information security for the purpose of protecting the information assets it holds from risks such as leakage, tampering, theft, and loss. The Group will regularly review this Policy to maintain the appropriate management and protection of its information assets.

2. Definition of Information Assets

"Information assets" mean all the information held and managed by the Group, including information on clients and the Group's officers and employees, as well as devices and equipment used to handle such information.

3. Risks to Information Assets

The Group recognizes that there are three types of threats (risks) to information assets.

- Technological threats: The threat (risk) that information assets may be leaked out, destroyed, or tampered with through programs or systems
- Human threats: The threat (risk) that information assets may be leaked out, lost, or tampered with by people
- Physical threats: The threat (risk) that systems may be physically damaged

4. Management Structure and Compliance System

Recognizing the risks to information assets, the Group will establish internal regulations that address these risks to prevent them from materializing, minimize the potential impact from materialized risks, and expedite recovery from such impact. The Group will appropriately manage and deal with these regulations by placing them under the responsibility of the officer of the department in charge of each regulation (or the officer in charge of subsidiary operations if negotiations, adjustments, and other activities related to regulations established by a subsidiary are involved).

To ensure the protection of information assets it holds and manages, the Group will also strive to improve information security literacy among its officers and employees through education and awareness activities. When outsourcing operations to external parties, the Group will establish a structure through which it verifies the appropriate implementation of the outsourced operations.

5. Basic Principles of Action for Officers and Employees

The Group's officers and employees shall understand the importance of information assets and comply with the relevant laws and regulations, and the Group's policies and regulations, including those for the appropriate handling and security management of information assets. The Group's officers and employees shall not use information assets for private purposes.

Declaration of Protection of Personal Data

Compliance with the Act on the Protection of Personal Information

The Company considers the management of information assets such as customer information, company information, and information systems to be an important management task.

Furthermore, in light of the importance of personal information protection, the Company has established the Privacy Policy presented below. The Company has also put in place internal regulations, including the Personal Information Handling Rules, and is working to ensure the proper use and secure management of personal information.

Privacy Policy

The Toa Reinsurance Company's Handling of the Protection of Personal Information

In light of the importance of protecting private information and to increase public trust in the non-life insurance industry, we, Toa Re, shall comply with the "Act on the Protection of Personal Information (Personal Information Protection Act)," the "Act on the Use of Numbers to Identify a Specific Individual in the Administrative Procedure (Numbers Act)," and other relevant laws, ordinances and guidelines, and the "Guidelines Concerning the Protection of Personal Information in General Insurance Companies" regulated by The General Insurance Association of Japan. The Company ensures that personal information obtained from other insurance companies and other sources is properly used and managed, and implement appropriate measures for the secure management of personal information in accordance with the business guidelines of the Financial Services Agency and The General Insurance Association of Japan.

The Company will conduct education and training for its employees so as to ensure that personal information is handled properly. The Company will also continuously work to improve the handling of personal information by, from time to time, reviewing and improving the handling of personal information, and implement appropriate measures to ensure that personal information is securely handled.

- * Please refer to "Section 1 Handling of Personal Information" listed below for details regarding the handling of personal information other than the specific personal information.
- * Please refer to "Section 2 Handling of Specific Personal Information" listed below for details regarding the handling of specific personal information.

Section 1 Handling of Personal Information

1. Acquisition and Use of Personal Information

- (1) The Company collects and uses personal information in a lawful and proper manner to the extent necessary for the conduct of business.
- (2) The Company collects personal information through individuals' contract data, accounts, schedules, and other documentation provided by other insurance companies.

2. Purposes of Use of Personal Information

The Company receives personal information from other insurance companies to the extent necessary for the purposes of use described below in order to contribute to the management stability and the expansion of the scope of underwriting of other insurance companies through reinsurance. The Company may modify a purpose of use described below only to the extent reasonably deemed to have relevance to the original purpose of use. In such cases, the Company will officially announce the details of the modification on its website or by other means. The Company will not use personal information for any other purpose.

- Reinsurance contract underwriting examinations
- The execution of reinsurance contracts or the provision of incidental services
- Payment of reinsurance claims
- The maintenance or management of reinsurance contracts
- Other matters incidental to the Company's business (Company-sponsored seminars, etc.)

3. Items of Personal Information Collected

The personal information collected is information necessary for the conclusion of reinsurance contracts or the payment of reinsurance claims, which includes name, date of birth, gender, address, phone number and the details of insurance contracts.

4. Provision of Personal Information to Third Parties and Collection of Personal Information from Third Parties

- (1) The Company shall not provide personal data it has collected to any third party (including any party in a foreign country) except in accordance with laws or ordinances.
 - The Company shall not collect personal information from third parties for any reason other than those stated in 2. Purposes of Use of Personal Information above.
- (2) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, in the case of providing personal information to a third party, the Company shall record matters concerning such provision (date, the identity of the third party receiving the personal information from the Company, the type of personal information provided, etc.), and in the case of collecting personal information from a third party (including the case where information concerning individuals is collected as personal data), the Company shall check and record matters concerning such collection(date, the identity of the third party providing the personal information to the Company, the type of personal information collected, how the third party providing the personal information to the Company collected such information, etc.).

5. Provision to a third party of information concerning individuals

- (1) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, when the Company assumes that a third party is collecting information concerning individuals as personal data, the Company will not provide the subject data without first confirming that the third party has obtained from the subject persons agreement that the subject information be collected.
- (2) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, in the case of providing information concerning individuals to a third party based on the confirmation in (1) above, the Company shall check and record matters concerning such provision (date, the identity of the third party receiving the information from the Company, the type of information concerning individuals provided, how the third party obtained the agreement of the subject persons, etc.).

6. Outsourcing of Handling of Personal Data

When outsourcing the handling of personal data to external institutions within the scope necessary for achievement of the purposes of use, the Company applies criteria for selection of institutions to which the handling is to be outsourced, checks in advance the information management systems of the institutions, and carries out necessary supervision of the institutions, including monitoring of the institutions' business execution after outsourcing of handling of personal data.

7. Handling of Credit Information

In accordance with the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act, the Company will not use information provided by any credit information organization (which means any organization that collects information regarding individuals' ability to repay debts and provides such information to the Company) regarding individuals' ability to repay debts for any purposes other than investigating the individuals' ability to repay debts.

8. Handling of Sensitive Information

The Company shall not collect, use, or provide to any third party any personal information whose handling requires special consideration specified by the Act on the Protection of Personal Information or any personal information regarding membership in a labor union, ancestry, domicile by birth, healthcare or sexual life (excluding information that is made open to the public by the individual, a government organization, a local government, an academic research institutes, a person described in each item of Article 57, Paragraph 1 of the Act on the Protection of Personal Information or a person described in each item of the Enforcement Regulations, or obvious information from an external form obtained by observation of the individual or capturing the image of the individual; hereinafter "sensitive information") unless the party falls under the following conditions.

- With the consent of the person, when sensitive information is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of ensuring proper business execution or operation of the insurance business
- When sensitive information is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of execution of business including payment of insurance claims where inheritance procedures are involved
- When sensitive information of the employee who is affiliated or associated with organizations including political or religious organizations or labor union is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of execution of receipt of insurance premiums, etc.
- Cases in accordance with laws and ordinances
- When it is necessary for the protection of the life, body, or property of an individual
- Cases in which the handling of personal information is specially necessary for improving public health or promoting the sound growth of children
- When it is necessary for the execution of affairs in accordance with laws and ordinances by the national government or local government, or any parties entrusted by the above units
- When it is for academic research purposes

9. Notification, Disclosure, Correction, or Cessation of Use of Personal Data in Accordance with the Personal Information Protection Act

The Company responds appropriately and promptly when it receives requests for notification, disclosure, correction, or cessation of use of personal data. Please refer to the contact information below. The Company performs a procedure by which it has the requesting party fill in its prescribed form and confirms that the requesting party is the subject person, and then it provides a response at a subsequent date. We appreciate your understanding that costs for handling charges may incurred in case of the notification and disclosure of the use of the retained personal data.

10. Summary of Measures to Ensure the Secure Management of Personal Data

The Company has established the Personal Information Handling Regulations and other rules to prevent any divulgence or loss of or damage to personal data handled by the Company and to ensure that personal data is otherwise securely managed and has implemented security measures, including the establishment of a structure for enforcing security management measures based on those rules and regulations. When handling personal information, the Company always implements appropriate measures to ensure personal information is accurate and current. The main content of the Personal Information Handling Regulations is as follows.

- (1) Establishment of a basic policy
 - To ensure the proper handling of personal data, the Company will prepare, and revise as necessary, this declaration concerning compliance with relevant laws, ordinances, and guidelines; matters related to security management measures; contacts for question and complaint processing; etc.
- (2) Establishment of handling regulations for the safe management of personal data

 For each level of collection and input, usage and processing, storage and preservation, transport and
 transmission, deletion and disposal, and other activities; establish, and revise as necessary, regulations
 specifying handling methods, the persons responsible and the persons to do the work, the tasks involved, etc.
 For questions concerning security management measures, please refer to the contact information below.

(3) Monitoring of institutions to which the handling is outsourced
When outsourcing the handling of personal data, establish, and regularly revise, handling regulations for the
outsourcing in order to ensure the selection of an institution which properly handles personal data and to
ensure the implementation of security management measures at the institution.

Section 2 Handling of Specific Personal Information

Specific personal information refers to the personal information including "Individual Number."

1. Acquisition and Use of Specific Personal Information

The Company collects and uses specific personal information in a lawful and proper manner. Unless otherwise stated by laws and ordinances, the request for the provision of specific personal information is prohibited.

2. Extent of Use of Specific Personal Information

The Company uses specific personal information to the extent of use described below in accordance with laws and ordinances. The Company shall not acquire, use or provide to third parties the specific personal information other than the purposes listed below.

- (1) Execution of affairs in accordance with laws and ordinances concerning "Individual Number"

 ①Affairs concerning the preparation of report of payment for remuneration or rewards, distribution of dividends or surplus, interest on funds, real estate charges, acquisition of real estate, etc.
 - ②Affairs including the preparation of withholding record of the income of the employee (including the dependents) and the notification for the unemployment insurance, health insurance and pension insurance
- (2) Under the following conditions in accordance with laws and ordinances
 - When payment of money occurs during severe disasters
 - ②Cases in which the handling of personal information is necessary for the protection of the life, body, or
 property of an individual and in which the consent of the person is obtained or it is difficult to obtain the
 consent of the person

3. Outsourcing of Handling of Specific Personal Information

The Company may outsource part of the affairs concerning "Individual Number" to another business body. When outsourcing the handling of specific personal information, the Company applies criteria for selection of institutions to which the handling is to be outsourced, checks in advance the information management systems of the institutions, and carries out necessary supervision of the institutions.

4. Summary of Measures to Ensure the Secure Management of Specific Personal Information

The Company has implemented sufficient security measures, including the establishment of the handling regulations and the structure for enforcing security management measures to prevent any divulgence or loss of or damage to specific personal information handled by the Company and to ensure that specific personal information is otherwise securely managed. The main content of the Specific Personal Information Handling Regulations is as follows.

- (1) Establishment of a basic policy

 To ensure the proper handling of personal data, the Company will prepare, and revise as necessary, this declaration concerning compliance with relevant laws, ordinances, and guidelines; matters related to security management measures; contacts for question and complaint processing; etc.
- (2) Establishment of handling regulations for the safe management of personal data

 For each level of collection and input, usage and processing, storage and preservation, transport and
 transmission, deletion and disposal, and other activities; establish, and revise as necessary, regulations
 specifying handling methods, the persons responsible and the persons to do the work, the tasks involved, etc.
 For questions concerning security management measures, please refer to the contact information below.

(3) Monitoring of institutions to which the handling is outsourced
When outsourcing the handling of personal data, establish, and regularly revise, handling regulations for the
outsourcing in order to ensure the selection of an institution which properly handles personal data and to
ensure the implementation of security management measures at the institution.

Section 3 The Collection, Usage, and Provision of Information Linked to Identifiers (with Cookies, etc.)

Cookies are text format information that is sent by the website and stored by the web browser when a website is viewed. A web beacon is a mechanism by which a small image embedded in a webpage or email is used to trigger the sending of information when the user views that page or email. The websites operated by the Company utilize cookies, web beacons, and other similar technologies (hereinafter referred to collectively as "Cookies") in order to store and use customer information. The Company uses Google Analytics (provided by Google Inc.) as a service capable of statistically gathering and analyzing the identifiers stored in Cookies. Please see the sites below for the privacy policy of services provided by Google and for information on Google Analytics' collection and handling of information using cookies.

Customers are able to opt out of Google Analytics using a browser add-on for opt-out use.

Google Analytics

Collection and handling of information by cookies in the services provided by Google. https://policies.google.com/technologies/partner-sites?hl=en

Privacy policy of services provided by Google https://policies.google.com/privacy?hl=en

To opt out of Google Analytics https://tools.google.com/dlpage/gaoptout?hl=en

Section 4 General Inquiry

Please contact us by using the following information for the inquiries, counseling and complaints concerning the handling of personal information (including specific personal information described above) as well as for the notification of the purpose of use, etc.

<Contacts>

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited

Compliance Department

Contact for Personal Information

Tel: 03-3253-3309

(Operation hours: 9:30a.m. - 5:00p.m. Closed on Sat., Sun., Public Holidays, the Year-end and New Year Holidays)

The Company is a member of The General Insurance Association of Japan, an authorized personal information protection organization. The Association handles inquiries and complaints concerning the handling of personal information of the affiliated companies.

<Contacts>

The General Insurance Association of Japan, General Insurance ADR Center (General Insurance Counseling and ADR Center)

Address: 7/F WATERRAS ANNEX, 2-105 Kanda-awajicho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 101-0063

Tel: 03-3255-1470

(Operation hours: 9:00a.m. - 5:00p.m. Closed on Sat., Sun., Public Holidays, the Year-end and New Year Holidays)

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Website: https://www.sonpo.or.jp/en/

Review of Operations

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited, and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

Underwriting Income and Expenses

Underwriting income for the consolidated fiscal year increased ¥3,184 million year on year to ¥299,388 million, mainly owing to an increase in reversal of outstanding claims. Meanwhile, underwriting expenses for the consolidated fiscal year decreased ¥3,806 million year on year to ¥284,277 million, mainly because net claims paid decreased. As a result, underwriting income after deducting underwriting expenses for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to ¥15,110 million, an increase of ¥6,991 million year on year.

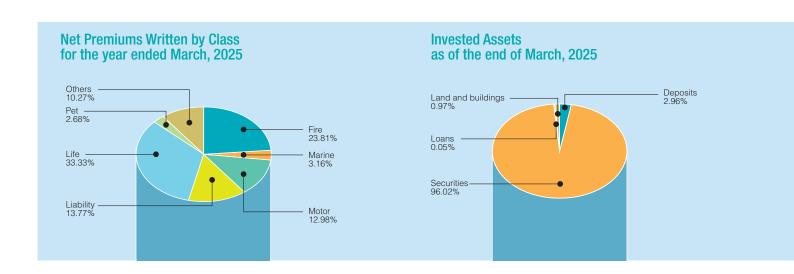
Investment Income and Expenses

Investment income for the consolidated fiscal year increased ¥10,178 million year on year to ¥42,812 million, mainly owing to an increase in interest and dividend income. Meanwhile, investment expenses decreased ¥3,015 million year on year to ¥1,688 million, mainly owing to a decrease in other investment expenses. As a result, investment income after deducting investment expenses

for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to ¥41,124 million, an increase of ¥13,193 million year on year. The return on investment (income yield) increased 0.33 percentage points to 4.30%.

Ordinary Profit/Loss

Ordinary profit/loss is calculated by deducting underwriting, investment, operating and general administrative expenses, and other ordinary expenses from underwriting, investment, and other ordinary income. For the consolidated fiscal year, ordinary income amounted to ¥37,813 million, an increase of ¥16,615 million year on year. After accounting for extraordinary income, extraordinary loss, current and deferred income taxes, net income attributable to owners of the parent for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to ¥28,475 million, an increase of ¥12,918 million year on year.



Consolidated Summary of Underwriting

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2025	2024	U.S. dollars 2025
Fire			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	¥ 65,687 42,500 64.70%	¥ 65,075 59,331 91.17%	\$ 439,319 284,242
Marine			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	8,723 8,279 94.90%	11,057 8,989 81.30%	58,340 55,370
Motor			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	35,808 21,720 60.66%	32,478 18,403 56.66%	239,486 145,264
Liability			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	37,999 41,853 110.14%	41,782 40,061 95.88%	254,139 279,915
Life			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	91,967 82,048 89.21%	94,242 83,521 88.62%	615,081 548,742
Pet			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	7,393 4,465 60.39%	7,605 4,708 61.91%	49,444 29,862
Others			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	28,312 13,138 46.41%	28,584 14,491 50.70%	189,352 87,867
Total			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	¥275,892 214,006 77.57%	¥280,826 229,507 81.73%	\$1,845,184 1,431,286

Consolidated Summary of Investments

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

Invested Assets	Million	ns of yen	Percentag	ge of total	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
Deposits	¥ 27,376	¥ 29,161	2.49%	2.86%	\$ 183,09
Call loan	_	_	_	_	_
Monetary receivables bought	_	_	_	_	_
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_
Securities	887,940	814,813	80.80	79.77	5,938,60
Loans	500	509	0.05	0.05	3,34
Land and buildings	8,951	9,025	0.81	0.88	59,86
Total	924,768	853,509	84.15	83.56	6,184,91
Total assets	¥1,098,952	¥1,021,441	100.00%	100.00%	\$7,349,86
Securities			5		Thousands of
		ns of yen	Percentaç		U.S. dollars
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
Government bonds Municipal bonds	¥ 17,387 —	¥ 11,082 —	1.96% —	1.36%	\$ 116,285 —
Corporate bonds	171,194	143,373	19.28	17.60	1,144,957
Stocks	208,144	183,703	23.44	22.54	1,392,081
Foreign securities	477,392	465,657	53.76	57.15	3,192,830
Other securities	13,820	10,986	1.56	1.35	92,429
Total	¥887,940	¥814,803	100.00%	100.00%	\$5,938,603
Interest and Dividend Income			Millions 2025	of yen 2024	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Cash in Bank			¥ 475	¥ 246	\$ 3,176
Call loan			_	_	_
Monetary receivables bought			0	0	(
Money held in trust			-		400 400
Securities			28,429	23,724	190,135
Loans			0	1)
Land and buildings			136	142	909
Subtotal			29,042	24,115	194,234
Others			1,433	1,411	9,584
Total			¥30,476	¥25,527	\$203,825
Overseas Investment	Millior	Millions of yen		Percentage of total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	U.S. dollars 2025
Foreign currency					
Foreign bonds	¥422,601	¥388,272	84.53%	79.14%	\$2,826,384
Foreign stocks	1,907	1,896	0.38	0.39	12,754
Others	69,816	93,047	13.97	18.97	466,934
Subtotal	494,324	483,217	98.88	98.50	3,306,072
Yen	434,324	400,217	90.00	30.00	3,300,072
	1 075	2 257	0.39	0.68	12 200
Foreign bonds Others	1,975	3,357 4,023	0.39	0.82	13,208
Subtotal	3,628		1.12	1.50	24,264 37,473
OUDIOIAI	5,603	7,380	1.14	1.00	37,473

¥499,928

¥490,598

100.00%

100.00%

\$3,343,552

Total

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheet

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries As of 31st March 2025 and 2024

SSETS	Million	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Assets			
Cash and deposits	¥ 27,376	¥ 29,161	\$ 183,0
Securities (Notes 4(2) and (4))	887,940	814,813	5,938,6
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	509	
Loans (Note 4 (3))	500	509	3,3
Tangible fixed assets (Note 4 (1))	0 =04	0.007	44.0
Land	6,701	6,667	44,8
Buildings	2,250	2,357	15,0
Leased assets	104	73	6
Other tangible fixed assets	757	786	5,0
	9,813	9,885	65,6
ntangible fixed assets	-		
Software	168	351	1,1
Software in progress	223	51	1,4
Other intangible fixed assets	1	1	•,•
Other intaligible liked assets	393	405	2,6
Other assets	393	400	2,0
	110 540	107.000	750.0
Foreign reinsurance accounts receivable	112,540	107,669	752,6
Rest of other assets	46,732	45,038	312,5
	159,273	152,707	1,065,2
Deferred tax assets	14,545	15,129	97,2
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(890)	(1,170)	(5,9
Total assets	¥1,098,952	¥1,021,441	\$7,349,8
		ns of ven	U.S. dollars
IABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		ns of yen 2024	
	Million		U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
Liabilities	Million		U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
Liabilities Underwriting funds	Million 2025	2024	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims	2025 ¥ 395,302	2024 ¥ 393,160	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation	Xillion 2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities	¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities	Xillion 2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets	Xillion 2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity	* 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 — 758,956	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8 80,8 33,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 — 758,956	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 — 758,956 5,000 335 164,583	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8 80,8 5,075,9
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus	2025 # 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885)	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8 80,8 5,075,9
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 — 758,956 5,000 335 164,583	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 6 80,8 80,8 5,075,9
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income	2025 # 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885)	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock	2025 # 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885)	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885) 166,033 114,096	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737 106,129	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885) 166,033 114,096 59,874	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737 106,129 46,159	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 5,075,9 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	2025 # 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885) 166,033 114,096 59,874 (8)	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737 106,129 46,159 (1,367)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2025 ¥ 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885) 166,033 114,096 59,874 (8) 173,962	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737 106,129 46,159 (1,367) 150,921	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2025 \$2,643,8 1,866,8 4,510,6 432,1 51,6 80,8 80,8 33,4 2,2 1,100,7 (25,9 1,110,4 763,0 400,4 (1,163,4
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments	2025 # 395,302 279,130 674,432 64,622 7,716 99 12,084 12,084 12,084 758,956 5,000 335 164,583 (3,885) 166,033 114,096 59,874 (8)	2024 ¥ 393,160 254,730 647,891 63,120 8,661 104 11,782 11,782 223 731,783 5,000 335 137,286 (3,885) 138,737 106,129 46,159 (1,367)	(Note 1(2))

Consolidated Statement of Income

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

	Millior	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Ordinary income and expenses:			
Ordinary income			
Underwriting income			
Net premiums written	¥275,892	¥280,826	\$1,845,18
Investment income on deposit premiums	308	275	2,05
Reversal of outstanding claims	23,178	9,516	155,01
Other underwriting income	8	5,585	5
	299,388	296,203	2,002,32
Investment income			
Interest and dividends income	30,476	25,527	203,82
Gain on trading securities	3,148	1,315	21,05
Gain on sales of securities	7,652	5,807	51,17
Gain on redemption of securities	122	117	81
Gain on derivatives	_	134	_
Other investment income	1,722	7	11,51
Transfer of investment income on deposit premiums	(308)	(275)	(2,05
	42,812	32,634	286,32
Other ordinary income	242	232	1,61
•	342,443	329,071	2,290,28
Ordinary expenses	•	,	
Underwriting expenses			
Net claims paid	214,006	229,507	1,431,28
Commissions and brokerage (Note 5(1))	49,199	54,488	329,04
Provision for underwriting reserves	19,488	2,918	130,33
Other underwriting expenses	1,583	1,170	10,58
3 - p	284,277	288,084	1,901,26
Investment expenses			-,,
Loss on sales of securities	797	1,077	5,33
Impairment losses on securities	_	13	_
Loss on redemption of securities	469	311	3,13
Loss on derivatives	417	_	2,78
Other investment expenses	3	3,301	2,15
	1,688	4,703	11,28
Operating and general administrative expenses (Note 5 (1))	18,060	15,047	120,78
Other ordinary expenses	,	,	,
Interest expenses	0	0	
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts	40	1	26
Other expenses	562	35	3,75
	603	37	4,03
		307,873	2,037,38
	304,630	JU/ 8/J	Z.II.3730

	Million	is of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Extraordinary income and loss:			
Extraordinary income			
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	¥ 7	¥ 136	\$ 46
Other extraordinary income	1	_	6
	9	136	60
Extraordinary loss			
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	3	22	20
Provision for reserve under the special law			
Provision for reserve for price fluctuation	302	309	2,019
	305	332	2,039
Income before income taxes	37,517	21,002	250,916
Income taxes:			
Current	14,041	9,547	93,907
Deferred	(4,999)	(4,101)	(33,433
	9,041	5,445	60,466
Net income	28,475	15,556	190,442
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	¥28,475	¥15,556	\$190,442

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the year ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Comprehensive income			
Net income	¥28,475	¥15,556	\$190,442
Other comprehensive income			
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	7,966	64,421	53,277
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	13,715	15,389	91,726
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	1,358	(1,297)	9,082
Total other comprehensive income (Note 6(1))	23,040	78,513	154,093
	¥51,516	¥94,070	\$344,542
(Breakdown)			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	¥51,516	¥94,070	\$344,542
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	_	_	_

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

or the year ended 31st March 2025	(Millions of yen)					
			Shareholders' equity			
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity	
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥5,000	¥335	¥137,286	¥(3,885)	¥138,737	
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					_	
Restated balance	5,000	335	137,286	(3,885)	138,737	
Changes during the period						
Dividends from retained earnings			(1,179)		(1,179)	
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			28,475		28,475	
Disposal of treasury stock					_	
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					_	
Total changes during the period	_	_	27,296	_	27,296	
Balance at the end of the period	¥5,000	¥335	¥164,583	¥(3,885)	¥166,033	
- -	Accumulated other comprehensive income				-	
	Net unrealized gains on available-for- sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets	
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥106 129	¥46 159	¥(1 367)	¥150 921	¥289 658	

	Net unrealized gains on available-for- sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥106,129	¥46,159	¥(1,367)	¥150,921	¥289,658
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					_
Restated balance	106,129	46,159	(1,367)	150,921	289,658
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(1,179)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent					28,475
Disposal of treasury stock					_
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	7,966	13,715	1,358	23,040	23,040
Total changes during the period	7,966	13,715	1,358	23,040	50,337
Balance at the end of the period	¥114,096	¥59,874	¥ (8)	¥173,962	¥339,995

(Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)))

		(· · · / ///	
	Shareholders' equity				
_	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$33,440	\$2,240	\$ 918,178	\$(25,983)	\$ 927,882
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					_
Restated balance	33,440	2,240	918,178	(25,983)	927,882
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings			(7,885)		(7,885)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			190,442		190,442
Disposal of treasury stock					_
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during the period	_	_	182,557	_	182,557
Balance at the end of the period	\$33,440	\$2,240	\$1,100,742	\$(25,983)	\$1,110,440

	Ad	ccumulated other c	comprehensive income		
	Net unrealized gains on available-for- sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$709,798	\$308,714	\$(9,142)	\$1,009,369	\$1,937,252
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					_
Restated balance	709,798	308,714	(9,142)	1,009,369	1,937,252
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(7,885)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	:				190,442
Disposal of treasury stock					_
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	53,277	91,726	9,082	154,093	154,093
Total changes during the period	53,277	91,726	9,082	154,093	336,657
Balance at the end of the period	\$763,081	\$400,441	\$ (53)	\$1,163,469	\$2,273,909

For the year ended 31st March 2024

(Millions of yen)

_	Shareholders' equity				
_	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥5,000	¥ 456	¥123,088	¥(4,649)	¥123,895
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(193)		(193)
Restated balance	5,000	456	122,895	(4,649)	123,702
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings			(1,165)		(1,165)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			15,556		15,556
Disposal of treasury stock		(121)		764	643
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during the period	_	(121)	14,391	764	15,035
Balance at the end of the period	¥5,000	¥ 335	¥137,286	¥(3,885)	¥138,737

	A	ccumulated other o	comprehensive income		
	Net unrealized gains on available-for- sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥ 41,708	¥30,769	¥ (70)	¥ 72,407	¥196,303
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					(193)
Restated balance	41,708	30,769	(70)	72,407	196,109
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(1,165)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent					15,556
Disposal of treasury stock					643
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	64,421	15,389	(1,297)	78,513	78,513
Total changes during the period	64,421	15,389	(1,297)	78,513	93,548
Balance at the end of the period	¥106,129	¥46,159	¥(1,367)	¥150,921	¥289,658

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024

	Millio	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Cash flows from operating activities			
Income before income taxes	¥ 37,517	¥ 21,002	\$ 250,916
Depreciation and amortization	608	910	4,066
Increase (decrease) in outstanding claims	(22,616)	(18,956)	(151,257
Increase (decrease) in underwriting reserves	20,962	317	140,19
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(280)	36	(1,872
Increase (decrease) in accrued retirement benefits for directors	(4)	(12)	(20
Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses for employees	1	(4)	
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities	235	(1,191)	1,57
Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuation	302	309	2,019
Interest and dividends income	(30,476)	(25,527)	(203,825
Loss (gain) on securities	(9,652)	(5,837)	(64,55
Interest expenses	0	0	
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(1,805)	4,205	(12,07
Loss (gain) on tangible fixed assets	(4)	(114)	(20
Decrease (increase) in other assets (other than investing and financing activities)	134	14,835	890
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities (other than investing and financing activities)	1,278	3,843	8,547
Others, net	2,248	(512)	15,034
Subtotal	(1,551)	(6,693)	(10,37
Interest and dividends received	32,495	26,770	217,328
Interest paid	(0)	(0)	(0
Income taxes paid	(15,510)	(883)	(103,731
Income taxes refund	294	1,024	1,966
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,727	20,218	105,183
ash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of securities	(191,893)	(147,789)	(1,283,393
Proceeds from sales or redemption of securities	148,405	139,007	992,542
Loans made	(500)		(3,344
Proceeds from collection of loans	509	1	3,404
Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions	(43,478)	(8,780)	(290,783
		11,437	(185,600
	ns (27.751)		(100,000
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction			(1.096
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets	(164)	(203)	
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	(164) 20	(203) 268	133
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets	(164)	(203)	133 (1,110
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(164) 20 (166)	(203) 268 (49)	133 (1,110
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities ash flows from financing activities	(164) 20 (166) (43,789)	(203) 268 (49) (8,765)	(1,110 (292,863
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities ash flows from financing activities Dividends paid	(164) 20 (166) (43,789)	(203) 268 (49) (8,765)	(1,110 (292,863 (7,885
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities ash flows from financing activities Dividends paid Repayment for lease liabilities	(164) 20 (166) (43,789)	(203) 268 (49) (8,765) (1,165) (170)	(1,110 (292,863 (7,885
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities ash flows from financing activities Dividends paid	(164) 20 (166) (43,789)	(203) 268 (49) (8,765)	(1,110 (292,863 (7,885 (815
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction. Purchases of tangible fixed assets. Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets. Purchases of intangible fixed assets. Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities. Eash flows from financing activities. Dividends paid. Repayment for lease liabilities. Proceeds from disposal of treasury stock. Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities.	(164) 20 (166) (43,789) (1,179) (122) ———————————————————————————————————	(203) 268 (49) (8,765) (1,165) (170) 643 (692)	(1,110 (292,863 (7,885 (815 ————————————————————————————————————
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction. Purchases of tangible fixed assets. Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets. Purchases of intangible fixed assets. Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities. Cash flows from financing activities. Dividends paid. Repayment for lease liabilities. Proceeds from disposal of treasury stock. Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities. Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents.	(164) 20 (166) (43,789) (1,179) (122) ———————————————————————————————————	(203) 268 (49) (8,765) (1,165) (170) 643 (692) 7,565	(1,110 (292,863 (7,885 (815 — (8,701 45,057
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transaction Purchases of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets Purchases of intangible fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid Repayment for lease liabilities Proceeds from disposal of treasury stock Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(164) 20 (166) (43,789) (1,179) (122) ———————————————————————————————————	(203) 268 (49) (8,765) (1,165) (170) 643 (692)	(1,096 133 (1,110 (292,863 (7,885 (815 — (8,701 45,057 (151,324 651,658

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Presenting the Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Companies") are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to both application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

The consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Japan.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements incorporate certain reclassifications and rearrangements in order to present them in a form that is more familiar to readers outside Japan.

- (2) Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan. The rate of ¥149.52 = US\$1, the rate of exchange on 31st March 2025, has been used in translation. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that Japanese yen has been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at this rate or any other rate.
- (3) Fractional amounts of less than ¥1 million or \$1 thousand have been rounded down. Accordingly, the totals in yen and US dollars do not necessarily agree with the sum of the individual amounts.

2. Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

- (1) Scope of Consolidation
 - A. Consolidated Subsidiaries

Of the Company's subsidiaries, two subsidiaries are consolidated. The names of the consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

- The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (U.S.A.)
- The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co., Ltd. (Switzerland)
- B. Non-consolidated Subsidiary

The other subsidiary is a small-scale operations, in terms of total assets, ordinary profit (loss), net income (loss) for the year and retained earnings, and is excluded from the scope of consolidation, due to its insignificant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company as a whole. The name of the non-consolidated subsidiary is as follows:

• Sundai Company, Limited.

(2) Application of the Equity Method

Since the effect of the non-consolidated subsidiary on the net income (loss) for the year and the retained earnings is negligible and it is considered immaterial, this company is not accounted for by the equity method.

(3) Fiscal Years of Consolidated Subsidiaries

The fiscal year ends of all consolidated subsidiaries are 31st December. Since the differences in the fiscal year ends do not exceed three months, financial statements as of the fiscal year end of each subsidiary are used in preparing the consolidated financial statements. As for significant transactions occurring between that date and the date of the Company's fiscal year end, necessary adjustments are made upon consolidation.

4) Significant Accounting Policies

- A. Financial Instruments
 - (a) Trading Securities

Trading securities are carried at fair value. Cost of sales is calculated using cost determined by the moving-average method.

(b) Stocks of Non-consolidated Subsidiaries not Accounted for by the Equity Method Stocks of non-consolidated subsidiaries not accounted for by the equity method are recorded at cost determined by the moving-average method.

(c) Available-for-sale Securities

Available-for-sale securities with fair value are carried at fair value based on the prices prevailing in the market on the balance sheet date and others. Unrealized gains or losses, net of tax are included in a separate component of net assets. Cost of sales is calculated using cost determined by the moving-average method. Available-for-sale securities with no market prices are recorded at cost or amortized cost determined by the moving-average method.

(d) Money Held in Trust

Securities held in individually managed money trusts that are mainly invested in securities for trading are carried at fair value.

(e) Derivatives

Derivatives are carried at fair value.

B. Depreciation Method for Fixed Assets

(a) Tangible Fixed Assets (Except for Leased Assets)

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (except for leased assets) held by the Company is calculated by the declining balance method.

However, the depreciation of buildings (except for fixtures attached to buildings) acquired on or after 1st April 1998, and the depreciation of fixtures attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after 1st April 2016, are calculated by the straight-line method.

Depreciation of property and equipment held by consolidated subsidiaries is mainly calculated by the straight-line method.

(b) Intangible Fixed Assets (Except for Leased Assets) Amortization of intangible fixed assets (except for leased assets) is calculated by the straight-line method. Amortization of software for internal use is calculated by the straight-line method over its estimated useful life (5 years).

(c) Leased Assets

Depreciation of leased assets held by the Company with regard to finance leases for which ownership does not transfer to the lessees is calculated by the straight-line method over a period up to the length of the relevant lease contracts with no residual value.

C. Accounting Policies for Major Reserves

(a) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company books an allowance for doubtful accounts, in accordance with the standard for self-assessment of assets and rules for write-offs and provisions, as follows:

- (i) For debts of debtors who are legally or formally bankrupt (due to bankruptcy, special liquidation or suspension of service at clearing houses, etc.) or virtually bankrupt, a reserve is provided based on the amount that remains after anticipated proceeds from the disposal of collateral and the anticipated recovery of debt through guarantees are deducted from the debt balances.
- (ii) For debts of debtors who are likely to become bankrupt, a reserve is provided based on the amount considered to be necessary to cover the amount that remains after anticipated proceeds from the disposal of collateral and the anticipated recovery of debt through guarantees are deducted from the debt balances. This reserve amount is based on an overall judgment regarding the solvency status of each debtor.
- (iii) For debts other than those described above, a reserve is provided for an amount determined by multiplying debt balances by the default rate, which is computed based on historical loan loss experience in certain previous period.

All debts are assessed by each asset management department of the Company in accordance with the standard for self-assessment of assets. The allowance for doubtful accounts mentioned above is computed based on the result of this assessment and rules for write-offs and provisions. These results are audited by the Internal Audit Department which is independent from each department.

(b) Accrued Retirement Benefits for Directors

Accrued retirement benefits for directors are provided on the basis of the estimated amounts to be paid based on internally established rules at the end of the fiscal year.

(c) Reserve for Price Fluctuation

The Company books a reserve for price fluctuation in accordance with Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act to provide for contingent losses caused by price fluctuation on stocks and other investments.

D. Retirement Benefits

(a) Method of Attributing Expected Retirement Benefits to Periods

In calculating retirement benefit obligations, the method of attributing the expected retirement benefits to periods is mainly based on the benefit formula method.

(b) Method for Amortizing Actuarial Differences and Prior Service Cost

The Company fully amortizes actuarial differences in the following fiscal year.

The consolidated subsidiary amortizes prior service costs using the straight-line method over a certain period within the average remaining service period of employees at the time of occurrence (5.8 years).

E. Hedge Accounting

The fair value hedge accounting and the assignment accounting are applied to certain forward foreign exchange contracts utilized to hedge future foreign exchange risk associated with monetary credits and debts, etc. denominated in foreign currencies. Assessment of hedge effectiveness is omitted since the hedge is highly effective because the principal conditions of the hedging instruments and the hedged items are identical, and meets the required conditions to apply the assignment accounting.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows comprise cash on hand, deposits able to be withdrawn on demand and short-term investments such as time deposits with original maturities of three months or less and which have minimal risk of fluctuation in value.

G. Other Significant Accounting Policies Consumption Tax Accounting Treatment

Consumption tax is accounted for separately from the transactions subject to such tax. However, the consumption tax on certain expenses, such as operating and general administrative expenses, is included in those expenses. Non-deductible consumption tax on the purchase of assets is included in "Rest of other assets" and amortized evenly over a period of five years.

H. Accounting Treatments Pertaining to Insurance Contracts With regard to accounting treatments pertaining to insurance contracts, including net premiums written, outstanding claims and underwriting reserves, the Company complies with the provisions of laws and regulations, such as the Insurance Business Act.

3. Significant Accounting Estimates

(1) Deferred Tax Assets

A. Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2025 and 2024:

Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
2025	2024	2025
¥14,545	¥15,129	\$97,277

- B. Information on the details of significant accounting estimates pertaining to identified items
 - (a) Calculation method of estimates and principal assumptions used for calculation

The Company records deferred tax assets by determining the company classification and taking into account the amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences expected against deductible temporary differences, and the schedule for the year in which the deductible temporary differences are anticipated to reverse, on the basis of "Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Guidance No. 26). Deferred tax assets are recorded partly for tax loss carryforwards of consolidated subsidiaries on the basis of anticipated future taxable income.

The estimated amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences and the company classification are based on future forecasts of profit and loss as well as previous fiscal years' performance. The recoverability of deferred tax assets is judged based on the estimated amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences. Net premiums written, net claims paid and provision for outstanding claims, which serve as the principal assumptions of future forecasts of profit and loss, are calculated based on past business results and budgets formulated based on the medium-term management plan. These amounts of estimates in the future forecasts of profit and loss will affect the taxable income in and after the following fiscal year.

(b) Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year

As deferred tax assets are recorded on the basis of forecasts and assumptions of future taxable income, the amount of deferred tax assets recorded could fluctuate in cases where there are changes in judgments of the recoverability of deductible temporary differences or tax loss carryforwards due to actual taxable income and future business results.

(2) Outstanding Claims

A. Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2025 and 2024:

		Thousands of
		U.S. dollars
Millions of yen		(Note 1(2))
2025	2024	2025
 ¥395.302	¥393.160	\$2.643.806

- B. Information on the details of significant accounting estimates pertaining to identified items
 - (a) Calculation method of estimates and principal assumptions used for calculation

Pursuant to the provisions of laws and regulations, such as the Insurance Business Act, with regard to insurance claims, etc. for which the obligation of payment has occurred based on insurance contracts (including those for which suits are pending pertaining to the said payment obligation), but that have not been recorded as expenditures in each accounting period (hereinafter "ordinary outstanding claims"), the cedants, etc. will estimate the amount required for such payment, and the Companies will record the amount based on the written notices on outstanding claims, etc. which reflect the results of estimates made by the cedants, etc. and submitted to the Companies. Likewise, with regard to insurance claims, etc. for which causes for payment specified in insurance contracts are considered to have arisen but no report on the occurrence of such causes for payment have been received (hereinafter "IBNR reserves"), the Companies record the amounts necessary for the said payments, which are rationally calculated by a statistical estimating method on the basis of claims paid, ordinary outstanding claims, etc.

(b) Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year

Outstanding claims could fluctuate from the initial amounts of estimates necessary for the said payments in cases where they are affected by future changes in circumstances such as judicial precedents pertaining to each cause for payment, revisions of laws and regulations and fluctuations in exchange rates. In addition, IBNR reserves could fluctuate in or after the following fiscal year since it is calculated using a statistical estimating method.

- (c) Accounting Standards and Guidance Issued but not yet Effective
 - Accounting Standard for Leases (ASBJ Statement No. 34, 13th September 2024)
 - Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Leases (ASBJ Guidance No. 33, 13th September 2024)

Other amendments to related Accounting Standards, Implementation Guidance, Practical Issues Task Force Reports, and Transition Guidelines

(i) Outline

Consistent with international accounting standards, this standard requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases.

- (ii) Schedule Date of Application The Accounting Standards and the Guidance are scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending 31st March 2028.
- (iii) Effects of Application of the Accounting Standards The effects of the application on the consolidated financial statements are under evaluation.

4. Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet

(1) The amounts of accumulated depreciation and advanced depreciation of tangible fixed assets are as follows:

			Thousands of
			U.S. dollars
	Millions	of yen	(Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Accumulated depreciation	¥11,814	¥11,301	\$79,012
Advanced depreciation	21	21	140

(2) The carrying amounts of stocks of non-consolidated subsidiary are as follows:

	Millions	of yen	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Securities	¥10	¥10	\$66

(3) The amounts of loans to be disclosed based on the Insurance Business Act are as follows:

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt	_	_	_
Doubtful	_	_	_
Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more	_	_	_
Restructured loans	_	_	

The definitions of the loans are as follows:

- A. "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt" are loans or loan equivalents to borrowers who have gone bankrupt for reasons such as a declaration of bankruptcy, reorganization, or revitalization proceedings.
- B. "Doubtful" are loans to borrowers who have not yet reached a state of legal bankruptcy but whose financial position and business performance have deteriorated; therefore, the prospect of complete repayment of principal and interest is remote in accordance with the contract obligations, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt."
- C. "Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more" are those loans for which payments of principal or interest has not been received for a period of three months or more, beginning with the next day following the last due date for such payments, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt" or "Doubtful."
- D. "Restructured loans" are those loans for which the Company has provided more favorable terms and conditions than those contained in the original loan agreement (including reducing interest rates, rescheduling interest and principal payments, or the waiving of claims on the borrowers) to the borrowers with the aim of providing restructuring assistance and support, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt," "Doubtful" or "Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more."

(4) The carrying amounts of assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen		
	2025	2024	2025	
Securities	¥23,360	¥29,213	\$156,233	

These securities are pledged to deposit for overseas operations and to establish letters of credit.

Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Income

(1) The significant components of business expenses are as follows:

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Commissions, net of reinsurance ceded	¥49,199	¥54,488	\$329,046
Salaries	¥ 7,282	¥ 6,380	\$ 48,702

Business expenses are the total of "Operating and general administrative expenses" and "Commissions and brokerage" in the consolidated statement of income.

6. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

(1) Reclassification Adjustments, Income Taxes and Tax Effects relating to Other Comprehensive Income

	Millions	of you	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	¥20,105 (6,507)	¥ 93,309 (4,522)	\$134,463 (43,519)
Before income taxes and tax effect adjustments	13,597	88,787	90,937
Income taxes and tax effects	(5,631)	(24,365)	(37,660)
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	7,966	64,421	53,277
Net foreign currency translation adjustments:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	13,308 312	15,411 33	89,004 2,086
Before income taxes and tax effect adjustments	13,620	15,444	91,091
Income taxes and tax effects	95	(54)	635
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	13,715	15,389	91,726
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	1,869 (54)	(594) (1,141)	12,500 (361)
Before income taxes and tax effect	. ,		. ,
adjustments	1,815	(1,736)	12,138
Income taxes and tax effects	(456)	438	(3,049)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	1,358	(1,297)	9,082
Total other comprehensive income	¥23,040	¥ 78,513	\$154,093

7. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the year ended 31st March 2025

(1) Detailed Information for Outstanding Shares and Treasury Stock

			(Th	ousand shares)
	Number of shares as of 1st April 2024		Number of shares decreased during the period	
Outstanding shares				
Common stock	98,070	_	_	98,070
Class A stock	1,930	_	_	1,930
Total	100,000	_	_	100,000
Treasury stock				
Common stock	5,674	_	_	5,674
Total	5,674	_	_	5,674
Total	5,674			5,674

(2) Detailed Information for Cash Dividends Dividends paid

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Dividend per share	Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2024	Common stock	¥ 1,154million \$ 7,718 thousand (Note 1(2))	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.08 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2024	28th June 2024
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2024	Class A stock	¥ 24million \$ 160 thousand (Note 1(2))	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.08 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2024	28th June 2024

Of dividends with record date within the year ended 31st March 2025, dividends with the effective date after 31st March 2025

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Source of dividends		Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2025	Common stock	¥ 1,616 million \$ 10,807 thousand (Note 1(2))	Retained earnings	¥ 17.5 \$ 0.11 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2025	30th June 2025
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2025	Class A stock	¥ 33 million \$ 220 thousand (Note 1(2))	Retained earnings	¥ 17.5 \$ 0.11 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2025	30th June 2025

Note: Dividend per share includes ¥ 2.50 special dividends for the 85th Anniversary.

For the year ended 31st March 2024

(1) Detailed Information for Outstanding Shares and Treasury Stock

			(Th	ousand shares)
	Number of shares as of 1st April 2023		Number of shares decreased during the period	Number of shares as of 31st March 2024
Outstanding shares				
Common stock	98,070	_	_	98,070
Class A stock	1,930	_	_	1,930
Total	100,000	_	_	100,000
Treasury stock				
Common stock	6,791	_	1,117	5,674
Total	6,791		1,117	5,674

The number of shares decreased during the period in common treasury stock is 1,117 thousand shares, as a result of disposal by third party allotment.

(2) Detailed Information for Cash Dividends Dividends paid

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Dividend per share	Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2023	Common stock	¥ 1,140million	¥ 12.5	31st March 2023	30th June 2023
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2023	Class A stock	¥ 24million	¥ 12.5	31st March 2023	30th June 2023

Of dividends with record date within the year ended 31st March 2024, dividends with the effective date after 31st March 2024

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Source of dividends		Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2024	Common stock	¥ 1,154 million	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5	31st March 2024	28th June 2024
General meeting of shareholders on 27th June 2024	Class A stock	¥ 24 million	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5	31st March 2024	28th June 2024

8. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(1) Reconciliations of the balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period to the amounts shown in the consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
2025	2024	2025
¥ 27,376	¥ 29,161	\$ 183,092
887,940	814,813	5,938,603
(840,506)	(746,537)	(5,621,361)
¥ 74,810	¥ 97,436	\$ 500,334
	2025 ¥ 27,376 887,940 (840,506)	¥ 27,376 ¥ 29,161 887,940 814,813 (840,506) (746,537)

(2) Cash flows from investing activities include those related to insurance business.

9. Financial Instruments

(1) Outline of Financial Instruments

A. Policy for Financial Instruments

The Company underwrites non-life reinsurance (such as Fire, Marine, Motor, General liabilities, Pet reinsurance) and life reinsurance. The Company invests in financial instruments paying attention to adequate safety, liquidity and profitability, as a funding source of the reinsurance claims to be paid securely and promptly.

The Company maintains Enterprise Risk Management system to control investment risk, to keep adequate solvency in case of the risk occurrence.

B. Types of Financial Instruments and Related Risk

The Company holds financial instruments mainly for the purpose of investment and business cooperation. Main components of the instruments are bonds, stocks and investment trust funds, which are exposed to price risk due to market fluctuation (interest rate, foreign exchange rate and stock price), and credit risk of the issuers.

Derivatives utilized by the Company are forward foreign exchange contracts. Forward foreign exchange contracts are utilized for hedging fluctuation risk in future foreign exchange rates, arising from foreign bonds. The hedge accounting is applied to certain forward foreign exchange contracts. Additionally, derivatives applying the hedge accounting are described in "Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements".

Derivatives are only taken out with counterparties or referenced entities with a high credit rating.

Loans are exposed to credit risk due to breach of contracts.

C. Risk Management for Financial Instruments

The board of directors establishes risk management policies and internal rules for investment, and defines risk management department to be responsible for risk managements, management processes and management methodologies. The department in charge performs the risk managements in accordance with the policies and the rules, and condition of the risk is reported to the board regularly or properly, to enable the board to recognize the actual condition of the risk.

Foreign consolidated subsidiaries establish investment policies and manage the risk in accordance with the policies, and hold investment committee and other meetings regularly to discuss condition of risk management and future investment policies. The third party investment management arrangements are made in accordance with the investment guidelines and compliance with the guidelines is monitored.

As part of the audit for the risk management, Internal Audit Department performs internal audit under its internal audit plan for the risk management mentioned above.

(a) Market risk management

(i) Interest rate risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by "Value at Risk" (hereafter "VaR"), sensitivity analysis for interest rate and other methods, and monitors the compliance with the rules. Then it reports to the board regularly.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by VaR of foreign bonds, sensitivity analysis and other methods, and monitors the compliance with the rules. In addition, the department in charge of integrated risk management recognizes overall foreign exchange risk amount (offsetting foreign currency assets and liabilities). Then they report to the board regularly.

(iii) Price fluctuation risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by VaR, sensitivity analysis for market and other methods, and monitor the compliance with the rules. Then it reports to the board regularly.

(b) Credit risk management

With respect to credit risk of bond issuer, the department in charge regularly recognizes market environments, financial condition, credit information and fair value. For loans, the department in charge performs credit management such as credit screening, requiring collaterals and guarantees, on individual debtor basis.

Compliance with the rules is reported to the board regularly.

(c) Liquidity risk management

The Company performs management for liquidity risk by holding assets with adequate liquidity, obtaining committed lines of credit from several financial institutions and others in order to pay the reinsurance claims securely and promptly in addition to appropriate fund management.

Liquidity risk is monitored by the department in charge, and reported to the board regularly.

D. Supplementary Explanation for the Fair Value of Financial Instruments

As variable factors are incorporated in the measurement of the fair value of financial instruments, the adoption of different assumptions and other factors may cause such value to fluctuate.

(2) Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Breakdown by Input Level

The carrying amounts, fair value, unrealized gain (loss) of financial instruments and breakdown by input level as of 31st March 2025 and 2024 are as follows.

Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the table. Please see note (b) below.

The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels in accordance with the observability and significance of the inputs used to measure the fair value:

Level 1: Fair value determined based on the observable inputs, such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value determined based on observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs

Level 3: Fair value determined based on unobservable inputs

If multiple inputs with a significant impact are used for the fair value measurement of a financial instrument, the financial instrument is classified into the lowest priority level of fair value measurement in which each input belongs.

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets

As of 31st March 2025	Millions of yen								
		Fair value							
	Level 1	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Total				
Securities									
Trading	¥ 28,625	¥ 18,274	¥	_	¥ 46,899				
Available for sale	257,563	567,313		_	824,877				
Total assets	¥286,189	¥585,587	¥	_	¥871,777				
	Tho	usands of U.S	. dollars	s (Note	1(2))				
		Fair	value						
	Level 1	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Total				
Securities									
Trading	\$ 191,445	\$ 122,217	\$	_	\$ 313,663				
Available for sale	1,722,598	3,794,228		_	5,516,833				

\$1,914,051 \$3,916,445 \$

Total assets

\$5.830.504

As of 31st March 2024	Millions of yen						
		Fair value					
	Level 1	Level 2	Le	evel 3	Total		
Securities							
Trading	¥ 45,661	¥ 22,253	¥	_	¥ 67,914		
Available for sale	238,274	494,758		_	733,032		
Total assets	¥283,935	¥517,011	¥	_	¥800,947		

(b) Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets Information regarding fair value of cash and deposits is omitted since it is scheduled to be settled in a short period of time and fair value approximates book value.

(Notes)

 (a) Description of the evaluation methods and inputs used to measure fair value

Assets

Securities

104 114 1 0004

Securities of which the fair value is based on the quoted prices in active markets with no adjustment is classified into Level 1. That includes mainly Japanese government bonds, stocks and exchange traded funds. Securities that are based on the presented quoted prices in inactive markets are classified into Level 2.

The fair value of unlisted investment trust funds is mainly based on net asset value provided by investment trust management companies. The fair value of the investment trust funds is classified into either Level 1 or Level 2, mainly based on constituents held in trust.

The fair value of bonds other than bonds of which the fair value is based on the quoted prices is mainly based on the prices presented by third parties and counterparty financial institutions. These prices are the present value that is calculated by discounting future cash flows at a rate comprising a risk-free interest rate and a credit spread. Since observable inputs are used in the calculation, the fair value is classified into Level 2.

(b) Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are as follows and are not included in "Securities" in the above table:

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		2025 2024		2	2025		
Stocks with no market prices, etc*	¥	2,902	¥	2,884	\$	19,408	
Ownership stakes in partnerships, etc.**		1,862		1,715		12,453	
Total	¥	4,765	¥	4,599	\$	31,868	

^{*}Stocks with no market prices, etc. include unlisted stocks. In accordance with Paragraph 5 of "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No.19), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value.

(c) Investment trust funds of which a net asset value is deemed to be a fair value to the investment trust funds, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, certain investment trust funds of which a net asset value is deemed to be a fair value to the investment trust funds are not subject to disclosure of Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Breakdown by Input Level. The amount of the investment trust funds on the consolidated balance sheets as of 31st 2024 is ¥ 9,266 million and as of 31st 2025 is ¥11,397 million (\$ 76,223 thousand).

(i) Changes in investment trust funds whose investment trust property is financial instruments during the period

For the year ended 31st March 2025	Millio	ons of yen	U.S	usands of 3. dollars ote 1(2))
	Available-f sale securi			ilable-for- securities
		2025	1	2025
As of 1st April 2024	¥	2,199	\$	14,707
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2025		(117)		(782)
Net income (loss)*		(41)		(274)
Other comprehensive income**		(75)		(501)
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption		63		421
As of 31st March 2025	¥	2,146	\$	14,352

- * The above amount is included in "Investment expenses" in the consolidated statement of income.
- ** The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31st March 2024

	Millio	ons of yen
	sale	ilable-for- securities
		2024
As of 1st April 2023	¥	2,217
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2024 Net income (loss)*		(104)
Other comprehensive income**		(104)
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption		87
As of 31st March 2024	¥	2,199

- * The above amount is included in "Investment expenses" in the consolidated statement of income.
- ** The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- (ii) Components of restrictions on cancellation or repurchase requests of investment trust funds whose investment trust property is financial instruments

	Mi	lions of	yen	U.S	usands of 6. dollars ote 1(2))
	Available	-for-sale	securities		ilable-for- securities
	2025		2024		2025
Investment trust funds which have certain restrictions, such as frequency of dates for applying to cancellation or repurchase requests	¥ 2.1	46 ¥	2.199	\$	14.352

^{**}Ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are mainly investment partnerships. In accordance with Paragraph 24-16 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value.

(iii) Changes in investment trust funds whose investment trust property is real estate during the period

For the year ended 31st March 2025	Millio	ons of yen	U.S	usands of 3. dollars ote 1(2))	
	Available-for- sale securities				ilable-for- securities
		2025		2025	
As of 1st April 2024	¥	7,066	\$	47,257	
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2025		114		762	
Net income (loss)		_		_	
Other comprehensive income*		114		762	
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption		2,070		13,844	
As of 31st March 2025	¥	9,251	\$	61,871	

*The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31st March 2024

	IVIIIII	ons of yen
		ilable-for- securities
		2024
As of 1st April 2023	¥	5,568
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2024 Net income (loss)		58
Other comprehensive income*		58
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption		1,440
As of 31st March 2024	¥	7,066

*The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(d) The redemption schedules as of 31st March 2025 and 2024 for monetary receivables and securities with maturities are as follows:

As of 31st March 2025	Millions of yen							
		e in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 10 years	Due after 10 years			
Deposits	¥	27,376	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —			
Securities								
Available-for-sale								
securities with maturities								
Government bonds		_	12,469	5,366	27			
Municipal bonds		_	_	_	_			
Corporate bonds		45,928	120,475	576	4,100			
Foreign securities		64,356	153,028	96,299	139,046			
Total	¥ ·	137,660	¥ 285,974	¥ 102,241	¥ 143,173			

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))						
	D	ue in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	5 y	Due after ears through 10 years	Due after 10 years	
Deposits	\$	183,092	\$ —	\$	_	\$ —	
Securities							
Available-for-sale							
securities with maturities	3						
Government bonds		_	83,393		35,888	180	
Municipal bonds		_	_		_	_	
Corporate bonds		307,169	805,745		3,852	27,421	
Foreign securities		430,417	1,023,461		644,054	929,949	
Total	\$	920,679	\$1,912,613	\$	683,794	\$ 957,550	

As of 31st March 2024	Millions of yen						
	Dι	ie in 1 year or less		Due after ear through 5 years	5 yea	ue after ars through 0 years	Due after 10 years
Deposits	¥	29,161	¥	_	¥	_	¥ —
Securities							
Available-for-sale securities with maturities							
Government bonds		_		3,696		7,361	47
Municipal bonds		_		_		_	
Corporate bonds		17,875		112,437		5,186	6,600
Foreign securities		72,962		145,244		69,296	130,779
Total	¥	119,999	¥	261,378	¥	81,844	¥ 137,426

10. Investments in Securities

(1) Information regarding trading securities as of 31st March 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
	2025	2024	2025
Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized for the fiscal year	¥547	¥524	\$3,658

- (2) There are no held-to-maturity securities.
- (3) Information regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value as of 31st March 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

As of 31st March 2025	Millions of yen					
	Carrying amount	Cost	Unrealized gain (loss)			
Securities for which carrying amount	exceeds their	cost				
Government, municipal and						
corporate bonds	¥ 8,665	¥ 7,898	¥ 767			
Stocks	205,100	17,450	187,650			
Foreign securities	144,893	135,942	8,951			
Others	10,475	9,799	676			
Subtotal	369,136	171,091	198,045			
Government, municipal and corporate bonds Stocks Foreign securities	179,916 140 285,599	182,302 170 318,152	(2,385) (29) (32,553)			
Others	1,481	1,497	(15)			
Subtotal	467,138	502,122	(34,983)			
Total	¥836,275	¥673,213	¥163,061			
	Thousands	of U.S. dollars	(Note 1(2))			
	Carrying amount	Cost	Unrealized gain (loss)			
Securities for which carrying amount	exceeds their	cost				

Subtotal	467,138	502,122	(34,983)
Total	¥836,275	¥673,213	¥163,061
	Thousands	of U.S. dollars	(Note 1(2))
	Carrying		Unrealized
	amount	Cost	gain (loss)
Securities for which carrying amount	exceeds their	r cost	
Government, municipal and			
corporate bonds	\$ 57,952	\$ 52,822	\$ 5,129
Stocks	1,371,722	116,706	1,255,016
Foreign securities	969,054	909,189	59,864
Others	70,057	65,536	4,521
Subtotal	2,468,806	1,144,268	1,324,538
Securities for which carrying amount	does not exc	eed their cost	
Government, municipal and			
corporate bonds	1,203,290	1,219,248	(15,951)
Stocks	936	1,136	(193)
Foreign securities	1,910,105	2,127,822	(217,716)
Others	9,905	10,012	(100)
Subtotal	3,124,250	3,358,226	(233,968)

\$5,593,064

\$4,502,494

\$1,090,563

Total

*Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the above table.

As of 31st March 2024	Millions of yen						
	Carrying amount Cost		Unrealized gain (loss)				
Securities for which carrying amount	exceeds their	cost					
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	¥ 9,610	¥ 8,169	¥ 1,441				
Stocks	180,667	17,673	162,994				
Foreign securities	148,396	134,115	14,281				
Others	8,778	8,229	549				
Subtotal	347,453	168,187	179,266				
Securities for which carrying amount	does not exc	eed their cost	į				
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	144,846	145,854	(1,008)				
Stocks	151	170	(19)				
Foreign securities	249,355	277,876	(28,521)				
Others	492	500	(7)				
Subtotal	394,845	424,401	(29,555)				
Total	¥742,299	¥592,588	¥149,710				

^{*}Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the above table.

(4) Sales of securities classified as available-for-sale and the aggregate gain and loss are as follows:

		Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		2025	2	2024		2025	
Proceeds from sales							
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	¥	2,037	¥	20,208	\$	13,623	
Stocks		6,453		5,712		43,158	
Foreign securities		44,332		41,134		296,495	
Others		´—		· —		´—	
Total	¥	52,823	¥	67,056	\$	353,283	
Gain on sales Government, municipal and corporate bonds Stocks Foreign securities Others Total	¥	 6,230 1,421 7,652	¥	2 5,289 515 — 5,807	\$	41,666 9,503 — 51,177	
iotai	-	1,002	+	3,007	.	31,177	
Loss on sales							
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	¥	55	¥	27	\$	367	
Stocks		_		0		_	
Foreign securities		742		1,049		4,962	
Others		_		_		_	
Total	¥	797	¥	1,077	\$	5,330	

(5) Securities for which impairment losses are recognized For the year ended 31st March 2025, the Company and consolidated subsidiaries recognized no impairment losses regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value in the consolidated statement of income.

For the year ended 31st March 2024, the Company recognized impairment losses regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value (Foreign securities) in the amount of Y 13 million in the consolidated statement of income.

In principle, impairment losses on available-for-sale securities with fair value are recognized when the fair value has declined by 30% or more of their book value.

11. Money Held in Trust

- Money Held in Trust for Trading Purposes None.
- (2) Money Held in Trust for Being Held to Maturity None.
- (3) Money Held in Trust Not for Trading Purposes or Not Being Held to Maturity None.

12. Derivatives

None.

13. Retirement Benefits

(1) Outline of Retirement Benefit Plans

The Company and consolidated subsidiaries mainly have funded and unfunded defined retirement benefit plans covering substantially all employees.

For defined benefit retirement plans, the benefit based on an employee's salary and years of service are paid in the form of lump-sum payment and pension.

For lump-sum payment retirement plans which are all unfunded plans, the benefit based on an employee's salary and years of service are paid in the form of lump-sum payment.

(2) Defined Benefit Plan

A. Changes in the retirement benefit obligations during the period

	Millions	of yen	U.	S. dollars lote 1(2))
	2025	2024		2025
Retirement benefit obligations				
at the beginning of the period	¥ 22,266	¥ 20,206	\$	148,916
Service cost	1,010	797		6,754
Interest cost	791	687		5,290
Actuarial differences	(2,096)	912		(14,018)
Benefit paid	(1,286)	(962)		(8,600)
Others	1,514	624		10,125
Retirement benefit obligations				
at the end of the period	¥ 22,198	¥ 22,266	\$	148,461

B. Changes in the plan assets during the period

	Millions of yen			usands of S. dollars ote 1(2))
	2025	2024		2025
Plan assets at the beginning				
of the period	¥ 13,604	¥ 12,434	\$	90,984
Expected return on plan assets	519	426		3,471
Actuarial differences	(243)	237		(1,625)
Employer contributions	902	872		6,032
Benefit paid	(1,027)	(743)		(6,868)
Others	727	376		4,862
Plan assets at the end of the period	¥ 14,482	¥ 13,604	\$	96,856

C. Reconciliations of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets to net defined benefit liabilities and assets recognized in the consolidated balance sheet at the end of the period

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		2025		2024		2025
Retirement benefit obligations						
for funded plan	¥	16,033	¥	16,571	\$	107,229
Plan assets	((14,482)	((13,604)		(96,856)
		1,550		2,967		10,366
Retirement benefit obligations						
for unfunded plan		6,165		5,694		41,231
Net amount of liabilities (assets) recognized						
in the consolidated balance sheet	¥	7,716	¥	8,661	\$	51,605
Net defined benefit liabilities	¥	7,716	¥	8,661	\$	51,605
Net amount of liabilities and assets recognized						
in the consolidated balance sheet	¥	7,716	¥	8,661	\$	51,605

D. Components of retirement benefit cost

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		2025	20)24	2	2025	
Service cost	¥	1,010	¥	797	\$	6,754	
Interest cost		791		687		5,290	
Expected return on plan assets		(519)		(426)		(3,471)	
Amortization of actuarial differences		110		(989)		735	
Amortization of prior service cost		4		4		26	
Others		_		(174)		_	
Retirement benefit cost							
for defined benefit plan	¥	1,397	¥	(99)	\$	9,343	

E. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in other comprehensive income

Components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in other comprehensive income before income taxes and tax effect are as follows:

	Millions of yen			U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
	2025	20:	24	2025		
Actuarial differences	¥ 1,9	163 ¥ (1	1,664) \$	13,128		
Prior service cost		4	4	26		
Others	(19	53)	(76)	(1,023)		
Total	¥ 1,8	8 15 ¥ (1	1,736) \$	12,138		

F. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in accumulated other comprehensive income Components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans

Components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in accumulated other comprehensive income before income taxes and tax effect are as follows:

	Millions of yen				U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
	2	025	20:	24	2	025	
Unrecognized actuarial differences	¥	96	¥ (1,715)	\$	642	
Unrecognized prior service cost		(14)		(18)		(93)	
Total	¥	81	¥ (1,733)	\$	541	

G. Plan assets

(a) Major Components of plan assets Percentages of total plan assets by major categories are as follows:

	2025	2024
Bonds	26%	41%
Stocks	18	2
General accounts	52	53
Others	4	4
Total	100%	100%

(b) Determination of long-term expected rate of return The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets has been estimated based on the current and anticipated allocation to each asset class and the current and anticipated long-term rates of returns on assets held in each category.

H. Actuarial assumptions

Major actuarial assumptions (based on weighted average) are as follows:

	2025	2024
Discount rate	Mainly 2.2%	Mainly 1.3%
Long-term expected rate of return	Mainly 1.1%	Mainly 1.1%

14. Deferred Tax Accounting

(1) Major Components of Net Deferred Tax Assets

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
		2025		2024	2025
Deferred tax assets					
Underwriting reserves	¥	43,073	¥	34,941	\$ 288,075
Outstanding claims		11,762		12,874	78,665
Net unrealized losses on					
available-for-sale securities		6,208		5,772	41,519
Tax loss carryforwards **		5,226		6,066	34,951
Reserve for price fluctuation		3,496		3,299	23,381
Net defined benefit liabilities		1,656		1,933	11,075
Others		2,334		2,286	15,609
Subtotal of deferred tax assets		73,758		67,173	493,298
Valuation allowance					
on tax loss carryforwards **		(1,318)		(731)	(8,814)
Valuation allowance					
on deductible temporary differences		(370)		(353)	(2,474)
Subtotal of Valuation allowance *		(1,688)		(1,085)	(11,289)
Total deferred tax assets		72,069		66,088	482,002
Deferred tax liabilities					
Net unrealized gains on					
available-for-sale securities		(55,648)		(49,581)	(372,177)
Others		(1,874)		(1,600)	(12,533)
Total deferred tax liabilities	_	(57,523)		(51,182)	(384,717)
Net deferred tax assets	¥	14,545	¥	14,906	\$ 97,277

(Notes)

*Valuation allowance increased by ¥ 603 million (\$ 4,032 thousand). The main reason of this increase is due to the increase in the valuation allowance related to the consolidated subsidiary's tax loss carryforwards

**Schedule by expiration of tax loss carryforwards and the corresponding deferred tax assets

As of 31st March 2025

Millions of yen

	1	ue in year less	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years		Due after 5 years	Total
Tax loss carryforwards	¥	961	1,486	239	1,427	556	554	¥ 5,226
Valuation allowance	¥	353	810	_	154	_	_	¥ 1,318
Deferred tax assets	¥	608	676	239	1,273	556	554	¥ 3,907

Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))

						. ,,	
	Due in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years	Due after 5 years	Total
Tax loss carryforwards	\$6,427	9,938	1,598	9,543	3,718	3,705	\$34,951
Valuation allowance	\$2,360	5,417	_	1,029	_	_	\$ 8,814
Deferred tax assets	\$4,066	4,521	1,598	8,513	3,718	3,705	\$26,130

(Notes)

- (a) Figures for tax loss carryforwards were the amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate.
- (b) For the tax loss carryforward of ¥ 5,226 million (\$ 34,951 thousand) (amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of ¥ 3,907 million (\$ 26,130 thousand) were recorded. The tax loss carryforwards were determined to be recoverable as future taxable income is anticipated, and therefore valuation allowance was not recognized.

As of 31st March 2024

Millions of yen

					,			
	1	ue in year less	1 year	2 years	3 years through	Due after 4 years through 5 years	Due after	Total
Tax loss carryforwards	¥	_	1,737	1,426	229	1,370	1,302	¥6,066
Valuation allowance	¥	_	176	555	_	_	_	¥ 731
Deferred tax assets	¥	_	1,561	870	229	1,370	1,302	¥5,334

(Notes)

- (a) Figures for tax loss carryforwards were the amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate.
- (b) For the tax loss carryforward of ¥ 6,066 million (amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of ¥ 5,334 million were recorded. The tax loss carryforwards were determined to be recoverable as future taxable income is anticipated, and therefore valuation allowance was not recognized.
- (2) The reconciliation of the statutory income tax rate to the effective income tax rate for the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
Effective statutory income tax rate of the Company	28.0%	28.0%
(Adjustments)		
Valuation allowance	1.5	3.2
Foreign tax	0.8	2.7
Foreign tax credit	(8.0)	(5.4)
Non-taxable revenue such as dividends received	(1.8)	(2.6)
Tax rate applied to consolidated subsidiaries	(1.8)	(1.0)
Effect of changes in the tax rate	(3.6)	_
Others	1.8	1.0
Effective income tax rate of the Company	24.1%	25.9%

(3) Revisions of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities following changes in the corporate tax rate, etc.

"Act for Partial Revision of the Income Tax Act and, etc." (Act No. 13 of 2025) was enacted on 31st March 2025, whereby a special defense corporation tax will be imposed from a fiscal year beginning on or after 1st April 2026.

In line with this, the effective statutory income tax rate for the calculation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relating to temporary differences expected to be eliminated in and after a fiscal year beginning on or after 1st April 2026, was changed from 28.0% to 28.9%.

As a result of this change, deferred tax assets (after deducting deferred tax liabilities) decreased by 344 million yen, net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax decreased by 1,701 million yen, deferred income taxes decreased by 1,356 million yen, and net income attributable to owners of the parent increased by 1,356 million yen, for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2025.

15. Segment Information

(1) Outline of Reportable Segments

The Companies' reportable segments are components of the Companies about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

Our reportable segments are "The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (hereinafter Toa)", "The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (hereinafter TRA)" and "The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co., Ltd. (hereinafter TRE)".

The Companies' business is assuming reinsurance, and within the company TRA is mainly in charge of North America area, Toa and TRE are mainly in charge of others.

(2) Measurement of Sales, Profit or Loss, Assets, Liabilities, and Other Items for Each Reportable Segment

Accounting policies of each reported segment are in a manner consistent with that in the "Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements"

Profit of each reportable segment shown in the following table represents "Net income for the year attributable to owners of the parent".

Inter-segment revenues are measured on the basis of market transactions on arm's length terms.

(3) Information about Sales, Profit or Loss, Assets, Liabilities, and Other Items on Each Reportable Segment

For the year ended 31st March 2025

	(Millions of yen)						
	Reportable segments						
	Toa	TRA	TRE	Total			
Sales							
Sales to external customers	¥ 175,256	¥ 58,350	¥ 42,286	¥ 275,892			
Inter-segment sales or transfers	773	(740)	57	89			
Total	176,029	57,609	42,343	275,982			
Profit by reportable segments	22,687	2,699	3,038	28,425			
Assets by reportable segments	669,392	336,722	176,414	1,182,529			
Liabilities by reportable segments	403,130	250,700	107,969	761,800			
Other items							
Depreciation	372	181	54	608			
Interest and dividends income	20,195	8,611	1,669	30,476			
Interest expenses	0	_	_	0			
Extraordinary income	9	_	_	9			
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	7	_	_	7			
Extraordinary loss	305	_	_	305			
Provision for reserve under the special law	302	_	_	302			
Income tax expense	6,105	1,499	1,425	9,030			

	(Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)))					
	Reportable segments					
	Toa	TRA	TRE	Total		
Sales						
Sales to external customers	\$ 1,172,124	\$ 390,248	\$ 282,811	\$1,845,184		
Inter-segment sales or transfers	5,169	(4,949)	381	595		
Total	1,177,294	385,292	283,192	1,845,786		
Profit by reportable segments	151,732	18,051	20,318	190,108		
Assets by reportable segments	4,476,939	2,252,019	1,179,868	7,908,834		
Liabilities by reportable segments	2,696,161	1,676,698	722,104	5,094,970		
Other items						
Depreciation	2,487	1,210	361	4,066		
Interest and dividends income	135,065	57,590	11,162	203,825		
Interest expenses	0	_	_	0		
Extraordinary income	60	_	_	60		
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	46	_	_	46		
Extraordinary loss	2,039	_	_	2,039		
Provision for reserve under the special law	2,019	_	_	2,019		
Income tax expense	40,830	10,025	9,530	60,393		
* Sales represent "Net premiums written".		,	,	,		

For the year ended 31st March 2024

(Millions of yen) Reportable segments Toa TRA Total Sales ¥ 63,048 ¥33,343 ¥280,826 ¥ 184,433 Sales to external customers (690)Inter-segment sales or transfers 641 89 41 280,867 185,075 62,358 33,433 Profit or loss by reportable segments 1,639 13,577 402 15,619 642,754 312,752 149,632 Assets by reportable segments 1,105,140 Liabilities by reportable segments 407,520 238,172 88,087 733,779 Other items Depreciation 725 143 910 15,609 8,429 25,527 Interest and dividends income 1,488 Interest expenses 0 0 136 136 Extraordinary income Gain on disposal of fixed assets 136 136 8 Extraordinary loss 323 332 309 309 Provision for reserve under the special law (2) 941 4,521 5,461 Income tax expense

^{*} Sales represent "Net premiums written".

(4) Reconciliations of Total Reportable Segments Amount to Amount Presented in Financial Statements and Descriptions of Reconciliations

A. Sales

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Total of reportable segments	¥275,982	¥280,867	\$1,845,786
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(89)	(41)	(595)
Sales in consolidated financial statements	¥275,892	¥280,826	\$1,845,184
* Sales represent "Net premiums written".			

B. Profit

	Millions of ye	en	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Total of reportable segments	¥28,425	¥15,619	\$190,108
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	49	(62)	327
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			
in consolidated financial statements	¥28,475	¥15,556	\$190,442

C. Assets

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Total of reportable segments	¥1,182,529	¥1,105,140	\$7,908,834
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(83,577)	(83,698)	(558,968)
Total assets in consolidated financial statements	¥1,098,952	¥1,021,441	\$7,349,866

D. Liabilities

	Millions of ye	en	(Note 1(2))
	2025	2024	2025
Total of reportable segments	¥761,800	¥733,779	\$5,094,970
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(2,843)	(1,996)	(19,014)
Total liabilities in consolidated financial statements	¥758,956	¥731,783	\$5,075,949

E. Other items

	Millions of yen		(Note 1(2))	
	2025	2024	2025	
Income tax expense				
Total of reportable segments	¥9,030	¥5,461	\$60,393	
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	11	(15)	73	
Amounts in consolidated financial statements	¥9,041	¥5,445	\$60,466	

(5) Related Information

For the year ended 31st March 2025

A. Information about revenue derived from its products or services

Sales to external customers	\$439,319	\$58,340	\$239,486	\$254,139	\$615,081	\$49,444	\$189,352	\$1,845,184
	Fire	Marine	Motor	General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))							
Sales to external customers	¥65,687	¥8,723	¥35,808	¥37,999	¥91,967	¥7,393	¥28,312	¥275,892
	Fire	Marine	Motor	General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
				Millions of	f yen			

^{*} Sales represent "Net premiums written".

B. Information by geographic area

(a) Sales

Millions of yen

Japan	United States	Others	Total
¥148,978	¥77,859	¥49,055	¥275,892
	Thousands of U.S.	dollars (Note 1(2))	
Japan	United States	Others	Total
\$996,375	\$520,726	\$328,083	\$1,845,184

^{*} Sales are classified by country based on the geographic area of customers.

(b) Tangible fixed assets

Millions of ven

Japan	United States	Others	Total
¥8,216	¥940	¥656	¥9,813
	Thousands of U.S.	dollars (Note 1(2))	
Japan	United States	Others	Total
\$54,949	\$6,286	\$4,387	\$65,630

(Change in Presentation)

As for tangible fixed assets, the "United States", which was included in "Others" in the previous fiscal year, is presented separately as its increased importance. Figures of tangible fixed assets for the previous fiscal year are presented in this classification after the change.

As a result, "Others" which was 1,622 million yen in the previous fiscal year, has been reclassified and represented to "United States" 911 million yen and "Others" 711 million yen.

C. Information about major customers None.

For the year ended 31st March 2024

A. Information about revenue derived from its products or services

	Millions of yen							
	_			General		Б.	0.11	-
	Fire	Marine	Motor	Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
Sales to external customers	¥65,075	¥11,057	¥32,478	¥41,782	¥94,242	¥7,605	¥28,584	¥280,826

^{*} Sales represent "Net premiums written".

B. Information by geographic area

(a) Sales

Millions of yen

		*	
Japan	United States	Others	Total
¥160,208	¥76,077	¥44,541	¥280,826

^{*} Sales are classified by country based on the geographic area of customers.

(b) Tangible fixed assets

	Millions	of yen	
Japan	United States	Others	Total
¥8,263	¥911	¥711	¥9,885

C. Information about major customers None.

(6) Information about Impairment Losses on Fixed Assets by Reportable Segments None.

^{**} Sales represent "Net premiums written".

^{**} Sales represent "Net premiums written".

- (7) Information about Amortization of Goodwill and Carrying Amount by Reportable Segments None.
- (8) Information about Gains on Negative Goodwill by Reportable Segments None.

16. Related Party Transactions

There are no material transactions with related parties to report for the years ended 31st March 2025 and 2024.

17. Per Share Information

	Yen		(Note 1(2))	
	2025	2024	2025	
Net assets per share	¥3,604.47	¥3,070.82	\$24.11	
Net income per share	301.88	166.65	2.02	

^{*} There are no potential common shares, therefore diluted net income per share is not described.

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Basis for computing net income per share is as follows:

	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Net income attributable to owners of the parent (Millions of yen)	¥28,475	¥15,556
Amounts not attributable to common shareholders (Millions of yen)	_	<u> </u>
Net income attributable to owners of the parent related to common shareholders (Millions of yen)	¥28,475	¥15,556
Average number of common shares outstanding for the year (Thousand shares)	94,326	93,347
Major Components of Average number of common shares outstanding and equivalent	Common Stock 92,396	Common Stock 91,417
for the year (Thousand shares)	Class A Stock 1,930	Class A Stock 1,930

18. Significant Subsequent Events after Balance Sheet Date

The Company has resolved to transfer the treasury stock by third party allotment for the purpose of the capital adequacy at the general shareholders' meeting held on 27th June 2025.

The details of the resolution are as follows:

- (1) Type of the shares to be transferred Common stock
- (2) Total number of the shares to be transferred 5,674,000 shares (maximum)
- (3) Transfer price

¥837 per share (minimum)

\$5.59 per share (minimum) (Note 1(2))

The Board of Directors of the Company has been delegated on the decision of specific conditions regarding this transfer.

Related Information to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Detailed Information for Corporate Bonds

None.

2. Detailed Information for Borrowings

		Millions	of y

	As of 1st April 2024	As of 31st March 2025	Average interest rate (%)	The term of repayment
Lease liabilities due in 1 year or less	¥112	¥ 89	_	_
Lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less)	250	265	_	From 1st January 2026 to 1st October 2029
Total	¥362	¥355	_	_

Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	As of 1st April 2024	As of 31st March 2025	Average interest rate (%)	The term of repayment
Lease liabilities due in 1 year or less	\$ 749	\$ 595	_	_
Lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less)	1,672	1,772	_	From 1st January 2026 to 1st October 2029
Total	\$2,421	\$2,374	_	_

(Notes)

- (1) The above amount is included in "Other liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet.
- (2) "Average interest rate" on lease liabilities is not stated above because lease liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet are recognized without deducting lease interest included in the total lease charges.
- (3) The repayment for the lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less) scheduled within 5 years following the consolidated balance sheet date is as follows:

Millions of yen

	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
Lease liabilities	¥79	¥76	¥69	¥39
		Thousands of U.S. dollars (N	ote 1(2))	
	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
Lease liabilities	\$528	\$508	\$461	\$260

3. Detailed Information for Asset Retirement Obligations

None.

About Independent Auditor

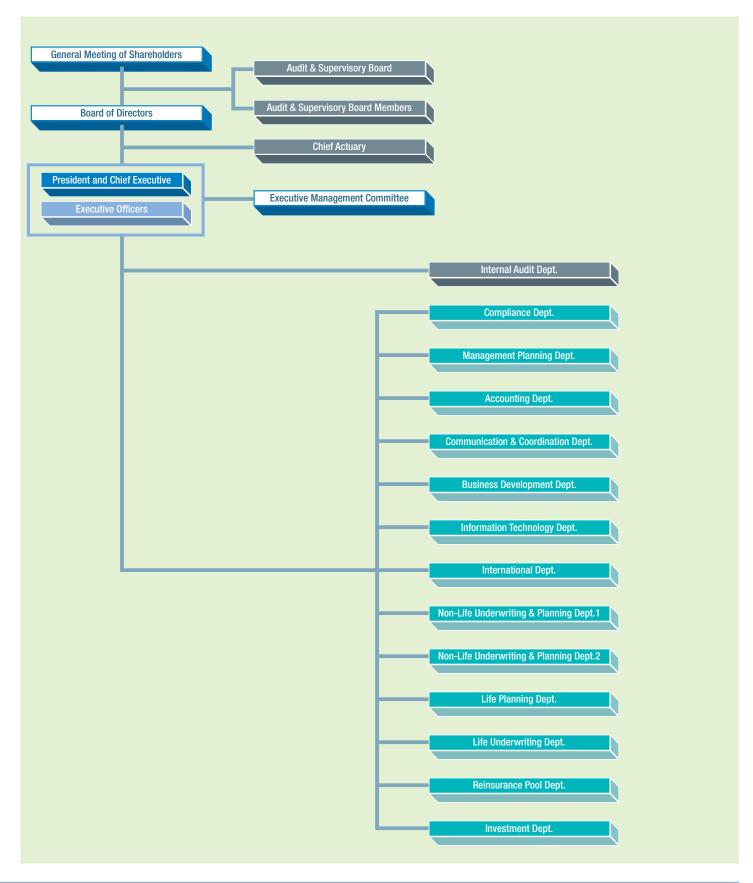
Independent auditor for the year ended 31st March 2025 was Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC has audited the Company's consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows, principal matters for preparation of consolidated financial statements, notes to the consolidated financial statements, and related Information to the Consolidated Financial Statements for fiscal years 2023 (April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024) and 2024 (April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025), and the Company is in receipt of their audit reports.

(Note) The consolidated financial statements in this material are presented based on the audited consolidated financial statements as reported above, with some additions and changes to the consolidated financial statements and some changes to the format. However, the consolidated financial statements themselves in this material have not been audited.

Organization

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 27th June 2025



Board of Directors

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 27th June 2025

Corporate Data

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 31st March 2025

PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Masaaki Matsunaga

MANAGING DIRECTORS

Hironori Ashikawa Michinari Takasaki Keiki Yasumori

DIRECTORS

Kozo Nakamura Masahiro Yamada Yasunobu Fukuda Shinichiro Miyake Tamaki Kawate

AUDIT & SUPERVISORY BOARD MEMBERS

Koichi Yazaki Satoru Tsuchiya Takefumi Umemoto Yukio Ogata

HEAD OFFICE

6-5, Kanda-Surugadai 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-8703, Japan Telephone: +81-3-3253-3171 Facsimile: +81-3-3253-1208 URL: https://www.toare.co.jp

DATE ESTABLISHED

15th October 1940

NUMBER OF SHARES BY TYPE

(COMMON) (CLASS A)
Authorized: 370,000,000 30,000,000
Issued: 98,070,000 1,930,000

PAID-IN CAPITAL

¥ 5,000 million

TOTAL ASSETS

¥ 669,392 million

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

325

LINES OF BUSINESS

Reinsurance of the following:

Fire Insurance

Marine Insurance

Transit Insurance

Personal Accident Insurance

Voluntary Automobile Insurance

Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance

General Liability Insurance

Shipowners' Liability Insurance for Passengers' Personal Accident

Workers' Accident Compensation Liability Insurance

Aviation Insurance

Credit Insurance

Guarantee Insurance (including Surety Bond)

Glass Insurance

Machinery Insurance

Contractors' All Risks Insurance

Atomic Energy Insurance

Movables Comprehensive Insurance

Theft Insurance

Windstorm and Flood Insurance

Boiler and Turbo-Set Insurance

Livestock Insurance

Miscellaneous Pecuniary Loss Insurance

Life Insurance

Pet Insurance





