# 2023

#### REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31st March 2023

Toa Re's advanced capabilities are founded on the accumulated skills and experience of its professional staff.





## **ToaRe** Mission Statement

## **Providing Peace of Mind**

#### Toa Re aims to realize its mission by

working with society and applying the principles of fairness and integrity to all aspects of our business

offering long-term, solid support to our clients by supplying reinsurance products and services that enable them to maintain stable operations

striving to enhance our corporate value for the interests of our shareholders through open and transparent corporate management

respecting the creativity of our group employees and valuing their contributions

conserving the environment and contributing to a sustainable society

## Profile

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (Toa Re), was established in 1940. With the reinsurance market evolving and clients' needs expanding, we have recognized the importance of being able to provide a diverse line of life and non-life reinsurance products to lead the market as Japan's primary professional reinsurer. Toa Re is based in Tokyo with subsidiaries in New Jersey (U.S.A.) and Zürich (Switzerland). Increasing demand for reinsurance products in Asian countries prompted us to expand our operations in those regions and establish branch offices in Singapore, Kuala Lumpur and Hong Kong.

In acknowledgment of Toa Re's outstanding financial profile, credit rating agencies, Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, A.M. Best Company, Inc. and Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd., have assigned Toa Re ratings of A, A and AA+, respectively. As of 31st March 2023, the Toa Re Group boasted total assets of ¥ 905.7 billion. Net premiums written during the fiscal year ended 31st March 2023, totaled ¥ 320.8 billion.

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#### Notes:

# Message from the President

#### **Operating Environment**

The insurance and reinsurance industries have been encountering a substantially changing business environment. The risks that confront society are evolving at an unprecedented pace. Climate change is spurring natural disasters of intensifying severity, and the spread of COVID-19 and other issues are having a major impact on people's lifestyles and the structure of industry. Moreover, transformation is also underway as digital technologies move forward at breathtaking speed and demographics change in the form of a falling birthrate and aging population.

# Strategic Vision for Future Growth of the Toa Re Group "TEAM TOA 2023"

In today's era of "VUCA" (volatility, uncertainty, complexity and ambiguity), where conventional wisdom fails to predict events that occur one after another, the Toa Re Group aims to achieve sustainable growth in step with clients by providing them with optimal solutions and services based on a high level of expertise and strict risk control, and underpinned by TEAM TOA 2023, our medium-term management plan.

Utilizing the full force of the Group, we are pushing forward on an array of initiatives to



find solutions to societal issues through our business activities. In pursuit of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), we have formulated our Sustainability Vision, and have positioned as key issues, the promotion of climate change countermeasures, respect for human rights, promotion of D&I, and strengthening of internal control.

Everyone at the Toa Re Group will do their utmost to ensure that the Group consistently fulfills its mission as a reinsurance company "Providing Peace of Mind," as articulated in the Toa Re Mission Statement. We look forward to your ongoing support going forward.

M. Mat.

Masaaki Matsunaga President and Chief Executive

#### Medium-Term Management Plan "TEAM TOA 2023"

The Toa Re Group launched TEAM TOA 2023, its new medium-term management plan in April 2021, which covers three years from fiscal 2021. The TEAM TOA 2023 articulates our long-term vision and sets clear

numerical targets and goals for enhancement of the management foundation for the Toa Re Group. We will implement various measures to achieve the vision and targets of this 3-year period starting in fiscal 2021.

#### Overview of TEAM TOA 2023

Group Targets over 3 Years from Fiscal 2021

#### **Group Numerical Targets**

#### Soundness:

Secure capital level consistent with a rating of "AAA" or higher

#### Profitability:

5% adjusted ROE (3-year average)

#### Growth:

2% annual increase for net premiums written (3-year average)

# Targets for Enhancement of Management Foundation

Set IT, ERM, SDGs/ESG as priority areas and accordingly promote enhancement measures aligned with the group business strategy, mediumto long-term tasks, etc.

#### **Long-term Vision**

Aim for most valuable group for every stakeholders

#### [Corporate Vision]

A reinsurance group that keeps being selected by clients across the world and that is developing together with them by providing optimal solutions

#### [10-year Vision]

A corporate group equipped with unwavering brand strengths both in Japan and overseas by providing optimal solutions across certain aspects of the insurance segment

Adjusted ROE(after-tax basis) : (Net income + Provision for catastrophe loss reserves + Provision for contingency reserves + Provision for price fluctuation reserves - Other special factors) / (Net assets + Catastrophe loss reserves + Contingency reserves + Price fluctuation reserves)

IT : Information Technology
 ERM : Enterprise Risk Management
 SDGs : Sustainable Development Goals
 ESG : Environment, Social, Governance

#### **Long-term Vision**

The Toa Re Group's corporate vision is to become "a reinsurance group that keeps being selected by clients across the world and that is developing together with them by providing optimal solutions." It is intended to further promote our business from a global perspective which will involve placing greater emphasis than ever on meeting clients' reinsurance needs by adopting the clients' viewpoint with the aim of achieving sustainable growth amid a rapidly changing business environment. Moreover, the Group envisions itself a decade ahead serving as "a corporate group equipped with unwavering brand strengths both in Japan and overseas by providing optimal solutions across certain aspects of the insurance segment." This will involve generally serving as a full-line reinsurance underwriter while particularly setting our sights on giving rise to business segment that enable us to leverage Group strengths.

#### **Group Numerical Targets**

The TEAM TOA 2023 places top priority on enhancing our capital level by ensuring stable profits and furthermore seeking growth. According to this policy, we have set numerical targets for the Group for three years in terms of soundness, profitability, and growth. We will draw up and implement business plans and specific measures for each business segment with the aim of achieving these numerical targets.

## Targets for Enhancement of Management Foundation

We will continually strive to develop and harness strengths in the three priority areas of "IT," "ERM," and "SDGs / ESG," which we have selected in light of the rapidly changing nature of society and the business environment. In order to thoroughly promote the initiatives, we will formulate and implement concrete action plans in each category based on the initiative policies described as below.

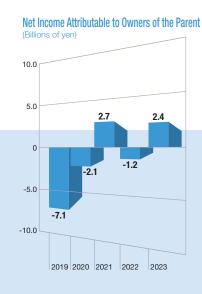
<b>Priority Areas</b>	Initiative Policy
IT	Transform business operations and generate new enterprise value by actively harnessing advanced technologies
ERM	Achieve an effective ERM framework and comply with economic value-based solvency regulation
SDGs/ESG	Perpetually enhancing corporate value by contributing to the creation of a sustainable society

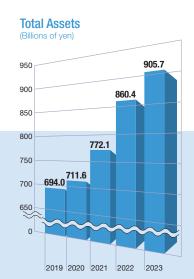
# **Consolidated Financial Highlights**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March

			Millions of yen				sands of dollars
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2023
For the fiscal year							
Ordinary income	¥ 349,337	¥ 329,804	¥ 312,101	¥ 297,757	¥ 266,625	<b>\$2</b> ,0	616,168
Net premiums written	320,822	302,024	287,547	270,252	248,288	2,	402,621
Ordinary profit (loss)	3,238	827	2,164	88	(7,390)		24,249
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	2,450	(1,248)	2,745	(2,141)	(7,150)		18,347
At fiscal year-end							
Total net assets	196,303	201,307	182,257	167,141	179,944	1,4	470,104
Total assets	905,749	860,421	772,108	711,690	694,088	6,	783,112
			Yen			U.S	6. dollars
Per share data							
Net assets	¥2,106.05	¥2,159.74	¥1,955.36	¥1,826.00	¥1,990.80	\$	15.772
Net income (loss)	26.29	(13.39)	29.80	(23.57)	(79.45)		0.197
			Percent				
Key ratios							
Capital ratio	21.67%	23.40%	23.61%	23.49%	25.93%	ı	
Return on equity (ROE) ratio	1.23	-0.65	1.57	-1.23	-3.76		

# Net Premiums Written (Billions of yen) 350 300 287.5 270.2 248.2 200 150 100 50 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

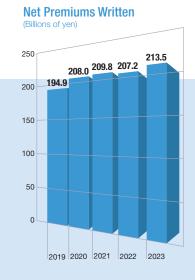


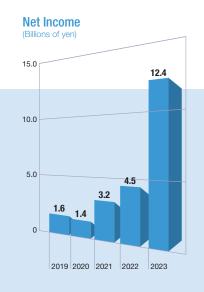


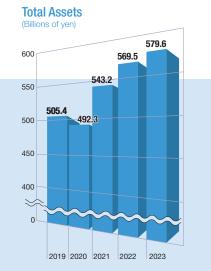
# Non-Consolidated Financial Highlights

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited For the years ended 31st March

			Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2023
For the fiscal year						
Net premiums written	¥ 213,595	¥ 207,269	¥ 209,821	¥ 208,029	¥ 194,952	\$1,599,603
Underwriting profit (loss)	5,978	1,412	(5,853)	(4,320)	(1,215)	44,768
Interest and dividends income	10,827	7,056	6,066	6,651	6,475	81,082
Ordinary profit	16,754	7,371	3,931	4,486	4,088	125,469
Net income	12,490	4,529	3,253	1,466	1,686	93,537
At fiscal year-end						
Invested assets	476,643	473,976	432,087	391,349	394,844	3,569,557
Total assets	579,671	569,525	543,280	492,360	505,486	4,341,129
Underwriting reserves	203,729	218,539	231,239	218,595	214,616	1,525,717
Capital stock	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	37,444
Total net assets	162,727	148,301	129,773	114,462	127,584	1,218,654
			Yen			U.S. dollars
Per share data						
Net assets	¥1,745.83	¥1,591.06	¥1,392.28	¥1,250.49	¥1,411.52	\$ 13.074
Declared dividends	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	0.094
Net income	134	48.59	35.31	16.14	18.74	1.004
			Percent			
Key ratios						
Net loss ratio	80.67%	69.00%	65.68%	72.15%	73.77%	
Net expense ratio	22.46	25.45	26.17	24.80	25.22	
Return on investment	2.85	1.84	1.66	1.89	1.88	
Capital ratio	28.07	26.04	23.89	23.25	25.24	
Return on equity (ROE) ratio	8.03	3.26	2.66	1.21	1.32	
Payout ratio	9.33	25.73	35.40	77.45	66.70	







# Corporate History

1940	10	Established as The Toa Fire and Marine Reinsurance Company, Limited.
		(Head office at 6-1, Marunouchi 1-chome, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo-shi, capitalized at ¥50 million)
1945	4	Ceased business as a reinsurance company due to the establishment of a government reinsurance agency.
	5	Became a direct insurance company, changing name to The Toa Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Limited.
	6	Started direct insurance business at branches in Tianjin and Shanghai.
1947	4	Re-established as a reinsurance company.
1948	2	Changed name back to The Toa Fire and Marine Reinsurance Company, Limited.
1952	4	Started to transact overseas reinsurance business.
1962	10	Completed construction of the head office building at Surugadai.  (6-5, Kanda-Surugadai 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo (present location))
1975	4	Opened representative office in London.
1979	4	Opened representative office in Hong Kong.
	7	Held the 1st Reinsurance Seminar of Toa for Asian non-life insurance clients (RST).
	12	Established The Toa-Re Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited. (Started operation on January 1, 1980.)
1982	4	Opened representative office in New York.
1302	10	Established The Toa-Re Insurance Company of America.
	10	(Consolidated subsidiary, Started operation on January 1, 1983.)
1989	7	Held the 1st Seminar of Toa Elementary Program for direct non-life insurance clients in Japan (STEP).
1997	2	Obtained approval to begin offering life reinsurance products.
	4	Announced ToaRe Mission Statement.
	9	Opened branch office in Singapore.
	10	Received the 1st Asia Insurance Industry Awards "Reinsurance Company of the Year."  1962: New head office opened (at the
	12	Acquired all outstanding stock in M&G Re America and merged it with The Toa-Re Insurance site of the present head office)
		Company of America and changed name to The Toa Reinsurance Company of America (TRA).
1998	3	Obtained additional approval to offer a complete range of life reinsurance products.
1999	1	Opened branch office in Kuala Lumpur.
	4	Changed name to The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited.
0000	6	Opened branch office in Hong Kong.
2000	7	Obtained approval to handle non-life co-operative reinsurance.  The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America
0000		Opened representative office in Taipei.  The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America  Established The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Company Ltd (TRE).
2002	1	(Consolidated subsidiary, Started operation on April 1, 2002.)
	4	Obtained approval to handle life co-operative reinsurance.
2003	3	Sold The Toa-Re Insurance Company (U.K.) Ltd.
2008	8	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Korean Re.
	8	Held the 1st Seminar of Toa Elementary Program for direct life insurance clients in Japan
	0	(STEP LIFE).  Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Secura of Belgium.
	9	Held the 1st Reinsurance Seminar of Toa for Asian life insurance clients (RST LIFE).
2009	9	Became a member of the Global Reinsurance Forum.
2009	10	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with China Reinsurance Group.
2013	6	Entered into a basic agreement for business cooperation with Marein of Indonesia.
2013	11	Obtained approval from Llovd's to establish a SPA (Toa Re Special Purpose Arrangement 6132),
2017	7	Acquired Barbican Corporate Member (No.4) Limited which accepts insurance business through
		SPA, from Barbican Holdings (UK) Limited, and changed name to Toa Re Corporate Member Limited (TRCM).
2021	6	Closed representative office in London.
	9	Sold Toa Re Corporate Member Limited (TRCM).

## **Worldwide Network**



#### **Branches**

#### **Singapore**

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#### **Hong Kong**

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Telephone: +852-2865-7581 Facsimile: +852-2865-2252

#### **Subsidiaries**

#### U.S.A.

The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America

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Telephone: +1-973-898-9480 Facsimile: +1-973-898-9495

The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (Agricultural Office)

18301 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 400, Irvine, CA 92612, U.S.A.

Telephone: +1-949-474-1420 Facsimile: +1-949-474-1612

#### Canada

The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (Toronto branch)

55 University Avenue, P.O. Box 53, Suite 1700, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, Canada

Telephone: +1-416-366-5888 Facsimile: +1-416-366-7444

#### **Switzerland**

The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co. Ltd. (Toa Re Europe)

Kreuzplatz 16, 8008 Zürich, Zürich, Schweiz

#### Representative Offices

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## **Toa Re America**



#### 2022 Results and 2023 Forecast

The U.S. economy continues to recover and adapt to the post-COVID-19 environment. Real GDP increased at an annualized rate of 1.1% during the first quarter of 2023, real GDP increased 2.6% in the fourth quarter of 2022. The U.S. unemployment rate rose by 0.3% to 3.7% in May 2023, while the underemployment rate was 6.6% in May 2023. As of May 2023, the Consumer Price Index (for all items including food and energy) increased 2.1% over the last twelve months, driven by a 9.0% increase in energy prices.

A.M. Best estimates that net written premium for the U.S. property and casualty industry increased 8.4% in 2022, the thirteenth consecutive year of growth for the industry. A.M. Best notes that the U.S. property and casualty industry posted a \$26.5 billion underwriting loss in 2022 due to personal auto losses and losses from Hurricane Ian. Premium growth and a large decrease in policyholder dividends could not counter the 14% increase in incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses. The P/C industry's estimated combined ratio for 2022 rose to 102.7%, 3 points above its 2021 level of 99.7%.

North America non-life reinsurance renewal rate activity began strengthening mid-year 2019 and has continued to show improvement through April 1, 2023. S&P noted that January 2023 renewals rivaled those of 2006, following Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma. Standard & Poor's maintains its negative outlook for the global reinsurance industry as the sector has been unable to earn its cost of capital, but expects reinsurance pricing to continue to strengthen in 2023. A.M. Best has a stable outlook for the global reinsurance industry based in part on positive pricing momentum and growing demand, as well as heightened catastrophe activity.

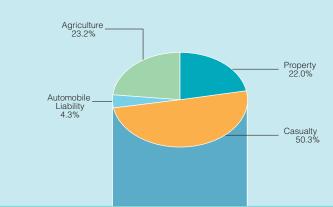
Toa Re America's 2022 gross premiums written decreased 9.3% from 2021. Toa Re America developed a GAAP combined ratio of 114.8% for 2022.

Non-catastrophe loss development from accident years 2021 and prior contributed 17.4 points to the combined ratio. Property catastrophe activity had a 3.7-point impact on the combined ratio. U.S. GAAP comprehensive income was a loss of \$255.8 million (driven by unrealized losses on bonds) and net cash flow from operations generated \$30.1 million during 2022. For the year, the market value of Toa Re America's cash and invested assets decreased by \$212.8 million or (10.7%). Toa Re America's bond portfolio (83.4% of invested assets) had an overall gross return of (12.10%) while equities had a gross return of (29.54%) for 2022. Shareholders' equity decreased 26.2% to \$480.1 million during 2022.

Toa Re America seeks to write a diversified and well-balanced portfolio of reinsurance risks in the North American marketplace for P&C business, and worldwide for agricultural reinsurance. Toa Re America evaluates diversification by customer type, product line, peril, and geography. Toa Re America pursues a balanced relationship between classes of business underwritten and premium to limits exposed. Central to Toa Re America's approach is a well-defined underwriting philosophy based on risk selection, exposure evaluation, limit management, and pricing. Through our efforts, Toa Re America endeavors to access business opportunities at the correct exposure adjusted price for risk transfer. Toa Re America's desired portfolio consists of clients who understand and appreciate that reinsurance transactions must represent a fair trade for both parties.

While it is our intention to be a market of choice, Toa Re America will not put continuity of offer ahead of profitability. Toa Re America must generate acceptable returns to honor the commitments made to all of our stakeholders. Toa Re America will consistently apply a set of objective standards to business under consideration to make certain it conforms to our profitability targets while seeking to minimize our exposure to natural catastrophe perils, through all available means.

#### **Gross Premiums by Class**



#### **Financial Highlights**

	U.S. GAAP Thousands of U.S. dollars			
Years ended 31st December	2022	2021	Percentage Change	
Summary of Operations Gross Premiums Written Net Premiums Written Pre-Tax Net Income (Loss) After-Tax Net Income (Loss)	\$ 571,956 554,432 (85,571) (66,187)	\$ 630,924 629,364 (14,516) (12,695)	(9.3)% (11.9) 489.4 421.3	
Balance Sheets Total Assets Total Liabilities Total Stockholders' Equity	2,227,961 1,747,844 480,117	2,362,264 1,711,340 650,924	(5.6) 2.1 (26.2)	
Cash Flows Net Cash from Operations	30,155	104,196	(71.0)	

## Toa Re Europe

#### 2022 Results and 2023 Forecast

The main economy in focus of Toa Re Europe is the European Union which has continued on the 2021 post-COVID-19 rebound and recorded a 3.5% real GDP growth in 2022. The EU economy is expected to see a slower growth in 2023 with forecast now at 1% according to the spring economic forecast prepared by the European Commission. A record-strong labour market is bolstering the resilience of the EU economy with unemployment rate of 6.0% in March 2023. The EU labour market is expected to react only mildly to the slower pace of economic expansion. Employment growth is forecast at 0.5% in 2023. After peaking in 2022, headline inflation continued to decline and is projected to average 6.1% in 2023. More persistent core inflation could continue restraining the purchasing power of households and force a stronger response of monetary policy, with broad macro-financial ramifications. An expansionary fiscal policy stance would fuel inflation further, leaning against monetary policy action. In addition, new challenges may arise for the global economy following the banking sector turmoil or related to wider geopolitical tensions. On the positive side, more benign developments in energy prices would lead to a faster decline in headline inflation, with positive spillovers on domestic demand. Finally, there is persistent uncertainty stemming from Russia's ongoing invasion of Ukraine.

The European P&C market has shown increased signs of hardening due to poor underwriting results and loss developments of prior years. This was demonstrated with a very late and uncertain 1/1 renewal. There was some shortage of capacity seen especially on property and catastrophe lines of business. The leading discussion points were around the impact of the Nat Cat events on the region and the modelling and risk assessment of such events by the industry. Price increases on the Nat Cat business continued as retrocession capacity contracted as well. Inflation continues to be a core topic for the industry.

The reinsurance market conditions continued to improve. Loss affected programs have reported large price increases and there have been some knock-on effect on the rest of the reinsruance pricing with loss free programs mainly recording risk adjusted price increases. Aggregate and frequency covers continued to be

challenging to renew and required substantial terms or price changes or have not been renewed at all.

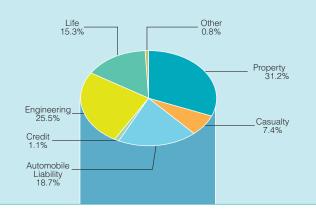
Toa Re Europe's 2022 gross premiums written increased by 16.4% from 2021. This is mainly due to continuous, planned growth of the third party business underwritten by the Swiss based legal entity. Total gross written premium amounted to 283.9 million CHF of which third party business was 265.5 million CHF and internal group related business was 18.4 million CHF. Toa Re Europe had a GAAP Net Earned combined ratio of 98.6% for 2022. The majority of the impact on the combined ratio came from slightly higher claims activity and inflationary effects on the reserves. GAAP after-tax net loss was 10.4 million CHF for 2022. For the year, the market value of Toa Re Europe's cash and invested assets increased by 60.9 million CHF. Toa Re Europe's invested asssets recorded an overall gross return of (1.6%) for 2022. Shareholders' equity decreased by 34 million CHF (9%) to 352 million CHF during 2022 mainly driven by the negative result for the financial year 2022.

The Toa 21st Century (TTFC) is a fully owned subsidiary of The Toa Reinsurance Company Ltd. (Toa Re). It provides reinsurance protection for all lines of business to its parent company and since 2018 also to third party clients with a primary focus on the EMEA region and global specialties (e.g. engineering) as approved by the TTFC board and allowed by TTFC's insurance license. TTFC's strategic objectives are:

- To optimise value to the group and clients by writing life and non-life third pary business in the EMEA region and selected specialty business with worldwide focus. The business unit providing reinsurance to third party is labelled and marketed as Toa Re Europe (TRE).
- To act as group risk carrier for peak risk and for regulatory and solvency reasons, writing Internal Group Reinsurance business, front business for Toa Re or provide structured life reinsurance solutions to group clients.

Toa Re Europe's forecast for 2023 anticipates that gross written premium of third party business will continue increasing modestly according to the business plan. Underwriting is expected to be profitable due to the prudent risk assessment and the hardening reinsurance market. The Toa Re Europe team will continue to build the franchise in the EMEA region and expand its business and client base.

#### **Gross Premiums by Class**



#### **Financial Highlights**

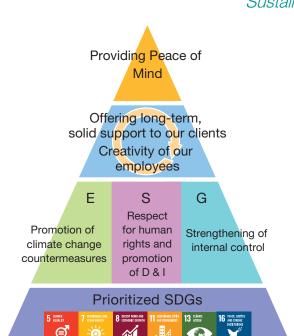
	U.S. GAAP Thousands of CHF			
Years ended 31st December	2022	2021	Percentage Change	
Summary of Operations Gross Premiums Written Net Premiums Written Pre-Tax Net Income (Loss) After-Tax Net Income (Loss)	283,913 260,444 (15,796) (10,442)	243,883 213,785 (41,255) (37,158)	16.4% 21.8 (61.7) (71.9)	
Balance Sheets Total Assets Total Liabilities Total Stockholders' Equity	891,190 538,754 352,435	823,328 436,530 386,797	8.2 23.4 (8.9)	
Cash Flows Net Cash from Operations	24,107	46,019	(47.6)	

# Sustainability

"Providing Peace of Mind," as articulated in the Mission Statement, the Toa Re Group has been promoting initiatives to realize a sustainable society through all its business activities.

Amid the increasing severity of climate change and other global issues, sustainability initiatives have become a critical issue for the entire world

Therefore, the Group has formulated Sustainability Vision as below.



#### Sustainability Vision

The Group is committed to promote activities to contribute to achieving sustainable society through its reinsurance business and other business activities and strive for the sustainable enhancement of corporate value, thereby contributing to the resolution of such social issues.

#### Prioritized SDGs

In promoting our efforts to realize a sustainable society, we have identified 6 of the 17 goals listed in the SDGs that we should prioritize due to their close relationship to our business.













#### Material Issues

As we move forward with our efforts to tackle material issues related to the prioritized SDGs, we determined "Promotion of climate change countermeasures", "Respect for human rights and promotion of D&I" and "Strengthening of internal control" as issues we should address.

# Promotion of climate change countermeasures (Environment)







The adverse effects of climate change, including the intensification of natural disasters, pose threats to the safety and security of society. Considering the Group's mission of "Providing Peace of Mind," addressing climate change is a critical challenges inevitable for us.

We will contribute to realizing a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from our business operations as well as our reinsurance underwriting and asset management.

#### Respect for human rights and promotion of D&I (Society)





Respect for human rights is a material issue that should be reflected in all our business activities. In addition, creating a corporate culture that enables all group staff members to leverage their diverse backgrounds and fully exercise their capabilities is essential for our sustainable growth.

We will work to prevent any types of infringement of human rights through our business operations and create an environment in which all staff members of the Group can maximize their potential and play an active role, regardless of gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, age, religion, nationality, disability or any other attributes.



Strengthening of internal control (Governance)



In order to gain more trust from stakeholders and enhance our corporate value sustainably, it is essential to strengthen our internal control system for appropriate management structure.

We will practice sound corporate management with fairness and integrity by strengthening internal controls, including systems for compliance of laws and rules, fraud prevention, risk management, and information security.

#### [Environment] Promotion of Climate Change Countermeasures



We will contribute to realizing a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from our business operations as well as our reinsurance underwriting and asset management.

#### **Climate-related Financial Disclosure**

Climate change poses a threat to the safety and security of society, including the intensification of natural catastrophe, and addressing it is a critical challenge for the whole world.

Addressing climate change is also one of the greatest challenges inevitable for the Toa Re Group, which upholds the mission of "Providing Peace of Mind," as articulated in the Toa Re Mission Statement, through providing long-term and stable reinsurance capacity for natural catastrophe risk.

Therefore, the Group has been working to contribute to the transition toward a decarbonized society by working to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from our business operation as a business entity, in addition to various initiatives in its core reinsurance business and asset management.

#### Governance

The climate-related governance structure of the Group consists of the Board of Directors, the SDGs/ESG Committee, and the ERM Committee.

- · The Board of Directors discusses and establishes our Group-wide policy related to sustainability encompassing its initiatives for addressing climate change and various plans related primarily to the promotion of climate change countermeasures, and also monitors the status of such initiatives.
- · The SDGs/ESG Committee is chaired by the Executive Officer in charge of the Communication & Coordination Department, which is the sustainability promotion department.
- The SDGs/ESG Committee consists of the General Managers of related departments. It discusses the Group's sustainability-related policies, plans, and strategies, including climate change countermeasures.
- The Committee also exchanges opinions and coordinates with group companies to promote the sustainability of the Group.
- The matters discussed by the Committee are resolved by the Board of Directors as appropriate. And in principle, the Board of Directors is informed of the progress twice a year as a part of the overall progress of the initiatives of medium-term management plan, and once a year as the progress of sustainability measures.
- In fiscal 2022, the Board of Directors resolved the formulation of the Group ESG investment policy and the establishment of group-wide CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction targets after discussions at the Committee.
- The ERM Committee is chaired by an Executive Officer appointed by the Executive Officer in charge of the Management Planning Department after the discussions at the Executive Management Committee established to discuss important matters concerning overall management.

The ERM Committee consists of the General Managers of related departments. It discusses various matters related to enterprise risk management (ERM) for the Group. Material matters concerning risk management, including climate change, are reported to the Board of Directors periodically.

#### **Climate-related Governance Structure**



#### **Strategies**

The Group recognizes the following climate-related risks and opportunities.

#### Physical Risks

- · In our non-life reinsurance business, risk of substantial reinsurance claim payments exceeding assumptions due to the increased frequency and severity of natural catastrophe, such as typhoons and floods.
- · In our life reinsurance business, risk of substantial reinsurance claim payments exceeding assumptions for mortality and morbidity due to increased heat stroke and infectious diseases as a result of higher average temperatures.

Transition Risks (Risks related to laws and regulations and to social reputation with respect to addressing climate change)

- In our non-life reinsurance business, risk of impairment of corporate value or impediments to business operations due to reputational damage caused by providing capacity for fossil fuel-related businesses or delays in responding to laws and regulations.
- In our asset management, risk of a decline in the corporate value of investee companies due to their inability to respond appropriately to changes of laws and regulations and/or changes in the market and social environment to make the transition toward a decarbonized society.

#### Opportunities

· Increase in reinsurance needs related to the renewable energy business in the course of transition to a decarbonized society.

The Group takes appropriate measures to address each of the above climate-related risks and opportunities based on the degree of impact entailed by each individual risks and opportunities. In particular, we recognize that the impact of natural catastrophe, a physical risk related to non-life reinsurance, is a significant threat from the perspective of business continuity in the Group, as mentioned above. Therefore, we are taking the following measures towards the realization of a decarbonized society.

#### (1) Initiatives in Reinsurance Underwriting

From the perspective of promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society, we do not, in principle, engage in facultative reinsurance transactions related to coal-fired power plants and coal mining business (thermal coal) planned in the future. We will contribute to solving the social challenge of climate change through reorganizing our reinsurance portfolio by screening clients and contracts, and through research and study activities related to the renewable energy business.

#### (2) Initiatives in Asset Management

In addition to management aimed at improving the risk/return of the portfolio held on a long-term and stable basis, we also manage our investment portfolio in consideration of public and social nature in accordance with the Group ESG investment policy. When executing an investment, we obtain ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) information on candidate companies to determine whether or not to invest. From the perspective of promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society, we do not, in principle, make any new investments related to coal-fired power plants or coal mining businesses (thermal coal). In addition, as part of our efforts to promote climate change countermeasures, we will contribute to the transition toward a decarbonized society, which is proceeding on a global scale, by investing in green bonds and other such investments.

#### (3) Initiatives to Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions in Operations

By supporting the transition toward a decarbonized society through our business activities, we will contribute to curbing global warming. Specifically, we are promoting power conservation and are switching to electricity derived from renewable energy sources at our head office building and a part of our overseas bases. We will continue to promote various measures to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, including the introduction of renewable energy on a group-wide basis.

As part of our social contribution and global environment protection activities, we also conduct environmental awareness-raising activities, such as donating environment-related books to local elementary schools and co-hosting a series of lectures on environmental issues with the General Insurance Institute of Japan, a public interest incorporated foundation. Going forward, we will consider new environmental awareness-raising activities.

#### **Risk management**

The Group has established an ERM structure, as described above, with the aim of improving corporate value in a sustainable manner through the integrated management of risks in achieving its strategic goals.

We consider climate-related risks to be factors that have significant impacts on the reinsurance risks we manage, and therefore manage them by integrating them into ERM. In particular, climate change (primarily physical risk) is closely related to business concerning natural catastrophe, which constitutes the Group's core business portfolio, and therefore, the Group is working to strengthen and upgrade management of this risk.

With regard to reinsurance underwriting risk related to typhoons and other natural catastrophe, we are working to provide stable capacity to our clients by controlling risk in the event of a large-scale natural catastrophe by procuring retrocession and accumulating catastrophe loss reserve.

#### **Metrics and targets**

The Group has set medium- to long-term targets of achieving a 50% reduction in  $CO_2$  emissions in fiscal 2030 relative to those of fiscal 2019\*, and carbon neutrality by fiscal 2050\*. In addition, as metrics for achieving the targets, we have newly set renewable electricity use at 70% or more in fiscal 2030 and 100% in fiscal 2050 at our group's all facilities.

For each of the initiatives in promoting the transition toward a decarbonized society in the reinsurance business and in asset management, we have set specific targets and have been promoting activities to achieve them.

 $^{\ast}$  Based on measurement in accordance with GHG protocols.

#### Offering Sustainable Seafood Lunches

Sustainable seafood refers to seafood products that are caught through sustainable fishing that accord consideration to resource management as well as environmental and social impacts, and is called MSC-certified seafood products. Our cafeteria acquired the Chain of Custody (CoC) certificate from the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) for a management system for lunch menus prepared using MSC-certified seafood products, and periodically offers sustainable seafood lunches.





#### **Book Donations**

Wishing to inspire children to take an informed interest in environmental issues, Toa Re donates books on environmental themes to the eight public elementary schools in Chiyoda-ku every year on Earth Day (April 22).



#### Lectures on Environmental Issues

To contribute to protection of the global environment, Toa Re and the General Insurance Institute of Japan have been jointly holding a series of lectures on environmental issues.

In fiscal year 2022, Honorary Professor Nobuo Fukuwa at Nagoya University was invited as lecturer to an event held on October 28, 2022 under the theme of "Past Disasters and Japan's Future" via a Zoom live stream.



#### Promotion of Power Saving

Toa Re is working to reduce power consumption by implementing power saving promotion measures such as controlling the temperature of air-conditioning systems installed in offices, setting no overtime days, and using heat storage with midnight power. In fiscal 2022, we reduced power consumption by 1.4% compared to the previous year.

# Switching to Electricity Derived from Renewable Energy

From March 2022, we switched to essentially CO<sub>2</sub>-free electricity for use at our head office building, utilizing environmental value derived from renewable energy sources that do not emit CO<sub>2</sub>.

# Donation through the Collection of PET Bottle Caps

As an initiative realized through the ideas of employees, Toa Re is supporting a system to make donations for medical assistance for developing countries through the collection of PET bottle caps. In fiscal 2022, we collected approximately 50,000 caps.

### [Society] Respect for Human Rights and Promotion of D&I



We will work to prevent any types of infringement of human rights through our business operations and create an environment in which all staff members of the Group can maximize their potential and play an active role, regardless of gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, age, religion, nationality, disability or any other attributes.

#### **Respect for Human Rights**

To a Re Group aims to realize a workplace free from discrimination and harassment by ensuring that each and every employee always acts in a manner that shows respect for basic human rights.

The Company's main efforts are not only to comply with labor-related laws and regulations, but also to protect the human rights of our employees through such efforts as human rights-related training and various awareness-raising activities.

In addition, through efforts to create an environment in which employees can voluntarily contribute to society, we will develop human resources who will live in harmony with society and gain society's trust.

#### **Promotion of D&I**

We are promoting various efforts to create a work environment that respects diversity and allows everyone to fully utilize their abilities and play an active role.

#### (1) Promotion of diversity

As a provider of reinsurance services, the Company's greatest assets are our human resources.

In order for the Company to continue to be chosen by our customers, we need human resources who can derive optimal solutions by accurately ascertaining the ever-changing social trends and customer needs.

In order to survive in an era of rapid change, we must think outside the box and come up with innovative ideas.

By employing human resources from different backgrounds, without being restricted by individual attributes, such as gender, age, nationality, or disability, we will leverage the innovation generated by the diversity of individual abilities and values as our strength and enhance our competitiveness.

#### (2) Reform of workstyles

In promoting diversity, it is essential to create a comfortable work environment for employees.

We will make efforts to improve work-life balance by reducing long working hours and encouraging employees to take paid leave, as well as to realize diverse work styles.

In addition, regardless of gender, while all employees who wish to take childcare leave do so, we will continue to make efforts to encourage employees to also take childcare leave.

#### (3) Development of human resources

We believe that developing human resources who possess not only expertise in reinsurance, but also a high level of professional knowledge and attitude, as well as the humanity and sense of responsibility to use their own abilities for the benefit of society and our customers leads to the creation of employee value.

In order to improve employee value and quality, and to develop professionals, training necessary to implement various measures, strategies, etc. is provided in each department and field, in addition to training aimed at acquiring essential knowledge and skills common to all employees.

We also value employees' willingness to learn on their own and have established a self-development support system to support employees who continue to develop.

#### (4) Improvement of personnel system

In order for each and every employee to fully utilize their abilities, it is necessary to have a system that allows them to work with a sense of fulfillment and to operate it appropriately.

We will strive to realize appropriate personnel evaluations commensurate with individual work and performance, and to build a personnel system based on the realization of diversity.

# Measures to Support Reconstruction of Disaster-Affected Areas

#### Reconstruction Support Lunch

As part of our earthquake reconstruction support for the three Tohoku prefectures (Iwate, Miyagi, and Fukushima) affected by the Great East Japan Earthquake, we provided lunches using ingredients from these three prefectures for four days in total between November 2 to November 30, 2022.



#### Donations for Turkey-Syria Earthquake Relief

To support the victims of the Turkey-Syria Earthquake, we donated 1.02 million yen to Japan Platform, an NGO, through a combination of donations from our officers and employees and a contribution from the Company.

#### Participation in TABLE FOR TWO

We participate in TABLE FOR TWO (TFT), a program simultaneously addressing issues concerning hunger in developing countries and obesity and lifestyle-related diseases in developed countries.

If TFT lunches are purchased at our cafeteria, by setting aside a certain amount as donation, a portion of the total amount will be used to provide school lunches for children in developing countries.

Vending machines at Toa Re Head Office support a TFT donation program. A portion of sales from these vending machines is donated to TFT.



#### Donation of Used Stamps

As an initiative realized through the ideas of employees, Toa Re is engaging in collecting used stamps at the head office and donates them to the Chiyoda Council of Social Welfare, Chiyoda Volunteer Center.



#### Basic Lifesaving Training

Toa Re encourages its employees to undergo this training in order to acquire the knowledge necessary to perform lifesaving procedures such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation using AED in the occurrence of an emergency situation including cardiopulmonary arrest.

#### [Governance] Strengthening of Internal Control



We will practice sound corporate management with fairness and integrity by strengthening internal controls, including systems for compliance of laws and rules, fraud prevention, risk management, and information security.

#### **Initiatives for Strengthening of Internal Control**

The Toa Re Group has been promoting various initiatives to strengthen internal control under its Medium-Term Management Plan started in April 2021. These initiatives include: preventing the occurrence of compliance issues by clarifying various rules; strengthening its crisis preparedness system through the establishment of rules and the verification of their effectiveness; and appropriately responding to regulations on personal information protection in various countries through measures such as preventing the occurrence of information leakage and violations of regulations by clarifying information management rules.

#### **Present Structure of Internal Control**

#### Corporate Governance Structure

To ensure swift decision-making and risk management in response to the fast-evolving business environment, the Company implements the corporate governance described below.

#### 1. Management structure and outside officers

As of 30th June 2023, the Company has nine directors (whose terms of office are one year), of whom three are "outside directors" as defined in Article 2 Paragraph 15 of the Companies Act, and four Audit & Supervisory Board Members, of whom two are "outside auditors" as defined in Article 2 Paragraph 16 of the Companies Act.

#### 2. Structures for execution and supervision

The Company holds a meeting of the board of directors once every month as a rule, and an extraordinary meeting of the board of directors, whenever necessary. At a meeting of the board of directors significant matters are reported and resolutions are made on such matters. Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend each meeting of the board of directors, too. This enables Audit & Supervisory Board Members to continually monitor the performance of directors' concerning execution.

The Chief Actuary appointed by the board of directors is involved in actuarial matters, and submits written opinions to the board of directors in each fiscal term, verifying matters specified in the Insurance Business Law.

## 3. Structure of Audit by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Company is a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board. At the Company, audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members are performed in accordance with the audit policy, audit plan, etc. determined by the Audit & Supervisory Board. At meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Board, which are held once a month in principle, significant matters concerning audits reported by Audit & Supervisory Board Members, directors, the Internal Audit Department, and the accounting auditors are discussed and resolutions are made on such matters.

#### 4. Internal audit structure

With regard to internal audits, the Internal Audit Department performs internal audits under the authorization of the board of directors and reports the results of internal audits periodically to the board of directors and other relevant organizations.

## 5. Initiatives to Ensure the Effectiveness of Internal Audits

The Internal Audit Department conducts risk assessments when formulating the internal audit plan and prioritizes and conducts audits for areas considered to be high-risk. In addition, based on the internal audits, the Internal Audit Department points out issues and makes proposals for improvements to audited organizations, monitors the progress of improvement as necessary, and strives to build a highly effective internal audit structure.

# 6. Cooperation between Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Internal Audit Department

Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Internal Audit Department cooperate to facilitate audits by exchanging information on the situation regarding each audit as well as regularly exchanging opinions.

All the results of internal audits performed by the Internal Audit Department are reported to Audit & Supervisory Board Members in order to strengthen the effectiveness of internal audits.

#### 7. Compliance structure

The Company has established the Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president and consists of four members, including an external lawyer, and the Compliance Steering Committee composed of department managers. Based on the Compliance Program drawn up by the board of directors for each fiscal year, the Company is enhancing the Group-wide compliance structure.

The Company has also set up and runs an in-house help desk and an in-house whistle-blower system for the reporting of inappropriate conduct in the Group.

#### 8. Risk management structure

Using quantitative and qualitative approaches, the Company executes integrated risk management by classifying risks to be managed and by specifying the departments in charge in accordance with the risk management policy and risk management rules established by the board of directors.

The board of directors deliberates and makes decisions on material matters concerning risk management and receives reports from risk management departments periodically and, additionally, whenever necessary concerning the situation regarding risk. Thus, systems and structures are put in place that enable the Company's directors to grasp the situation regarding risk throughout the Company.

The Company continues to upgrade its risk management structure in response to changes in the business environment and the situation regarding risk.

# 9. Involvement of third parties (lawyers, accounting auditors, etc.)

The Company consults external lawyers concerning significant legal matters and compliance issues whenever necessary. Also, the Company consults the accounting auditors about significant accounting issues, in addition to the usual accounting audits, whenever necessary.

#### Inspection and Audit Structure

There are two types of in-house audits: audits defined by the Companies Act conducted by Audit & Supervisory Board Members and internal audits conducted by the Internal Audit Department independently from other departments in accordance with the internal rules. The purpose of the internal audits conducted by the Internal Audit Department is "to contribute to the appropriate and effective operation of the Company's business by inspecting, investigating, and evaluating the status of the internal control system across all management activities, identifying problems, and providing advice and recommendations on improvements of the system." The results of the internal audits are reported to the Board of Directors.

In addition, as for external audits, the Company receives accounting audits in accordance with the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act as well as internal control audits in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC. Furthermore, the Company may be subject to inspection by the Financial Services Agency pursuant to the Insurance Business Act.

#### Risk Management

The Company conducts management based on the enterprise risk management (ERM) framework established with the aim of continuously enhancing enterprise value through the integrated management of risks associated with strategic objectives.

#### **Risk Management Policy**

Positioning risk management as a critically important task for management, the Company has put in place the policy and rules concerning risk management established by the board of directors. Based on such policy and rules, we select, clarify, and assess risks and control them in an appropriate manner with the objective of enhancing profitability while maintaining financial soundness. Prompted by the recognition that risk management is a key to enhancing enterprise value, we are continually implementing measures to upgrade our risk management.

#### Risk Management Structure and Procedures

#### 1. Risk Management Structure

In accordance with the risk management policy established by the board of directors, the board of directors has also established rules on ERM, which is a process

involving the continuous enhancement of enterprise value, and management rules for individual risks. Moreover, the board of directors deliberates and makes decisions on material matters concerning risk management and receives reports from risk management departments periodically and, additionally, whenever necessary on the situation regarding risk. Thus, systems and structures are put in place that enable the Company's board of directors to precisely grasp enterprise risks and individual risks.

Furthermore, the Company has the ERM Committee for the purpose of risk management from a perspective crosscutting organizations and risk categories, and systems are in place to ensure that matters concerning material risk management are reviewed by the ERM Committee and then submitted to the board of directors. The Internal Audit Department, from an independent standpoint, assesses and validates the effectiveness of the risk management structure described above.

#### **Board of Directors** Audit & Supervisory **Executive Management Committee Board Members** Audit & **Policy** Reporting of the situation Supervisory and regarding risk, etc. Board instructions ERM Committee and Integrated risk management function (integrated risk management) Individual risk management departments (individual risk management) **Audit** Reinsurance underwriting risk Internal Investment risk Audit **Department** Administrative risk Computer system risk **Operational risk** Liquidity risk Overseas operational risk Reserve risk concerning underwriting reserve and reserve for outstanding claims

**Risk Management Structure** 

#### 2. Integrated Risk Management

Integrated risk management function spearheads integrated and comprehensive risk management (including comprehensive management of assets and liabilities). The Integrated risk management function measures the integrated risk amount of reinsurance underwriting risk, investment risk, etc., using a stochastic approach and

assesses and checks capital adequacy and risk-returns, also taking into consideration the medium- to long-term perspective. Moreover, based on scenarios, such as the occurrence of a major earthquake or a great decline in the stock market, that would have significant impacts on operations of a reinsurance company, the Integrated risk management function assesses and analyzes by means

of stress tests the extent and the degree of impact of such risks that exceed any normal projection and utilizes the results of the tests for verification of capital adequacy and business continuity.

In addition, with regard to qualitative management, in order to grasp the risk profile of the entire Group, the Company periodically performs exhaustive risk identification, including emerging risks, classifies the risks according to the frequency and the severity, and assesses their materiality.

#### 3. Individual Risk Management

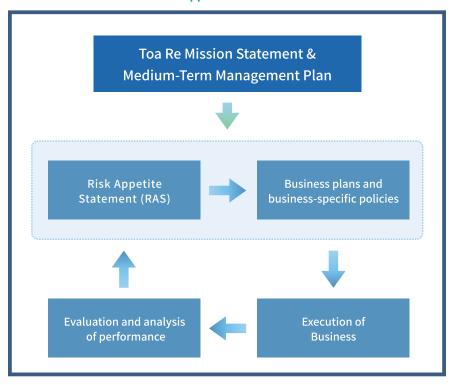
Risks that should be managed individually are classified into reinsurance underwriting risk, investment risk, operational risk, overseas operational risk, and reserve risk concerning underwriting reserve and reserve for outstanding claims. Each of these risks is handled by an individual risk management department in order to respond to them appropriately. Individual risk management departments collaborate with the departments

concerned, including business departments, and implement management according to the characteristics of each risk through the basic processes of risk identification, assessment, monitoring, and control.

# ERM-based Business Operation (Risk Appetite Framework)

The Company has put in place a risk appetite framework as part of ERM to improve profitability while maintaining financial soundness through appropriate management of the Group's capital, returns, and risks.

#### **Risk Appetite Framework**



In the risk appetite framework, the policies on risk-taking of the entire Group and of each business are articulated as the risk appetite statement, and based on these policies the business plan (including the risk-return plan based on capital allocation) of the entire Group and of each site and each business is formulated. Business is executed based on the plan, and business results, the outcome of the business execution, are assessed and analyzed periodically (including risk-return assessment

and analysis based on capital allocation). The results of the assessment and analysis of business results are reflected in subsequent formulation of policies and plans. By repeating this cycle, the Company aims to continuously enhance profitability while maintaining strong financial soundness.

#### Basic Policy on Internal Controls

The Company shall establish systems to ensure appropriateness of the operations ("internal control") of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), as described below, in accordance with the Companies Act and the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act.

# 1. System for ensuring compliance of execution of duties by directors and employees with laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation

- (1) The Company shall establish basic compliance policies, action guidelines and compliance rules through the board of directors as the basis for systems ensuring legal compliance in accordance with Toa Re's mission of "Providing Peace of Mind."
- (2) The Company shall establish the Compliance Committee chaired by the president and composed of committee members, including an external lawyer. In addition, the Company shall appoint department managers as compliance officers and establish the Compliance Steering Committee composed of such officers. The Compliance Committee shall be responsible for corporate-wide promotion of compliance and formulation of measures for ensuring effectiveness of compliance systems, and the Compliance Steering Committee shall be responsible for promotion and implementation of compliance.
- (3) The Company shall establish the Internal Audit Department independent of organizations subject to internal audit and shall establish the Compliance Department as an organization responsible for supervising compliance.
- (4) In the event that officer or employee of the Company detects inappropriate conduct, he/she shall follow the prescribed reporting procedures based on the compliance rules. Moreover, the Company shall establish a contact to consult and report any breach of laws and regulations in accordance with the Whistleblowing Rules.
- (5) The Company shall, through the board of directors, formulate a compliance program, which is an annual action program concerning compliance, and shall execute compliance education and other compliance activities in accordance with such program.
- (6) In the event that any breach of laws and regulations and/or the Articles of Incorporation, significant unjustifiable conduct, or any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company is detected concerning the Group's operations, the directors and the chief audit executive of the Company shall report such fact to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. When an Audit & Supervisory Board Member receives a report of such fact or detects such fact by himself/herself, he/she shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Board, and, after consultation, report to the board of directors or provide proposals, advice or recommendations to directors for remediation, as necessary. The board of directors or the director in question shall report back to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members on progress in addressing the matter cited by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(7) The Company shall firmly and systematically deal with antisocial forces that are a threat to public order and security in cooperation with lawyers, law enforcement agencies, and other relevant institutions. The Company shall have no relationship and no transactions (including those through affiliates) with any antisocial force and shall not engage in any surreptitious deal therewith or provision of funds thereto.

# 2. System governing the storage and management of information relating to the execution of duties by directors

The Company shall retain and store the information relating to the execution of duties by directors, either in writing or in electromagnetic record, in accordance with the document management rules determined by the board of directors. Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall have access to these documents whenever they so desire.

# 3. Rules and other systems governing management of risk of losses

- (1) The Company shall establish ERM Rules in order to appropriately manage risk associated with the Group's business operation.
- (2) In accordance with the rules mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall put in place a structure for implementation of appropriate risk management of the entire Group, including establishment of a department for integrated risk management and departments responsible for individual risk categories and determining of necessary procedures. The Management Planning Department shall report the situation regarding risk and risk management of the entire Group to the board of directors.
- (3) The Internal Audit Department of the Company shall formulate the internal audit plan in accordance with the internal audit charter and perform internal audits concerning the situation of risk management in each risk control department. An officer responsible for the Internal Audit Department shall report the results of internal audits to the executive management committee and to the board of directors.

# 4. System for ensuring efficient execution of duties by directors

- (1) As the basis for the system for ensuring efficient execution of duties by directors, the Company shall hold meetings of the board of directors periodically in accordance with the regulations of the board of directors and, as necessary, extraordinarily.
- (2) Regarding significant matters concerning management policies and management strategies, the

- Company shall discuss them at the executive management committee, which meets periodically in accordance with the executive management committee rules, and a decision on such matters shall be made by the board of directors, reflecting the deliberation at the executive management committee.
- (3) The Company shall, through the board of directors, decide persons in charge of execution of operations and their responsibilities to be specified in the internal rules.
- (4) The Company shall formulate a corporate business plan to be shared by directors and employees in accordance with the above-mentioned decision-making structure and communicate it to all officers and employees by means of internal management meetings held semiannually, etc.
- (5) The Company shall, through the board of directors, periodically review the results of each department's activities for achievement of targets in accordance with the business plan described in the preceding paragraph and shall establish a system that contributes to enhancement of operating efficiency throughout the Company by promoting continuous improvement, including utilization of IT contributing to enhancement of operating efficiency, and removal or reduction of factors impeding efficiency enhancement.

# 5. System for ensuring the appropriateness of operations throughout the Group

- (1) The Company shall appoint officers responsible for business segments of the Group, who will have authority and responsibility for establishing systems for ensuring the appropriateness of operations, including the compliance structure. Such officers shall report to the board of directors periodically concerning the situation regarding operation of each segment and the status of risk management.
- (2) The Company shall have its subsidiaries report their business result, financial conditions, and other important information to the Company periodically, depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group, in accordance with the internal rules and guidelines, etc.
- (3) The Company shall have its subsidiaries report matters discussed at their important meetings to the Company, depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group.
- (4) The Company shall formulate the entire Group's midterm business plan based on the size and the importance of the subsidiaries to the Group. In addition, the Company shall determine the Group's priority management objectives and business plans, etc. for each business year and share them with the subsidiaries. The Company shall, through the board of directors, periodically review the results of activities for achievement of those objectives and plans, etc.
- (5) In case of a compliance violation at any of its subsidiaries, the Company shall have such subsidiary report on such violation to the Company.

(6) To ensure the appropriateness of operations of the subsidiaries, the Company shall have the relevant organizations at the head office execute ongoing management concerning operations of the subsidiaries and shall conduct internal audits of the subsidiaries depending on the size and the importance of the subsidiary to the Group.

# 6. System for ensuring the reliability of the financial reporting

The Company shall establish a system necessary for ensuring the appropriateness and reliability of the financial reporting of the entire Group in accordance with the rule of internal control over financial reporting.

- 7. Matters concerning employees who provide assistance to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the independence of such employees from directors
- (1) In the case where an Audit & Supervisory Board Member requests to appoint employees which provide assistance to them, the Company shall appoint such employees and obtain consent from the Audit & Supervisory Board Member. When such employees perform operations of the Audit & Supervisory Board, they shall follow instructions and orders from the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. Regarding such instructions and orders, the employees shall not be subject to instructions and orders from the board of directors or directors, etc.
- (2) In making decisions on personnel transfers and evaluations, and disciplinary action, etc. concerning such employees, the Company shall obtain consent from the full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

# 8. System for reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors

- System for reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors and employees of the Company
  - a. In the event that any breach of laws or regulations and/or the Articles of Incorporation, significant unjustifiable conduct, or any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company is detected concerning the Group's operations, our directors shall report such fact to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
  - b. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company shall have access to major managerial decision documents, reports and other significant documents concerning execution of operations and shall have the right to request directors or other personnel to provide a report and/or explanation, as necessary.
  - c. The Internal Audit Department of the Company shall refer the internal audit plan, reports on the

results of internal audits, and other documentation to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members in accordance with the internal audit charter. In addition, the Internal Audit Department shall cooperate with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members through those activities.

- (2) System for reporting to the Company's Audit & Supervisory Board Members applicable to directors, auditors, and employees who execute operations of the subsidiaries, and those who received report from them
  - a. The Group's officers and employees shall make a report in a prompt and appropriate manner when they are required by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company to report on matters concerning the execution of operations.
  - b. In the event that an officer or an employee of the Group detects any matter that may cause significant damage to the Company or its subsidiaries, such as breach of laws and regulations, he/she shall promptly perform the prescribed reporting procedures in accordance with the related rules and shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company under the prescribed system.
  - c. The Internal Audit Department, the Compliance Department, and the department for risk management of the subsidiaries, etc. of the Company shall report the status of internal audits, compliance, and risk management, etc. of the Group to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in a timely manner.
  - d. The department for management of whistle-blowing shall report the status of whistle-blowing from officers and employees of the Group to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in a timely manner.
- (3) The rules of the Group specify that officers and employees of the Group may blow the whistle to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company. In addition, dismissal or other unfavorable treatment due to such whistle-blowing shall be prohibited.
- 9. Matters concerning policies on the handling of expenses or debts resulting from the execution of the duties by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including procedures for the advance payment or indemnification of expenses, etc.
- (1) If the Audit & Supervisory Board Members make requests to the Company for the advance payment of expenses, etc. with respect to the execution of their duties in accordance with the Companies Act, the Company shall have the relevant departments discuss such request, and except in cases where it proves that the expense or debt relating to such request is not necessary for the execution of the duties by such Audit & Supervisory Board Members, it shall pay such expense or debt promptly.

- (2) If the Audit & Supervisory Board requests the hiring of its own outside experts (lawyer, certified public accountant, etc.) who will serve as advisors to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company shall bear the expenses except in cases where it proves that such hiring is not necessary for the execution of the duties by such Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- (3) In order to pay expenses, etc. resulting from the execution of the duties by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company shall set a certain amount of budget every year.

# 10. Other systems for ensuring effective audits by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall attend meetings of the board of directors and have the right to attend Executive Management Committee and the other important meetings and committees, and express their opinions.

#### **Initiatives for Clients**

Toa Re holds various reinsurance seminars and workshops in Japan and overseas to improve communication and share knowledge with our clients.

#### STFP

Every year, Toa Re holds STEP, a seminar for junior staff working in direct non-life insurance companies in Japan (generally, with less than one year of experience). (The seminar was held online in fiscal 2022 due to the impact of COVID-19) As the STEP curriculum incorporates straightforward explanations of fundamental principles of reinsurance and practices, it is appreciated by participating companies as valuable training of practical benefit in business.



**STEP** 

#### STFP LIFF

Every year, Toa Re holds STEP LIFE, a training program on medical underwriting, for underwriters of domestic companies who have 1 to 2 years experience of in underwriting of new policy. In fiscal 2022, we opted to hold the event through online streaming in September, and we saw a total of 171 people from 42 companies take part, including those who viewed the archived stream on a different day.

We consider it important to share our knowledge of the disease and practical way of thinking in underwriting

STEP LIFE

with our clients not only as a client service but also as an initiative that will contribute to the development of the underwriting skill in Japan.

We intend to continue to offer STEP LIFE while progressively enriching its content.

#### Non-life Insurance and Reinsurance Seminars

As a service to our clients, Toa Re holds various seminars to meet market needs. Our seminars are highly appreciated by the clients.

We will continue to hold various seminars and other events that meet the needs of the non-life insurance and reinsurance industries, thereby further deepening our friendly relationships with clients while contributing to the sound development of the reinsurance industry.



Seminar

#### Life Insurance and Reinsurance Seminars

As a service to our clients, Toa Re holds various seminars to meet the needs of individual companies.

In fiscal 2022, we held online seminars on medical underwriting for domestic clients, which were highly appreciated by clients.

We intend to continue to offer various seminars and lectures not only as a client service but also as an initiative that will contribute to the development of the market by introducing the latest information related to life insurance and life reinsurance.

#### Seminars for Co-operative Insurers (regulated Kyosai) and Small Amount and Short Term Insurers

Toa Re holds various seminars for co-operative insurers and small amount and short term insurers in order to enhance client services.

In addition to seminars on reinsurance, seminars on product development, and seminars on regulations, we hold various seminars in response to clients' requests. Our seminars are highly appreciated by the participants. We intend to continue providing such seminars to contribute clients' business development.



Seminar on medical underwriting



Reinsurance seminar

#### **Initiatives for Shareholders**

Toa Re continues to build a stable management-base as a strategic objective. A major part of this effort focuses on reinforcing the solid relationships we have with our shareholders.

We are stepping up our investor relations activities. For example, we meet with our shareholders before and/or after our Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to report on the closing of our financial accounts. Furthermore, we make every effort to respond quickly to inquiries from our shareholders. In this way, we hope to build on the long-term relationships of trust we enjoy with our shareholders. (The latest Consolidated Financial Statements are available on our corporate website. https://www.toare.co.jp/english/)

#### WEB SITE https://www.toare.co.jp/english/



# Compliance

In the non-life insurance industry, which is an important element of public infrastructure, companies are required to comply with laws and regulations and demonstrate high ethical standards in every aspect of their professional conduct. The business of Toa Re, the only fullline comprehensive reinsurance company headquartered in

Japan, is based on globally accepted, free and fair business practices, and moreover, on strict compliance with the laws and regulations and the high ethical standards that constitute the essential foundation for those practices. Our company has never received any administrative order.

#### 1. Basic Compliance Policy

With the aim of putting into practice our Mission Statement of "Providing Peace of Mind," Toa Re has set forth "Basic Compliance Policy" so that all personnel implement compliance and promoted compliance activities.

#### 2. Compliance Structure

#### (1) Compliance Structure

The Company has established the Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president and whose members include an external lawyer. In addition, the Company has established the Compliance Steering Committee comprising department managers who are appointed as compliance officers. Each department assigns a person to serve as a compliance supervisor, in order to promote compliance activities as a whole organization. Also, putting in place similar systems at overseas branches and subsidiaries, the Company is striving to strengthen compliance throughout the Group.

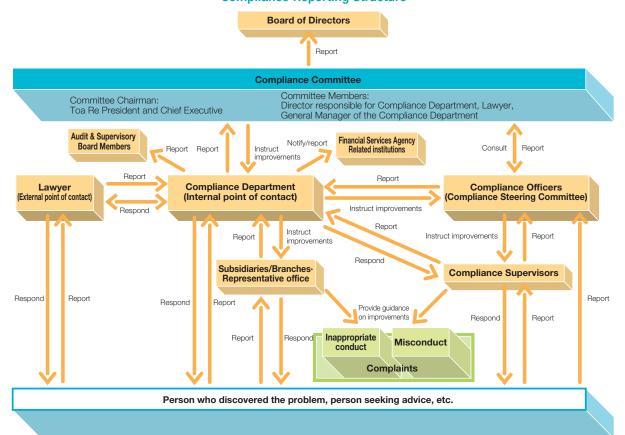
#### (2) Compliance Program

Each fiscal year, the Board of Directors establishes the Compliance Program, a concrete compliance implementation plan, and on the basis of the program the Company conducts education and training and engages in other compliance activities.

#### (3) Whistle-blower system

The Company has established internal and external points of contact for employees etc. to report or seek consultation and advice about any unlawful conduct in the Toa Re Group. The Company has put in place a system for reporting to the Compliance Committee, the Board of Directors, and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to enable swift implementation of corrective measures. The Company has also put in place a system to ensure reporting to the supervisory agency if a matter reported is deemed unlawful.

#### **Compliance Reporting Structure**



#### **Basic Compliance Policy**

The Toa Reinsurance Group positions compliance at the core of all business activities, and we have set forth this policy so that all personnel remain aware of the Toa Reinsurance Group's social responsibility and implement compliance on a daily basis.

#### 1. Purpose of activities

With the aim of putting into practice our Mission Statement of "Providing Peace of Mind," comply with laws and regulations and carry on fair and honest business activities in accordance with societal norms and corporate ethics.

#### 2. Compliance promotion structure

- (1) Establish a compliance function (hereinafter "Compliance Department") within the head office that will promote compliance activities and provide centralized management of compliance-related matters.
- (2) Formulate compliance-related policies and rules and, via the Compliance Department, promote full knowledge and observance of those policies and rules among all the personnel of the group.
- (3) Carry out regular training and monitoring to fully develop a compliance-oriented corporate culture.
- (4) Put in place a reporting and consultation system for compliance-related problems and endeavor to ensure early detection and correction.

#### 3. Code of Conduct

For the practical implementation of this policy as a group, the following Code of Conduct has been defined.

- (1) Conformity to laws, regulations, and ethical standards

  For the execution of fair and honest corporate activities, conform to all laws and regulations and act in
  accordance with ethical standards.
- (2) Free and fair competition

  Always be aware of the great importance of the social responsibility of the reinsurance industry, and carry out sound management based on fairness, transparency, and free competition.
- (3) Prohibition of conflicts of interest

  So as not to unfairly damage customer interests, manage transactions where there is a danger of a conflict of interest.
- (4) Prohibition of insider trading

  Do not trade a company's stock etc. using information that has not been made public, and do not advise such trading by communicating such information to another person.
- (5) Protection of intellectual property

  Respect the intellectual property possessed by others and take care not to infringe upon it.
- (6) Handling of antisocial forcesTake a firm approach to antisocial forces that are a threat to the order and safety of society.

# (7) Anti-Money Laundering / Countering the Financing of Terrorism Endeavor to ensure that our group products and services are not used to transfer the proceeds of crime, to supply funds to terrorists, or to provide funds for the dissemination of weapons of mass destruction.

#### (8) Prohibition of bribery

Do not provide or accept gifts, entertainment, or other benefits that are inappropriate or that exceed the scope of socially accepted practices.

(9) Communication with society and disclosure of company information Maintain wide-ranging communication with shareholders as well as other members of society, actively and fairly disclose company information, and strive to properly manage information.

#### (10) Social contributions activities

Actively engage in social contribution activities as a good corporate citizen.

#### (11) Respect for human rights

Respect basic human rights and refuse to accept any discrimination based on race, nationality, gender, age, physical differences, etc.

#### (12) Protection of the global environment

Recognizing that measures for the protection of the global environment are indispensable for the existence and functioning of a company, actively and voluntarily take action aimed at the realization of a sustainable society.

#### (13) Conscientious action

To ensure that our group corporate value and our stakeholders' interests are not damaged or infringed upon, act in a conscientious manner based on a strong sense of ethics and with decency as a member of society.

#### (14) Protection of company assets

Use company assets only for business activities and ensure that they are not damaged.

#### (15) Information management

Personal information and other confidential information that is acquired in conjunction with work is to be handled appropriately based on laws, regulations, etc.

#### (16) Reporting and consultations

If you notice an unethical act or an act which violates a law, regulation, etc.; report to and consult with your supervisor or the Whistleblowing system without delay. The company will not allow such reporting and consultation to result in disadvantageous treatment or retaliatory acts with respect to personnel who engaged in the reporting and consultation or personnel who cooperated with the subsequent investigation.

#### (17) Pursuit of best practices

Going beyond the guidelines stated here, pursue best practices at every opportunity.

#### **Declaration of Protection of Personal Data**

# Compliance with the Act on the Protection of Personal Information

The Company considers the management of information assets such as customer information, company information, and information systems to be an important management task.

Furthermore, in light of the importance of personal information protection, the Company has established the Privacy Policy presented below. The Company has also put in place internal regulations, including the Personal Information Handling Rules, and is working to ensure the proper use and secure management of personal information.

#### **Privacy Policy**

#### The Toa Reinsurance Company's Handling of the Protection of Personal Information

In light of the importance of protecting private information and to increase public trust in the non-life insurance industry, we, Toa Re, shall comply with the "Act on the Protection of Personal Information (Personal Information Protection Act)," the "Act on the Use of Numbers to Identify a Specific Individual in the Administrative Procedure (Numbers Act)," and other relevant laws, ordinances and guidelines, and the "Guidelines Concerning the Protection of Personal Information in General Insurance Companies" regulated by The General Insurance Association of Japan. The Company ensures that personal information obtained from other insurance companies and other sources is properly used and managed, and implement appropriate measures for the secure management of personal information in accordance with the business guidelines of the Financial Services Agency and The General Insurance Association of Japan.

The Company will conduct education and training for its employees so as to ensure that personal information is handled properly. The Company will also continuously work to improve the handling of personal information by, from time to time, reviewing and improving the handling of personal information, and implement appropriate measures to ensure that personal information is securely handled.

- \* Please refer to "Section 1 Handling of Personal Information" listed below for details regarding the handling of personal information other than the specific personal information.
- \* Please refer to "Section 2 Handling of Specific Personal Information" listed below for details regarding the handling of specific personal information.

#### **Section 1 Handling of Personal Information**

#### 1. Acquisition and Use of Personal Information

- (1) The Company collects and uses personal information in a lawful and proper manner to the extent necessary for the conduct of business.
- (2) The Company collects personal information through individuals' contract data, accounts, schedules, and other documentation provided by other insurance companies.

#### 2. Purposes of Use of Personal Information

The Company receives personal information from other insurance companies to the extent necessary for the purposes of use described below in order to contribute to the management stability and the expansion of the scope of underwriting of other insurance companies through reinsurance. The Company may modify a purpose of use described below only to the extent reasonably deemed to have relevance to the original purpose of use. In such cases, the Company will officially announce the details of the modification on its website or by other means. The Company will not use personal information for any other purpose.

- Reinsurance contract underwriting examinations
- The execution of reinsurance contracts or the provision of incidental services
- Payment of reinsurance claims
- The maintenance or management of reinsurance contracts
- Other matters incidental to the Company's business (Company-sponsored seminars, etc.)

#### 3. Items of Personal Information Collected

The personal information collected is information necessary for the conclusion of reinsurance contracts or the payment of reinsurance claims, which includes name, date of birth, gender, address, phone number and the details of insurance contracts.

# 4. Provision of Personal Information to Third Parties and Collection of Personal Information from Third Parties

- (1) The Company shall not provide personal data it has collected to any third party (including any party in a foreign country) except in accordance with laws or ordinances.
  - The Company shall not collect personal information from third parties for any reason other than those stated in 2. Purposes of Use of Personal Information above.
- (2) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, in the case of providing personal information to a third party, the Company shall record matters concerning such provision (date, the identity of the third party receiving the personal information from the Company, the type of personal information provided, etc.), and in the case of collecting personal information from a third party (including the case where information concerning individuals is collected as personal data), the Company shall check and record matters concerning such collection(date, the identity of the third party providing the personal information to the Company, the type of personal information collected, how the third party providing the personal information to the Company collected such information, etc.).

#### 5. Provision to a third party of information concerning individuals

- (1) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, when the Company assumes that a third party is collecting information concerning individuals as personal data, the Company will not provide the subject data without first confirming that the third party has obtained from the subject persons agreement that the subject information be collected.
- (2) Unless otherwise stipulated by laws and ordinances, in the case of providing information concerning individuals to a third party based on the confirmation in (1) above, the Company shall check and record matters concerning such provision (date, the identity of the third party receiving the information from the Company, the type of information concerning individuals provided, how the third party obtained the agreement of the subject persons, etc.).

#### 6. Outsourcing of Handling of Personal Data

When outsourcing the handling of personal data to external institutions within the scope necessary for achievement of the purposes of use, the Company applies criteria for selection of institutions to which the handling is to be outsourced, checks in advance the information management systems of the institutions, and carries out necessary supervision of the institutions, including monitoring of the institutions' business execution after outsourcing of handling of personal data.

#### 7. Handling of Credit Information

In accordance with the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act, the Company will not use information provided by any credit information organization (which means any organization that collects information regarding individuals' ability to repay debts and provides such information to the Company) regarding individuals' ability to repay debts for any purposes other than investigating the individuals' ability to repay debts.

#### 8. Handling of Sensitive Information

The Company shall not collect, use, or provide to any third party any personal information whose handling requires special consideration specified by the Act on the Protection of Personal Information or any personal information regarding membership in a labor union, ancestry, domicile by birth, healthcare or sexual life (excluding information that is made open to the public by the individual, a government organization, a local government, an academic research institutes, a person described in each item of Article 57, Paragraph 1 of the Act on the Protection of Personal Information or a person described in each item of the Enforcement Regulations, or obvious information from an external form obtained by observation of the individual or capturing the image of the individual; hereinafter "sensitive information") unless the party falls under the following conditions.

- With the consent of the person, when sensitive information is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of ensuring proper business execution or operation of the insurance business
- When sensitive information is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of execution of business including payment of insurance claims where inheritance procedures are involved
- When sensitive information of the employee who is affiliated or associated with organizations including political or religious organizations or labor union is acquired, used or provided to third parties to the extent necessary for the purpose of execution of receipt of insurance premiums, etc.
- Cases in accordance with laws and ordinances
- When it is necessary for the protection of the life, body, or property of an individual
- Cases in which the handling of personal information is specially necessary for improving public health or promoting the sound growth of children
- When it is necessary for the execution of affairs in accordance with laws and ordinances by the national government or local government, or any parties entrusted by the above units
- When it is for academic research purposes

# 9. Notification, Disclosure, Correction, or Cessation of Use of Personal Data in Accordance with the Personal Information Protection Act

The Company responds appropriately and promptly when it receives requests for notification, disclosure, correction, or cessation of use of personal data. Please refer to the contact information below. The Company performs a procedure by which it has the requesting party fill in its prescribed form and confirms that the requesting party is the subject person, and then it provides a response at a subsequent date. We appreciate your understanding that costs for handling charges may incurred in case of the notification and disclosure of the use of the retained personal data.

#### 10. Summary of Measures to Ensure the Secure Management of Personal Data

The Company has established the Personal Information Handling Regulations and other rules to prevent any divulgence or loss of or damage to personal data handled by the Company and to ensure that personal data is otherwise securely managed and has implemented security measures, including the establishment of a structure for enforcing security management measures based on those rules and regulations. When handling personal information, the Company always implements appropriate measures to ensure personal information is accurate and current. The main content of the Personal Information Handling Regulations is as follows.

- (1) Establishment of a basic policy
  - To ensure the proper handling of personal data, the Company will prepare, and revise as necessary, this declaration concerning compliance with relevant laws, ordinances, and guidelines; matters related to security management measures; contacts for question and complaint processing; etc.
- (2) Establishment of handling regulations for the safe management of personal data For each level of collection and input, usage and processing, storage and preservation, transport and transmission, deletion and disposal, and other activities; establish, and revise as necessary, regulations specifying handling methods, the persons responsible and the persons to do the work, the tasks involved, etc. For questions concerning security management measures, please refer to the contact information below.

(3) Monitoring of institutions to which the handling is outsourced When outsourcing the handling of personal data, establish, and regularly revise, handling regulations for the outsourcing in order to ensure the selection of an institution which properly handles personal data and to ensure the implementation of security management measures at the institution.

#### **Section 2 Handling of Specific Personal Information**

Specific personal information refers to the personal information including "Individual Number."

#### 1. Acquisition and Use of Specific Personal Information

The Company collects and uses specific personal information in a lawful and proper manner. Unless otherwise stated by laws and ordinances, the request for the provision of specific personal information is prohibited.

#### 2. Extent of Use of Specific Personal Information

The Company uses specific personal information to the extent of use described below in accordance with laws and ordinances. The Company shall not acquire, use or provide to third parties the specific personal information other than the purposes listed below.

- (1) Execution of affairs in accordance with laws and ordinances concerning "Individual Number"

  ①Affairs concerning the preparation of report of payment for remuneration or rewards, distribution of dividends or surplus, interest on funds, real estate charges, acquisition of real estate, etc.
  - ②Affairs including the preparation of withholding record of the income of the employee (including the dependents) and the notification for the unemployment insurance, health insurance and pension insurance
- (2) Under the following conditions in accordance with laws and ordinances
  - When payment of money occurs during severe disasters
  - ②Cases in which the handling of personal information is necessary for the protection of the life, body, or
    property of an individual and in which the consent of the person is obtained or it is difficult to obtain the
    consent of the person

#### 3. Outsourcing of Handling of Specific Personal Information

The Company may outsource part of the affairs concerning "Individual Number" to another business body. When outsourcing the handling of specific personal information, the Company applies criteria for selection of institutions to which the handling is to be outsourced, checks in advance the information management systems of the institutions, and carries out necessary supervision of the institutions.

#### 4. Summary of Measures to Ensure the Secure Management of Specific Personal Information

The Company has implemented sufficient security measures, including the establishment of the handling regulations and the structure for enforcing security management measures to prevent any divulgence or loss of or damage to specific personal information handled by the Company and to ensure that specific personal information is otherwise securely managed. The main content of the Specific Personal Information Handling Regulations is as follows.

- (1) Establishment of a basic policy

  To ensure the proper handling of personal data, the Company will prepare, and revise as necessary, this declaration concerning compliance with relevant laws, ordinances, and guidelines; matters related to security management measures; contacts for question and complaint processing; etc.
- (2) Establishment of handling regulations for the safe management of personal data

  For each level of collection and input, usage and processing, storage and preservation, transport and
  transmission, deletion and disposal, and other activities; establish, and revise as necessary, regulations
  specifying handling methods, the persons responsible and the persons to do the work, the tasks involved, etc.
  For questions concerning security management measures, please refer to the contact information below.

(3) Monitoring of institutions to which the handling is outsourced
When outsourcing the handling of personal data, establish, and regularly revise, handling regulations for the
outsourcing in order to ensure the selection of an institution which properly handles personal data and to
ensure the implementation of security management measures at the institution.

#### Section 3 The Collection, Usage, and Provision of Information Linked to Identifiers (with Cookies, etc.)

Cookies are text format information that is sent by the website and stored by the web browser when a website is viewed. A web beacon is a mechanism by which a small image embedded in a webpage or email is used to trigger the sending of information when the user views that page or email. The websites operated by the Company utilize cookies, web beacons, and other similar technologies (hereinafter referred to collectively as "Cookies") in order to store and use customer information. The Company uses Google Analytics (provided by Google Inc.) as a service capable of statistically gathering and analyzing the identifiers stored in Cookies. Please see the sites below for the privacy policy of services provided by Google and for information on Google Analytics' collection and handling of information using cookies.

Customers are able to opt out of Google Analytics using a browser add-on for opt-out use.

#### Google Analytics

Collection and handling of information by cookies in the services provided by Google. https://policies.google.com/technologies/partner-sites?hl=en

Privacy policy of services provided by Google https://policies.google.com/privacy?hl=en

To opt out of Google Analytics https://tools.google.com/dlpage/gaoptout?hl=en

#### **Section 4 General Inquiry**

Please contact us by using the following information for the inquiries, counseling and complaints concerning the handling of personal information (including specific personal information described above) as well as for the notification of the purpose of use, etc.

<Contacts>

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited

Compliance Department

Contact for Personal Information

Tel: 03-3253-3309

(Operation hours: 9:30a.m. - 5:00p.m. Closed on Sat., Sun., Public Holidays, the Year-end and New Year Holidays)

The Company is a member of The General Insurance Association of Japan, an authorized personal information protection organization. The Association handles inquiries and complaints concerning the handling of personal information of the affiliated companies.

<Contacts>

The General Insurance Association of Japan, General Insurance ADR Center (General Insurance Counseling and ADR Center)

Address: 7/F WATERRAS ANNEX, 2-105 Kanda-awajicho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 101-0063

Tel: 03-3255-1470

(Operation hours: 9:00a.m. - 5:00p.m. Closed on Sat., Sun., Public Holidays, the Year-end and New Year Holidays)

Year Holidays)

Website: https://www.sonpo.or.jp/en/

# Review of Operations

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited, and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

#### **Underwriting Income and Expenses**

Underwriting income for the consolidated fiscal year increased ¥18,685 million year on year to ¥328,683 million, mainly owing to an increase in net premiums written. Meanwhile, underwriting expenses for the consolidated fiscal year increased ¥5,669 million year on year to ¥316,165 million, mainly because net claims paid increased. As a result, underwriting income after deducting underwriting expenses for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to ¥12,517 million, an increase of ¥13,016 million year on year.

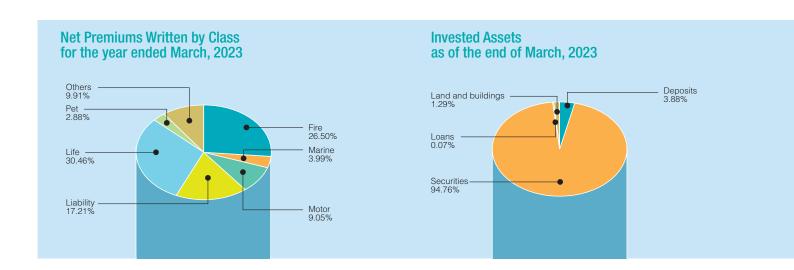
#### **Investment Income and Expenses**

Investment income for the consolidated fiscal year increased ¥665 million year on year to ¥20,210 million, mainly owing to an increase in interest and dividends income. Meanwhile, investment expenses increased ¥11,622 million year on year to ¥13,626 million, mainly owing to an increase in loss on trading securities. As a result, investment income after deducting investment

expenses for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to ¥6,583 million, a decrease of ¥10,957 million year on year. The return on investment (income yield) increased 0.86 percentage points to 3.21%.

#### **Ordinary Profit/Loss**

Ordinary profit/loss is calculated by deducting underwriting, investment, operating and general administrative expenses, and other ordinary expenses from underwriting, investment, and other ordinary income. For the consolidated fiscal year, ordinary income amounted to  $\pm 3,238$  million, an increase of  $\pm 2,410$  million year on year. After deducting extraordinary loss and current and deferred income taxes, net income attributable to owners of the parent for the consolidated fiscal year amounted to  $\pm 2,450$  million, an increase of  $\pm 3,699$  million year on year.



# Consolidated Summary of Underwriting

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

	Million	Millions of yen	
	2023	2022	U.S. dollars <b>2023</b>
Fire			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	¥ 85,009 65,023 76.49%	¥ 80,813 47,887 59.26%	\$ 636,628 486,954
Marine			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	12,808 7,372 57.56%	11,409 6,946 60.88%	95,918 55,208
Motor			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	29,042 19,318 66.52%	33,328 20,010 60.04%	217,494 144,671
Liability			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	55,214 35,424 64.16%	47,595 19,746 41.49%	413,495 265,288
Life			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	97,713 86,938 88.97%	93,051 77,403 83.18%	731,768 651,074
Pet			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	9,233 5,514 59.72%	10,990 6,129 55.77%	69,145 41,294
Others			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	31,799 15,787 49.65%	24,833 11,287 45.45%	238,141 118,228
Total			
Net premiums written Net claims paid Net loss ratio	¥320,822 235,379 73.37%	¥302,024 189,411 62.71%	\$2,402,621 1,762,742

# **Consolidated Summary of Investments**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

Invested Assets	Millions of yen		Percentage of total		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	
Deposits	¥ 27,627	¥ 31,343	3.05%	3.64%	\$ 206,897	
Call Ioan	_	_	_	_	_	
Monetary receivables bought	_	5,999	_	0.70	_	
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_	
Securities	675,100	658,893	74.53	76.58	5,055,792	
Loans	510	512	0.06	0.06	3,819	
Land and buildings	9,218	9,278	1.02	1.08	69,033	
Total	712,456	706,027	78.66	82.06	5,335,550	
Total assets	¥905,749	¥860,421	100.00%	100.00%	\$6,783,112	

<ul> <li>Securities</li> </ul>	Millior	ns of yen	Percentag	e of total	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023
Government bonds	¥ 9,668	¥ 8,898	1.43%	1.35%	<b>\$</b> 72,403
Corporate bonds	127,312	150,653	18.86	22.86	953,433
Stocks	108,916	105,592	16.13	16.03	815,666
Foreign securities	421,036	384,548	62.37	58.36	3,153,119
Other securities	8,166	9,201	1.21	1.40	61,154
Total	¥675,100	¥658,893	100.00%	100.00%	\$5,055,792

Interest and Dividend Income	Millio	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2023	2022	2023	
Cash in Bank	¥ 43	¥ 9	\$ 322	
Call loan	<u> </u>	0	_	
Monetary receivables bought	0	6	0	
Money held in trust	<del>_</del>	21	_	
Securities	18,646	12,545	139,639	
Loans	1	1	7	
Land and buildings	130	109	973	
Subtotal	18,822	12,693	140,957	
Others	(107)	224	(801)	
Total	¥18,714	¥12,918	\$140,148	

Overseas Investment	Million	Percentage of total		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023
Foreign currency					
Foreign bonds	¥352,082	¥320,882	<b>79.90%</b>	78.56%	\$2,636,725
Foreign stocks	3,522	16,752	0.80	4.10	26,376
Others	72,198	47,438	16.39	11.62	540,687
Subtotal	427,803	385,073	97.09	94.28	3,203,796
Yen					
Foreign bonds	10,034	12,053	2.28	2.95	75,144
Others	2,807	11,307	0.63	2.77	21,021
Subtotal	12,841	23,360	2.91	5.72	96,165
Total	¥440,645	¥408,434	100.00%	100.00%	\$3,299,970

# **Consolidated Financial Statements**

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries As of 31st March 2023 and 2022

ASSETS	Million	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
	2023	2022	2023	
Cash and deposits	¥ 27,627	¥ 31,344	\$ 206,89	
Monetary receivables bought		5,999	-	
Securities (Notes 5(2) and (4))	675,100	658,893	5,055,79	
Loans (Note 5 (3))	510	512	3,81	
Tangible fixed assets (Note 5 (1))	310	312	3,01	
Land	6,780	6,744	50.77	
Buildings	2,437	2,533	18,25	
Leased assets	176	273	1,31	
Other tangible fixed assets	577	292	4,32	
	9,972	9,844	74,67	
Intangible fixed assets				
Software	835	1,534	6,25	
Other intangible fixed assets	2	2	1	
	837	1,536	6,26	
Other assets				
Foreign reinsurance accounts receivable	110,244	89,096	825,61	
Rest of other assets	48,866	37,450	365,95	
	159,110	126,547	1,191,56	
Deferred tax assets	33,723	27,083	252,54	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,133)	(1,339)	(8,48	
Total assets	¥905,749	¥860,421	\$6,783,11	
	Millions of yen			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Millior	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Millior <b>2023</b>	ns of yen 2022	U.S. dollars	
			U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
Liabilities			U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
<b>Liabilities</b> Underwriting funds	2023	2022	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims	2023 ¥392,277	2022 ¥346,775	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74	
<b>Liabilities</b> Underwriting funds	2023 ¥392,277 248,666	2022 ¥346,775 249,495	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,95	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities	¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,98 368,02 58,19	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,98 368,02 58,19	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors	¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law	¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117 11,472 11,472	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117 11,472 11,472	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117 11,472 11,472	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117 11,472 11,472 11,472 709,446	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock	2023 ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117 11,472 11,472 709,446 5,000 456	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023 \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,95 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00 37,44 3,41 921,80	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649)	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))  2023  \$2,937,74  1,862,24  4,799,99  368,02  58,19  85,91  5,313,00  37,44  3,41  921,80 (34,81	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,95 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,80 (34,81	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,80 (34,81 927,84	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895  41,708	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617 68,430	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,80 (34,81 927,84	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895  41,708 30,769	2022 ¥346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617 68,430 12,876	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,95 368,02 58,15 85,91 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,86 (34,81 927,84 312,34 230,42	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895  41,708 30,769 (70)	\$346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617 68,430 12,876 (2,616)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,80 (34,81 927,84 230,42 (52	
Liabilities Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities,net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895  41,708 30,769 (70) 72,407	\$346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617 68,430 12,876 (2,616) 78,690	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2)) 2023  \$2,937,74 1,862,24 4,799,99 368,02 58,19 85,91 5,313,00  37,44 3,41 921,80 (34,81 927,84 230,42 (52 542,25	
Underwriting funds Outstanding claims Underwriting reserves  Other liabilities Net defined benefit liabilities Accrued retirement benefits for directors Reserve under the special law Reserve for price fluctuation  Total liabilities  Net assets Shareholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stock  Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax Net foreign currency translation adjustments	2023  ¥392,277 248,666 640,943 49,142 7,771 117  11,472 11,472 709,446  5,000 456 123,088 (4,649) 123,895  41,708 30,769 (70)	\$346,775 249,495 596,270 41,405 10,099 101 11,236 659,114 5,000 456 121,810 (4,649) 122,617 68,430 12,876 (2,616)	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	

# Consolidated Statement of Income

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

	Million	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Ordinary income and expenses:			
Ordinary income			
Underwriting income			
Net premiums written	¥320,822	¥302,024	\$2,402,62 <sup>-</sup>
Investment income on deposit premiums	229	199	1,714
Reversal of underwriting reserves	4,720	5,815	35,34
Other underwriting income	2,912	1,959	21,80
3	328,683	309,997	2,461,49
Investment income	2,222	,	, - , -
Interest and dividends income	18,714	12,896	140,148
Gain on trading securities		3,075	· <u> </u>
Gain on sales of securities	1,146	3,249	8,582
Gain on redemption of securities	152	348	1,138
Gain on derivatives	413	_	3,092
Other investment income	12	174	89
Transfer of investment income on deposit premiums	(229)	(199)	(1,714
	20,210	19,544	151,35
Other ordinary income	443	262	3,31
	349,337	329,804	2,616,16
Ordinary expenses	0.10,001	020,00	_,0:0,:0
Underwriting expenses			
Net claims paid	235,379	189,411	1,762,742
Commissions and brokerage (Note 6(1))	61,596	63,604	461,289
Provision for outstanding claims	19,190	57,480	143,713
<b>C</b>	316,165	310,496	2,367,74
Investment expenses	, ,	, , , , ,	,,,,,,
Loss on money held in trust	_	133	_
Loss on trading securities	7,604	_	56,946
Loss on sales of securities	2,040	659	15,27
Impairment losses on securities	114	94	853
Loss on redemption of securities	741	968	5,549
Loss on derivatives	_	66	· <u> </u>
Other investment expenses	3,125	81	23,40
	13,626	2,003	102,044
Operating and general administrative expenses (Note 6 (1))	16,119	15,069	120,71
Other ordinary expenses			
Interest expenses	0	0	(
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts	_	1,302	_
Other expenses	187	105	1,400
	187	1,407	1,400
	346,099	328,977	2,591,919
Ordinary profit	¥ 3,238	¥ 827	\$ 24,249

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Extraordinary income and loss:			
Extraordinary income			
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	¥ —	¥ 2	<b>\$</b> —
	_	2	_
Extraordinary loss			
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	0	0	0
Provision for reserve under the special law			
Provision for reserve for price fluctuation	235	277	1,759
	236	278	1,767
Income before income taxes	3,001	551	22,474
Income taxes:			
Current	342	336	2,561
Deferred	208	1,463	1,557
	550	1,799	4,118
Net income (loss)	2,450	(1,248)	18,347
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	¥ 2,450	¥(1,248)	\$ 18,347

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the year ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Comprehensive income			
Net income (loss)	¥ 2,450	¥ (1,248)	\$ 18,347
Other comprehensive income			
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	(26,721)	9,684	(200,112)
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	17,892	11,312	133,992
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	2,546	467	19,066
Total other comprehensive income (Note 7(1))	(6,282)	21,463	(47,045)
	¥ (3,831)	¥20,215	\$ (28,690)
(Breakdown)			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	¥ (3,831)	¥20,215	\$ (28,690)
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	_		_

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

or the year ended 31st March 2023			Millions of yen		
_		S	hareholders' equity		
_	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥5,000	¥456	¥121,810	¥(4,649)	¥122,617
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(7)		(7)
Restated balance	5,000	456	121,802	(4,649)	122,609
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings			(1,165)		(1,165)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			2,450		2,450
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during the period	_	_	1,285	_	1,285
Balance at the end of the period	¥5,000	¥456	¥123,088	¥(4,649)	¥123,895

	Ac	ccumulated other c	comprehensive income	<del></del>	
	Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥ 68,430	¥12,876	¥ (2,616)	¥78,690	¥201,307
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					(7)
Restated balance	68,430	12,876	(2,616)	78,690	201,299
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(1,165)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent					2,450
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	(26,721)	17,892	2,546	(6,282)	(6,282)
Total changes during the period	(26,721)	17,892	2,546	(6,282)	(4,996)
Balance at the end of the period	¥ 41,708	¥30,769	¥ (70)	¥72,407	¥196,303

Thousands	of	U.S.	dollars	(Note	1(2)

_		S	hareholders' equity		
_	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$37,444	\$3,414	\$912,229	\$(34,816)	\$918,273
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(52)		(52)
Restated balance	37,444	3,414	912,169	(34,816)	918,213
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings			(8,724)		(8,724)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			18,347		18,347
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during the period	_	_	9,623	_	9,623
Balance at the end of the period	\$37,444	\$3,414	\$921,800	\$(34,816)	\$927,843

	Ac	Accumulated other comprehensive income			
	Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$ 512,469	\$ 96,427	\$(19,591)	\$589,305	\$1,507,578
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					(52)
Restated balance	512,469	96,427	(19,591)	589,305	1,507,518
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(8,724)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent					18,347
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	(200,112)	133,992	19,066	(47,045)	(47,045)
Total changes during the period	(200,112)	133,992	19,066	(47,045)	(37,414)
Balance at the end of the period	\$ 312,349	\$230,427	\$ (524)	\$542,252	\$1,470,104

## For the year ended 31st March 2022

lions	

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥5,000	¥456	¥124,224	¥(4,649)	¥125,031
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					
Restated balance	5,000	456	124,224	(4,649)	125,031
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings			(1,165)		(1,165)
Net loss attributable to owners of the parent			(1,248)		(1,248)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during the period	_	_	(2,413)	_	(2,413)
Balance at the end of the period	¥5,000	¥456	¥121,810	¥(4,649)	¥122,617

	Accumulated other comprehensive income				
	Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes	Net foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥58,745	¥1,564	¥(3,084)	¥57,226	¥182,257
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					
Restated balance	58,745	1,564	(3,084)	57,226	182,257
Changes during the period					
Dividends from retained earnings					(1,165)
Net loss attributable to owners of the parent					(1,248)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	9,684	11,312	467	21,463	21,463
Total changes during the period	9,684	11,312	467	21,463	19,050
Balance at the end of the period	¥68,430	¥12,876	¥(2,616)	¥78,690	¥201,307

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited and Subsidiaries For the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022

	Millio	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
ash flows from operating activities			
Income before income taxes	¥ 3,001	¥ 551	\$ 22,47
Depreciation and amortization	1,099	1,065	8,23
Increase (decrease) in outstanding claims	16,368	56,690	122,57
Increase (decrease) in underwriting reserves	(5,870)	(6,319)	(43,96
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(205)	1,302	(1,53
Increase (decrease) in accrued retirement benefits for directors	15	(5)	11
Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses for employees	(12)	5	(8)
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities	364	765	2,72
Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuation	235	277	1,75
Interest and dividends income	(18,714)	(12,896)	(140,14
Loss (gain) on securities	9,204	(4,948)	68,92
Interest expenses	0	0	•
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	4,192	387	31,39
Loss (gain) on tangible fixed assets	0	(1)	•
Loss (gain) on money held in trust	_	133	_
Decrease (increase) in other assets (other than investing and financing activities)	(22,567)	(11,655)	(169,00
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities (other than investing and financing activities)	5,898	2,080	44,16
Others, net	(2,311)	(440)	(17,30
Subtotal	(9,301)	26,992	(69,65
Interest and dividends received	18,421	13,395	137,95
Interest paid	(0)	(0)	
Income taxes paid	(822)	(2,051)	(6,15
Income taxes refund	1,137	476	8,51
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,435	38,813	70,65
ash flows from investing activities			
Net decrease (increase) in deposits	316	11	2,36
Decrease in money held in trust	_	8,734	· -
Purchases of securities	(171,240)	(251,613)	(1,282,40
Proceeds from sales or redemption of securities	173,307	203,522	1,297,88
Proceeds from collection of loans	1	1	
Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions	2,385	(39,343)	17,86
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions	<b>11,821</b>	(530)	88,52
Purchases of tangible fixed assets	(285)	(160)	(2,13
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	_	3	_
Purchases of intangible fixed assets	_	(4)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,100	(39,505)	15,72
ash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid	(1,165)	(1,165)	(8,72
Repayment for lease liabilities	(174)	(133)	(1,30
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,339)	(1,298)	(10,02
ffect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	4,915	3,317	36,80
let increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	15,112	1,326	113,17
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	63,997	62,671	479,27
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 9(1))	¥ 79,109	¥ 63,997	\$ 592,44

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 1. Basis of Presenting the Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Companies") are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to both application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

The consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Japan.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements incorporate certain reclassifications and rearrangements in order to present them in a form that is more familiar to readers outside Japan.

- (2) Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan. The rate of ¥133.53 = US\$1, the rate of exchange on 31st March 2023, has been used in translation. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that Japanese yen has been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at this rate or any other rate.
- (3) Fractional amounts of less than ¥1 million or \$1 thousand have been rounded down. Accordingly, the totals in yen and US dollars do not necessarily agree with the sum of the individual amounts.

#### Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

- (1) Scope of Consolidation
  - A. Consolidated Subsidiaries

Of the Company's subsidiaries, two subsidiaries are consolidated. The names of the consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

- The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (U.S.A.)
- The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co., Ltd. (Switzerland)
- B. Non-consolidated Subsidiary

The other subsidiary is a small-scale operations, in terms of total assets, ordinary profit (loss), net income (loss) for the year and retained earnings, and is excluded from the scope of consolidation, due to its insignificant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company as a whole. The name of the non-consolidated subsidiary is as follows:

• Sundai Company, Limited.

#### (2) Application of the Equity Method

Since the effect of the non-consolidated subsidiary on the net income (loss) for the year and the retained earnings is negligible and it is considered immaterial, this company is not accounted for by the equity method.

#### (3) Fiscal Years of Consolidated Subsidiaries

The fiscal year ends of all consolidated subsidiaries are 31st December. Since the differences in the fiscal year ends do not exceed three months, financial statements as of the fiscal year end of each subsidiary are used in preparing the consolidated financial statements. As for significant transactions occurring between that date and the date of the Company's fiscal year end, necessary adjustments are made upon consolidation.

#### 4) Significant Accounting Policies

- A. Financial Instruments
  - (a) Trading Securities

Trading securities are carried at fair value. Cost of sales is calculated using cost determined by the moving-average method.

- (b) Stocks of Non-consolidated Subsidiaries not Accounted for by the Equity Method Stocks of non-consolidated subsidiaries not accounted for by the equity method are recorded at cost determined by the moving-average method.
- (c) Available-for-sale Securities

Available-for-sale securities with fair value are carried at fair value based on the prices prevailing in the market on the balance sheet date and others. Unrealized gains or losses, net of tax are included in a separate component of net assets. Cost of sales is calculated using cost determined by the moving-average method. Available-for-sale securities with no market prices are recorded at cost or amortized cost determined by the moving-average method.

## (d) Money Held in Trust

Securities held in individually managed money trusts that are mainly invested in securities for trading are carried at fair value.

(e) Derivatives

Derivatives are carried at fair value.

- B. Depreciation Method for Fixed Assets
  - (a) Tangible Fixed Assets (Except for Leased Assets)

    Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (except for lease

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (except for leased assets) held by the Company is calculated by the declining balance method.

However, the depreciation of buildings (except for fixtures attached to buildings) acquired on or after 1st April 1998, and the depreciation of fixtures attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after 1st April 2016, are calculated by the straight-line method.

Depreciation of property and equipment held by consolidated subsidiaries is mainly calculated by the straight-line method.

(b) Intangible Fixed Assets (Except for Leased Assets)
Amortization of intangible fixed assets (except for leased assets) is calculated by the straight-line method. Amortization of software for internal use is calculated by the straight-line method over its estimated useful life (5 years).

#### (c) Leased Assets

Depreciation of leased assets held by the Company with regard to finance leases for which ownership does not transfer to the lessees is calculated by the straight-line method over a period up to the length of the relevant lease contracts with no residual value.

#### C. Accounting Policies for Major Reserves

#### (a) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company books an allowance for doubtful accounts, in accordance with the standard for self-assessment of assets and rules for write-offs and provisions, as follows:

- (i) For debts of debtors who are legally or formally bankrupt (due to bankruptcy, special liquidation or suspension of service at clearing houses, etc.) or virtually bankrupt, a reserve is provided based on the amount that remains after anticipated proceeds from the disposal of collateral and the anticipated recovery of debt through guarantees are deducted from the debt balances.
- (ii) For debts of debtors who are likely to become bankrupt, a reserve is provided based on the amount considered to be necessary to cover the amount that remains after anticipated proceeds from the disposal of collateral and the anticipated recovery of debt through guarantees are deducted from the debt balances. This reserve amount is based on an overall judgment regarding the solvency status of each debtor.
- (iii) For debts other than those described above, a reserve is provided for an amount determined by multiplying debt balances by the default rate, which is computed based on historical loan loss experience in certain previous period.

All debts are assessed by each asset management department of the Company in accordance with the standard for self-assessment of assets. The allowance for doubtful accounts mentioned above is computed based on the result of this assessment and rules for write-offs and provisions. These results are audited by the Internal Audit Department which is independent from each department.

### (b) Accrued Retirement Benefits for Directors

Accrued retirement benefits for directors are provided on the basis of the estimated amounts to be paid based on internally established rules at the end of the fiscal year.

## (c) Reserve for Price Fluctuation

The Company books a reserve for price fluctuation in accordance with Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act to provide for contingent losses caused by price fluctuation on stocks and other investments.

#### D. Retirement Benefits

(a) Method of Attributing Expected Retirement Benefits to Periods

In calculating retirement benefit obligations, the method of attributing the expected retirement benefits to periods is mainly based on the benefit formula method.

(b) Method for Amortizing Actuarial Differences and Prior Service Cost

The Company fully amortizes actuarial differences in the following fiscal year.

The consolidated subsidiary amortizes prior service costs using the straight-line method over a certain period within the average remaining service period of employees at the time of occurrence (5.8 years).

#### E. Hedge Accounting

The fair value hedge accounting and the assignment accounting are applied to certain forward foreign exchange contracts utilized to hedge future foreign exchange risk associated with monetary credits and debts, etc. denominated in foreign currencies. Assessment of hedge effectiveness is omitted since the hedge is highly effective because the principal conditions of the hedging instruments and the hedged items are identical, and meets the required conditions to apply the assignment accounting.

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows comprise cash on hand, deposits able to be withdrawn on demand and short-term investments such as time deposits with original maturities of three months or less and which have minimal risk of fluctuation in value.

#### G. Other Significant Accounting Policies Consumption Tax Accounting Treatment

Consumption tax is accounted for separately from the transactions subject to such tax. However, the consumption tax on certain expenses, such as operating and general administrative expenses, is included in those expenses. Non-deductible consumption tax on the purchase of assets is included in "Rest of other assets" and amortized evenly over a period of five years.

H. Accounting Treatments Pertaining to Insurance Contracts With regard to accounting treatments pertaining to insurance contracts, including net premiums written, outstanding claims and underwriting reserves, the Company complies with the provisions of laws and regulations, such as the Insurance Business Act.

## 3. Significant Accounting Estimates

### (1) Deferred Tax Assets

A. Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2023 and 2022:

Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
2023	2022	2023
¥33,723	¥27,083	\$252,549

- B. Information on the details of significant accounting estimates pertaining to identified items
  - (a) Calculation method of estimates and principal assumptions used for calculation

The Company records deferred tax assets by determining the company classification and taking into account the amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences expected against deductible temporary differences, and the schedule for the year in which the deductible temporary differences are anticipated to reverse, on the basis of "Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Guidance No. 26). Deferred tax assets are recorded partly for tax loss carryforwards of consolidated subsidiaries on the basis of anticipated future taxable income.

The estimated amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences and the company classification are based on future forecasts of profit and loss as well as previous fiscal years' performance. The recoverability of deferred tax assets is judged based on the estimated amount of taxable income before addition or deduction of temporary differences. Net premiums written, net claims paid and provision for outstanding claims, which serve as the principal assumptions of future forecasts of profit and loss, are calculated based on past business results and budgets formulated based on the medium-term management plan. These amounts of estimates in the future forecasts of profit and loss will affect the taxable income in and after the following fiscal year.

With regard to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on net claims paid and provision for outstanding claims, the Company made an estimate of the fiscal year in which part of the outstanding claims incurred in the current fiscal year will be included in deductible expenses, and of the amount of net claims paid and provision for outstanding claims that will be newly incurred in and after the following fiscal year (forecast based on the publicly announced number of deaths in life reinsurance, actual payments made, etc.).

(b) Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year

As deferred tax assets are recorded on the basis of forecasts and assumptions of future taxable income, the amount of deferred tax assets recorded could fluctuate in cases where there are changes in judgments of the recoverability of deductible temporary differences or tax loss carryforwards due to actual taxable income and future business results.

### (2) Outstanding Claims

A. Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2023 and 2022:

¥392,277	¥346,775	\$2,937,744
2023	2022	2023
Millions	of yen	(Note 1(2))
		U.S. dollars
		mousands of

- B. Information on the details of significant accounting estimates pertaining to identified items
  - (a) Calculation method of estimates and principal assumptions used for calculation

Pursuant to the provisions of laws and regulations, such as the Insurance Business Act, with regard to insurance claims, etc. for which the obligation of payment has occurred based on insurance contracts (including those for which suits are pending pertaining to the said payment obligation), but that have not been recorded as expenditures in each accounting period (hereinafter "ordinary outstanding claims"), the cedants, etc. will estimate the amount required for such payment, and the Company will record the amount based on the written notices on outstanding claims, etc. which reflect the results of estimates made by the cedants, etc. and submitted to the Company.

Likewise, with regard to insurance claims, etc. for which causes for payment specified in insurance contracts are considered to have arisen but no report on the occurrence of such causes for payment have been received (hereinafter "IBNR reserves"), the Company records the amounts necessary for the said payments, which are rationally calculated by a statistical estimating method on the basis of claims paid, ordinary outstanding claims, etc.

(b) Impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year

Outstanding claims could fluctuate from the initial amounts of estimates necessary for the said payments in cases where they are affected by future changes in circumstances such as judicial precedents pertaining to each cause for payment, revisions of laws and regulations and fluctuations in exchange rates. In addition, IBNR reserves could fluctuate in or after the following fiscal year since it is calculated using a statistical estimating method.

## 4. Change in Accounting Policies

"Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, revised on 17th June, 2021) has been applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ended 31st March 2023. In accordance with the transitional treatment set forth in Paragraph 27-2 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement, the new accounting policy has been applied prospectively. The effect of applying this accounting standard on consolidated financial statements is immaterial. The details pertaining to investment trust funds in the previous fiscal year have not been provided in Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Breakdown by Input Level, Note 10. Financial Instruments, pursuant to Paragraph 27-3 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement.

#### 5. Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet

(1) The amounts of accumulated depreciation and advanced depreciation of tangible fixed assets are as follows:

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands o U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Accumulated depreciation Advanced depreciation	¥11,136 29	¥10,471 29	\$83,396 217

(2) The carrying amounts of stocks of non-consolidated subsidiary are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2023	2022	2023
Securities	¥10	¥10	\$74

(3) The amounts of loans to be disclosed based on the Insurance Business Act are as follows:

	Millions	of yen	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt	_	_	_
Doubtful	_	_	_
Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more	_	_	_
Restructured loans	_	_	_

The definitions of the loans are as follows:

- A. "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt" are loans or loan equivalents to borrowers who have gone bankrupt for reasons such as a declaration of bankruptcy, reorganization, or revitalization proceedings.
- B. "Doubtful" are loans to borrowers who have not yet reached a state of legal bankruptcy but whose financial position and business performance have deteriorated; therefore, the prospect of complete repayment of principal and interest is remote in accordance with the contract obligations, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt."
- C. "Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more" are those loans for which payments of principal or interest has not been received for a period of three months or more, beginning with the next day following the last due date for such payments, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt" or "Doubtful."
- D. "Restructured loans" are those loans for which the Company has provided more favorable terms and conditions than those contained in the original loan agreement (including reducing interest rates, rescheduling interest and principal payments, or the waiving of claims on the borrowers) to the borrowers with the aim of providing restructuring assistance and support, and are not included in "Bankrupt or de facto bankrupt," "Doubtful" or "Accruing loans contractually past due 3 months or more."
- (4) The carrying amounts of assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2023	2022	2023
Securities	¥33,628	¥31,798	\$251,838

These securities are pledged to deposit for overseas operations and to establish letters of credit.

#### 6. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Income

 The significant components of business expenses are as follows:

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Commissions, net of reinsurance ceded	¥61,596	¥63,604	\$461,289

Business expenses are the total of "Operating and general administrative expenses" and "Commissions and brokerage" in the consolidated statement of income.

#### 7. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

 Reclassification Adjustments and Income Tax Effects of Other Comprehensive Income

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	¥(34,897) 1,451	¥16,018 (1,876)	\$(261,342) 10,866
Before income tax effect adjustments Income tax effects	(33,445) 6,723	14,141 (4,457)	(250,468) 50,348
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	(26,721)	9,684	(200,112)
Net foreign currency translation adjustments:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	17,539 239	11,148 229	131,348 1,789
Before income tax effect adjustments Income tax effects	17,779 113	11,378 (66)	133,146 846
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	17,892	11,312	133,992
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax:			
Gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustments	3,080 229	(3) 621	23,065 1,714
Before income tax effect adjustments Income tax effects	3,310 (763)	617 (150)	24,788 (5,714)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	2,546	467	19,066
Total other comprehensive income	¥ (6,282)	¥21,463	\$ (47,045)

## 8. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the year ended 31st March 2023

(1) Detailed Information for Outstanding Shares and Treasury Stock

			Th	nousand shares
	Number of shares as of 1st April 2022		Number of shares decreased during the period	
Outstanding shares				
Common stock	98,070	_	_	98,070
Class A stock	1,930	_	_	1,930
Total	100,000	_	_	100,000
Treasury stock				
Common stock	6,791	_	_	6,791
Total	6,791	_	_	6,791

## (2) Detailed Information for Cash Dividends Dividends paid

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Dividend per share	Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2022	Common stock	¥ 1,140million \$ 8,537 thousand (Note 1(2))	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.09 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2022	30th June 2022
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2022	Class A stock	¥ 24million \$ 179 thousand (Note 1(2))	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.09 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2022	30th June 2022

Of dividends with record date within the year ended 31st March 2023, dividends with the effective date after 31st March 2023

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Source of dividends	Dividend per share	Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2023	Common stock	¥ 1,140 million \$ 8,537 thousand (Note 1(2))	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.09 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2023	30th June 2023
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2023	Class A stock	¥ 24 million \$ 179 thousand (Note 1(2))	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5 \$ 0.09 (Note 1(2))	31st March 2023	30th June 2023

For the year ended 31st March 2022

(1) Detailed Information for Outstanding Shares and Treasury Stock

			TI	housand shares
	Number of shares as of 1st April 2021	Number of shares increased during the period	Number of shares decreased during the period	
Outstanding shares				
Common stock	98,070	_	_	98,070
Class A stock	1,930	_	_	1,930
Total	100,000	_	_	100,000
Treasury stock				
Common stock	6,791	_	_	6,791
Total	6,791	_	_	6,791

## (2) Detailed Information for Cash Dividends Dividends paid

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Dividend per share	Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2021	Common stock	¥ 1,140million	¥ 12.5	31st March 2021	30th June 2021
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2021	Class A stock	¥ 24million	¥ 12.5	31st March 2021	30th June 2021

Of dividends with record date within the year ended 31st March 2022, dividends with the effective date after 31st March 2022

	Type of shares	Total dividends	Source of dividends		Dividend record date	Effective date
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2022	Common stock	¥ 1,140 million	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5	31st March 2022	30th June 2022
General meeting of shareholders on 29th June 2022	Class A stock	¥ 24 million	Retained earnings	¥ 12.5	31st March 2022	30th June 2022

#### 9. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(1) Reconciliations of the balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period to the amounts shown in the consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

	Millions of yen					ousands of S. dollars Note 1(2))
		2023		2022		2023
Cash and deposits	¥	27,627	¥	31,344	\$	206,897
Monetary receivables bought		_		5,999		_
Securities		675,100		658,893		5,055,792
Time deposits with original maturities of more than three months		_		(316)		_
Securities other than cash equivalents		(623,617)	(	(631,922)	(	4,670,238)
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	79,109	¥	63,997	\$	592,443

(2) Cash flows from investing activities include those related to insurance business.

#### 10. Financial Instruments

(1) Outline of Financial Instruments

A. Policy for Financial Instruments

The Company underwrites non-life reinsurance (such as Fire, Marine, Motor, General liabilities, Pet reinsurance) and life reinsurance. The Company invests in financial instruments paying attention to adequate safety, liquidity and profitability, as a funding source of the reinsurance claims to be paid securely and promptly.

The Company maintains Enterprise Risk Management system to control investment risk, to keep adequate solvency in case of the risk occurrence.

B. Types of Financial Instruments and Related Risk

The Company holds financial instruments mainly for the purpose of investment and business cooperation. Main components of the instruments are bonds, stocks and investment trust funds, which are exposed to price risk due to market fluctuation (interest rate, foreign exchange rate and stock price), and credit risk of the issuers.

Derivatives utilized by the Company are forward foreign exchange contracts. Forward foreign exchange contracts are utilized for hedging fluctuation risk in future foreign exchange rates, arising from foreign bonds. The hedge accounting is applied to certain forward foreign exchange contracts. Additionally, derivatives applying the hedge accounting are described in "Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements".

Derivatives are only taken out with counterparties or referenced entities with a high credit rating.

Loans are exposed to credit risk due to breach of contracts.

C. Risk Management for Financial Instruments

The board of directors establishes risk management policies and internal rules for investment, and defines risk management department to be responsible for risk managements, management processes and management methodologies. The department in charge performs the risk managements in accordance with the policies and the rules, and condition of the risk is reported to the board regularly or properly, to enable the board to recognize the actual condition of the risk.

Foreign consolidated subsidiaries establish investment policies and manage the risk in accordance with the policies, and hold investment committee and other meetings regularly to discuss condition of risk management and future investment policies. The third party investment management arrangements are made in accordance with the investment guidelines and compliance with the guidelines is monitored.

As part of the audit for the risk management, Internal Audit Department performs internal audit under its internal audit plan for the risk management mentioned above.

#### (a) Market risk management

(i) Interest rate risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by "Value at Risk" (hereafter "VaR"), sensitivity analysis for interest rate and other methods, and monitors the compliance with the rules. Then it reports to the board regularly.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by VaR of foreign bonds, sensitivity analysis and other methods, and monitors the compliance with the rules. In addition, the department in charge of integrated risk management recognizes overall foreign exchange risk amount (offsetting foreign currency assets and liabilities). Then they report to the board regularly.

(iii) Price fluctuation risk management

The department in charge recognizes risk amount by VaR, sensitivity analysis for market and other methods, and monitor the compliance with the rules. Then it reports to the board regularly.

(b) Credit risk management

With respect to credit risk of bond issuer, the department in charge regularly recognizes market environments, financial condition, credit information and fair value. For loans, the department in charge performs credit management such as credit screening, requiring collaterals and guarantees, on individual debtor basis.

Compliance with the rules is reported to the board regularly.

(c) Liquidity risk management

The Company performs management for liquidity risk by holding assets with adequate liquidity, obtaining committed lines of credit from several financial institutions and others in order to pay the reinsurance claims securely and promptly in addition to appropriate fund management.

Liquidity risk is monitored by the department in charge, and reported to the board regularly.

D. Supplementary Explanation for the Fair Value of Financial Instruments

As variable factors are incorporated in the measurement of the fair value of financial instruments, the adoption of different assumptions and other factors may cause such value to fluctuate. (2) Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Breakdown by Input Level

The carrying amounts, fair value, unrealized gain (loss) of financial instruments and breakdown by input level as of 31st March 2023 and 2022 are as follows.

Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the table. Please see note (b) below.

The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels in accordance with the observability and significance of the inputs used to measure the fair value:

Level 1: Fair value determined based on the observable inputs, such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value determined based on observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs

Level 3: Fair value determined based on unobservable inputs

If multiple inputs with a significant impact are used for the fair value measurement of a financial instrument, the financial instrument is classified into the lowest priority level of fair value measurement in which each input belongs.

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets

As of 31st March 2023	Millions of yen							
	Fair value							
	Level 1	Level 2	Le	Total				
Securities								
Trading	¥ 35,241	¥ 15,815	¥	_	¥ 51,057			
Available for sale	160,755 451,571 — 612,3							
Total assets	¥195,996	¥467,387	¥	_	¥663,384			

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))									
	Fair value									
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total									
Securities										
Trading	\$ 263,918	\$ 118,437	\$	_	\$ 382,363					
Available for sale	1,203,886	3,381,794		_	4,585,688					
Total assets	\$1,467,804	\$3,500,239	\$		\$4,968,052					

As of 31st March 2022	Millions of yen										
		Fair value									
	Level 1	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Tot									
Securities*											
Trading	¥ 15,612	¥ —	¥	_	¥ 15,612						
Available for sale	126,154	469,990		_	596,145						
Total assets	¥141,767	¥469,990	¥	_	¥611,757						

\*Investment trust funds, etc. for which transitional measures are applied in accordance with Paragraph 26 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, 4th July 2019) are not included in the table above. The amount of such investment trust funds, etc. on the consolidated balance sheet is ¥43,211 million.

(b) Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets Information regarding fair value of cash and deposits is omitted since it is scheduled to be settled in a short period of time and fair value approximates book value.

#### (Notes)

 (a) Description of the evaluation methods and inputs used to measure fair value

#### Assets

#### Securities

Securities of which the fair value is based on the quoted prices in active markets with no adjustment is classified into Level 1. That includes mainly Japanese government bonds, stocks and exchange traded funds. Securities that are based on the presented quoted prices in inactive markets are classified into Level 2.

The fair value of unlisted investment trust funds is mainly based on net asset value provided by investment trust management companies. The fair value of the investment trust funds is classified into either Level 1 or Level 2, mainly based on constituents held in trust.

The fair value of bonds other than bonds of which the fair value is based on the quoted prices is mainly based on the prices presented by third parties and counterparty financial institutions. These prices are the present value that is calculated by discounting future cash flows at a rate comprising a risk-free interest rate and a credit spread. Since observable inputs are used in the calculation, the fair value is classified into Level 2.

(b) Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are as follows and are not included in "Securities" in the above table:

		Millions	s of y	en	U.S	usands of 3. dollars ote 1(2))
	2023		2022		1	2023
Stocks with no market prices, etc*	¥	2,784	¥	3,074	\$	20,849
Ownership stakes in partnerships, etc.**		1,146		849		8,582
Total	¥	3,930	¥	3,924	\$	29,431

\*Stocks with no market prices, etc. include unlisted stocks. In accordance with Paragraph 5 of "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No.19), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value.

\*\*Ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are mainly investment partnerships. In accordance with Paragraph 24-16 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value.

(c) Investment trust funds of which a net asset value is deemed to be a fair value to the investment trust funds, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, certain investment trust funds of which a net asset value is deemed to be a fair value to the investment trust funds are not subject to disclosure of Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Breakdown by Input Level. The amount of the investment trust funds on the consolidated balance sheets is ¥7,785 million (\$ 58,301 thousand).

(i) Changes in investment trust funds whose investment trust property is financial instruments during the period

	Millio	ons of yen	U.S	usands of S. dollars ote 1(2))
		ilable-for- securities		ilable-for- securities
		2023		2023
As of 1st April 2022	¥	2,132	\$	15,966
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2023  Net income (loss)		61		456
Other comprehensive income*		61		456
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption		22		164
As of 31st March 2023	¥	2,217	\$	16,603

\*The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(ii) Components of restrictions on cancellation or repurchase requests of investment trust funds whose investment trust property is financial instruments

	Millio	ons of yen	U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		Available-for- sale securities		ilable-for- securities	
		2023	- 1	2023	
Investment trust funds which have certain restrictions, such as frequency of dates for applying to cancellation or repurchase requests		2,217	\$	16,603	

(iii) Changes in investment trust funds whose investment trust property is real estate during the period

	Millio	ons of yen	U.S	S. dollars ote 1(2))	
		ilable-for- securities		ilable-for- securities	
		2023	2023		
As of 1st April 2022	¥	5,456	\$	40,859	
Net income (loss) or other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2023  Net income (loss)		111		831	
Other comprehensive income*		111		831	
Net amount of purchases, sales and redemption				001	
As of 31st March 2023	¥	5,568	\$	41,698	

\*The above amount is included in "Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax" of "Other comprehensive income" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(d) The redemption schedules as of 31st March 2023 and 2022 for monetary receivables and securities with maturities are as follows:

As of 31st March 2023	Millions of yen					
	Du	e in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 10 years	Due after 10 years	
Deposits	¥	27,627	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	
Securities						
Available-for-sale						
securities with maturities						
Government bonds		_	2,137	7,377	93	
Municipal bonds		_	_	_	_	
Corporate bonds		8,735	105,540	6,267	5,400	
Foreign securities		56,606	146,471	68,592	122,636	
Total	¥	92,969	¥ 254,148	¥ 82,237	¥128,130	

		Ino	iusands of U.S	. ac	ilars (Note	1(2))
	D	ue in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 5 years	5 y	Due after ears through 10 years	Due after 10 years
Deposits	\$	206,897	\$ —	\$	_	<b>\$</b> —
Securities		•				
Available-for-sale						
securities with maturitie	S					
Government bonds		_	16,003		55,246	696
Municipal bonds		_	_		_	_
Corporate bonds		65,416	790,384		46,933	40,440
		400 010	1,096,914		513,682	918,415
Foreign securities		423,919	1,090,914		313,002	310,713

As of 31st March 2022	Millions of yen							
	Du	e in 1 year or less		Due after ear through 5 years		Due after ears through 10 years	Due a 10 ye	
Deposits	¥	31,343	¥	_	¥		¥	_
Securities								
Available-for-sale securities with maturities								
Government bonds		_		1,800		6,980		_
Municipal bonds		_		_		_		_
Corporate bonds		13,283		117,929		10,473	6,	300
Foreign securities		28,527		127,472		62,350	104,	788
Total	¥	73,154	¥	247,201	¥	79,804	¥ 111,	088

#### 11. Investments in Securities

(1) Information regarding trading securities as of 31st March 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized for the fiscal year	¥(7,963)	¥(2,369)	\$(59,634)

- (2) There are no held-to-maturity securities.
- (3) Information regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value as of 31st March 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

As of 31st March 2023	Millions of yen						
	Carrying amount	Cost	Unrealized gain (loss)				
Securities for which carrying amoun	t exceeds their	cost					
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	¥ 12,216	¥ 11,393	¥ 823				
Stocks	105,995	18,097	87,898				
Foreign securities	102,858	95,424	7,433				
Others	6,070	5,588	481				
Subtotal	227,141	130,504	96,637				
Securities for which carrying amount	t does not exce	eed their cost					
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	124,764	125,552	(787)				
Stocks	136	170	(34)				
Foreign securities	267,120	301,735	(34,615)				
Others	949	1,000	(50)				
Subtotal	392,971	428,458	(35,487)				
Total	¥620,113	¥558,963	¥ 61,150				

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))				
	Carrying amount	Cost	Unrealized gain (loss)		
Securities for which carrying amoun	t exceeds th	neir cost			
Government, municipal and					
corporate bonds	\$ 91,48	5 \$ 85,321	\$ 6,163		
Stocks	793,79	1 135,527	658,264		
Foreign securities	770,29	8 714,625	55,665		
Others	45,45	7 41,848	3,602		
Subtotal	1,701,04	8 977,338	723,710		
Securities for which carrying amoun Government, municipal and	t does not e	exceed their co	st		
corporate bonds	934,35	1 940,253	(5,893)		
Stocks	1,01	8 1,273	(254)		
Foreign securities	2,000,44	9 2,259,679	(259,230)		
Others	7,10	7 7,488	(374)		
Subtotal	2,942,94	1 3,208,702	(265,760)		
Total	\$4,643,99	7 \$4,186,048	\$ 457,949		

\*Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the above table.

As of 31st March 2022	Millions of yen							
	Carrying amount	Cost	Unrealized gain (loss)					
Securities for which carrying amount	exceeds their	cost						
Government, municipal and								
corporate bonds	¥ 24,614	¥ 24,016	¥ 598					
Stocks	101,281	16,902	84,378					
Foreign securities	219,454	207,198	12,255					
Others	5,962	5,589	373					
Subtotal	351,312	253,706	97,606					
Securities for which carrying amount	does not exc	eed their cost						
Government, municipal and								
corporate bonds	134,937	135,461	(524)					
Stocks	1,236	1,365	(129)					
Foreign securities	122,678	124,996	(2,318)					
Others	8,434	8,471	(37)					
Subtotal	267,285	270,294	(3,008)					
Total	¥618,598	¥524,000	¥ 94,597					

\*Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are not included in the above table.

\*\*Commercial papers classified as "Monetary receivables bought"

\*\*Commercial papers classified as "Monetary receivables bought" in the consolidated balance sheet are included in "Others" above.

(4) Sales of securities classified as available-for-sale and the aggregate gain and loss are as follows:

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
		2023	2	2022	2023		
Proceeds from sales							
Government, municipal and							
corporate bonds	¥	17,369	¥	9,114	\$	130,075	
Stocks		150		3		1,123	
Foreign securities		81,791		87,139		612,529	
Others		1,386		35		10,379	
Total	¥1	00,697	¥	96,292	\$	754,115	
Gain on sales Government, municipal and corporate bonds Stocks Foreign securities Others Total	¥	7 4 1,134 —	¥	147 2 3,098 1 3,249	\$	52 29 8,492 — 8,582	
Loss on sales Government, municipal and corporate bonds Stocks Foreign securities Others	¥	11 150 1,778 99	¥	88 — 569 0	\$	82 1,123 13,315 741	
Total	¥	2,040	¥	657	\$	15,277	

(5) Securities for which impairment losses are recognized For the year ended 31st March 2023, the Company recognized impairment losses regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value (Foreign securities) in the amount of ¥ 114 million (\$ 853 thousand) in the consolidated statement of income.

For the year ended 31st March 2022, the Company recognized impairment losses regarding available-for-sale securities with fair value (Foreign securities) in the amount of ¥ 94 million in the consolidated statement of income.

In principle, impairment losses on available-for-sale securities with fair value held by the Company are recognized when the fair value has declined by 30% or more of their book value. Impairment losses on available-for-sale securities with fair value held by consolidated subsidiaries are recognized when the fair value has declined below their book value and the decline in fair value is deemed to be other than temporary.

## 12. Money Held in Trust

(1) Money Held in Trust for Trading Purposes

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))		
	<b>2023</b> 2022		2023	
Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized for the fiscal year	¥	¥ (U)	· • _	

(2) Money Held in Trust for Being Held to Maturity None.

(3) Money Held in Trust Not for Trading Purposes or Not Being Held to Maturity None.

#### 13. Derivatives

None.

## 14. Retirement Benefits

(1) Outline of Retirement Benefit Plans

The Company and consolidated subsidiaries mainly have funded and unfunded defined retirement benefit plans covering substantially all employees.

For defined benefit retirement plans, the benefit based on an employee's salary and years of service are paid in the form of lump-sum payment and pension.

For lump-sum payment retirement plans which are all unfunded plans, the benefit based on an employee's salary and years of service are paid in the form of lump-sum payment.

#### (2) Defined Benefit Plan

A. Changes in the retirement benefit obligations during the period

	Millions	of yen	U.	S. dollars lote 1(2))
	2023	2022		2023
Retirement benefit obligations				
at the beginning of the period	¥ 23,106	¥ 21,801	\$	173,039
Service cost	955	918		7,151
Interest cost	465	364		3,482
Actuarial differences	(5,187)	(381)		(38,845)
Benefit paid	(1,117)	(935)		(8,365)
Prior service cost	_	(19)		_
Others	1,984	1,358		14,858
Retirement benefit obligations				
at the end of the period	¥ 20,206	¥ 23,106	\$	151,321

### B. Changes in the plan assets during the period

	Millions	of yen	U.S	usands of S. dollars ote 1(2))
	2023	2022		2023
Plan assets at the beginning				
of the period	¥ 13,006	¥ 12,214	\$	97,401
Expected return on plan assets	411	401		3,077
Actuarial differences	(1,639)	11		(12,274)
Employer contributions	675	566		5,055
Benefit paid	(913)	(783)		(6,837)
Others	893	595		6,687
Plan assets at the end of the period	¥ 12,434	¥ 13,006	\$	93,117

C. Reconciliations of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets to net defined benefit liabilities and assets recognized in the consolidated balance sheet at the end of the period

Millions of yen				ousands of S. dollars Note 1(2))
	2023	2022		2023
¥	15,458	¥ 17,512	\$	115,764
	(12,434)	(13,006)		(93,117)
	3,023	4,506		22,639
	4,747	5,593		35,550
¥	7,771	¥ 10,099	\$	58,196
¥	7,771	¥ 10,099	\$	58,196
¥	7,771	¥ 10,099	\$	58,196
	¥	¥ 15,458 (12,434) 3,023 4,747 ¥ 7,771 ¥ 7,771	2023       2022         ¥ 15,458       ¥ 17,512         (12,434)       (13,006)         3,023       4,506         4,747       5,593         ¥ 7,771       ¥ 10,099         ¥ 7,771       ¥ 10,099	Millions of yen  2023 2022  ¥ 15,458 (12,434) (13,006) 3,023 4,506  4,747 5,593  ¥ 7,771 ¥ 10,099 \$ 7,771 ¥ 10,099 \$

#### D. Components of retirement benefit cost

		Millions	of yer	1	U.S	sands of dollars te 1(2))
	2	2023	20	)22	2	2023
Service cost	¥	955	¥	918	\$	7,151
Interest cost		465		364		3,482
Expected return on plan assets		(411)		(401)		(3,077)
Amortization of actuarial differences		229		621		1,714
Amortization of prior service cost		4		(19)		29
Retirement benefit cost						
for defined benefit plan	¥	1,243	¥	1,483	\$	9,308

E. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in other comprehensive income

Components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in other comprehensive income before tax effect are as follows:

		Millions	of ye	n	U.S	usands of 3. dollars ote 1(2))
		2023				2023
Actuarial differences	¥	3,778	¥	1,014	\$	28,293
Prior service cost		4		_		29
Others		(472)		(396)		(3,534)
Total	¥	3,310	¥	617	\$	24,788

F. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in accumulated other comprehensive income Components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in accumulated other comprehensive income before tax effect are as follows:

		Millions	of ye	en	U.S	usands of 5. dollars ote 1(2))
	<b>2023</b> 2022			2022	2	2023
Unrecognized actuarial differences	¥	24	¥	(3,307)	\$	179
Unrecognized prior service cost		(21)		_		(157)
Total	¥	2	¥	(3,307)	\$	14

#### G. Plan assets

(a) Major Components of plan assets Percentages of total plan assets by major categories are as follows:

	2023	2022
Bonds	23%	18%
Stocks	16	25
General accounts	57	54
Others	4	3
Total	100%	100%

(b) Determination of long-term expected rate of return The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets has been estimated based on the current and anticipated allocation to each asset class and the current and anticipated long-term rates of returns on assets held in each category.

## H. Actuarial assumptions

Major actuarial assumptions (based on weighted average) are as follows:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	Mainly 1.3%	Mainly 0.6%
Long-term expected rate of return	<b>Mainly 1.1%</b>	Mainly 1.2%

## 15. Deferred Tax Accounting

(1) Major Components of Net Deferred Tax Assets

		Millions	s of	yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
		2023		2022	2023
Deferred tax assets					
Underwriting reserves	¥	27,991	¥	31,119	\$ 209,623
Outstanding claims		14,548		14,186	108,949
Net unrealized losses on					
available-for-sale securities		7,087		_	53,074
Tax loss carryforwards **		5,722		3,854	42,851
Reserve for price fluctuation		3,212		3,146	24,054
Net defined benefit liabilities		1,751		2,313	13,113
Others		1,885		1,895	14,116
Subtotal of deferred tax assets		62,200		56,515	465,812
Valuation allowance					
on tax loss carryforwards **		_		(430)	
Valuation allowance					
on deductible temporary differences		(364)		(441)	(2,725)
Subtotal of Valuation allowance *		(364)		(871)	(2,725)
Total deferred tax assets		61,835		55,644	463,079
Deferred tax liabilities Net unrealized gains on					
available-for-sale securities		(26,506)		(26, 167)	(198,502)
Others		(1,605)		(2,393)	(12,019)
Total deferred tax liabilities		(28,111)		(28,561)	(210,521)
Net deferred tax assets	¥	33,723	¥	27,083	\$ 252,549

## (Notes)

\*Valuation allowance decreased by ¥ 506 million (\$ 3,789 thousand). The main reason of this decrease is due to the decrease in the valuation allowance related to the consolidated subsidiary's tax loss carryforwards.

\*\*Schedule by expiration of tax loss carryforwards and the corresponding deferred tax assets.

#### As of 31st March 2023

### Millions of yen

	1	ue in year less	1 year	Due after 2 years through 3 years	3 years	4 years		Total
Tax loss carryforwards	¥	_		1,682	1,218	196	2,625	¥5,722
Valuation allowance	¥	_	_	_	_	_	_	¥ —
Deferred tax assets	¥	_	_	1.682	1.218	196	2.625	¥5.722

#### Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))

	1	ue in year less	Due after 1 year through 2 years	2 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	4 years through 5 years	Due after 5 years	iotai
Tax loss carryforwards	\$	_	_	12,596	9,121	1,467	19,658	\$42,851
Valuation allowance	\$	_	_	_	_	_	_	\$ —
Deferred tax assets	\$	_	_	12,596	9,121	1,467	19,658	\$42,851

#### (Notes)

- (a) Figures for tax loss carryforwards were the amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate.
- (b) For the tax loss carryforward of ¥ 5,722 million (\$ 42,851 thousand) (amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of ¥ 5,722 million (\$ 42,851 thousand) were recorded. The tax loss carryforwards were determined to be recoverable as future taxable income is anticipated, and therefore valuation allowance was not recognized.

#### As of 31st March 2022

#### Millions of yen

	1	ue in year less	1 year	2 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	4 years	Due after 5 years	Total
Tax loss carryforwards	¥	_	_	_	1,471	1,066	1,316	¥3,854
Valuation allowance	¥	_	_	_	_	253	176	¥ 430
Deferred tax assets	¥	_	_	_	1,471	812	1,139	¥3,424

#### (Notes)

- (a) Figures for tax loss carryforwards were the amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate.
- (b) For the tax loss carryforward of ¥ 3,854 million (amounts multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of ¥ 3,424 million were recorded. The tax loss carryforwards were determined to be recoverable as future taxable income is anticipated, and therefore valuation allowance was not recognized.
- (2) The reconciliation of the statutory income tax rate to the effective income tax rate for the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Effective statutory income tax rate of the Company	28.0%	28.0%
(Adjustments)		
Expiration of term of tax loss carryforwards	_	559.3
Tax rate applied to consolidated subsidiaries	32.4	94.9
Non-taxable revenue such as dividends received	(17.4)	(71.9)
Valuation allowance	(18.2)	(310.0)
Others	(6.4)	26.3
Effective income tax rate of the Company	18.4%	326.6%

## 16. Segment Information

(1) Outline of Reportable Segments

The Companies' reportable segments are components of the Companies about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

Our reportable segments are "The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited (hereinafter Toa)", "The Toa Reinsurance Co. of America (hereinafter TRA)" and "The Toa 21st Century Reinsurance Co., Ltd. (hereinafter TRE)".

The Companies' business is assuming reinsurance, and within the company TRA is mainly in charge of North America area, Toa and TRE are mainly in charge of others.

(2) Measurement of Sales, Profit or Loss, Assets, Liabilities, and Other Items for Each Reportable Segment

Accounting policies of each reported segment are in a manner consistent with that in the "Principal Matters for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements"

Profit or loss of each reportable segment shown in the following table represents "Net loss attributable to owners of the parent". Inter-segment revenues are measured on the basis of market transactions on arm's length terms.

## (3) Information about Sales, Profit or Loss, Assets, Liabilities, and Other Items on Each Reportable Segment

For the year ended 31st March 2023

	Millions of	yon	
	Reportable se	gments	
Toa	TRA	TRE	Total
¥ 211,043	¥ 74,287	¥ 35,491	¥ 320,822
2,552	(1,873)	171	850
213,595	72,414	35,662	321,672
12,490	(8,734)	(1,419)	2,336
579,671	293,456	121,531	994,658
416,943	229,744	70,873	717,561
964	97	37	1,099
10,827	7,392	494	18,714
0	_	_	0
236	_	_	236
235	_	_	235
4,027	(2,555)	(946)	525
	¥ 211,043 2,552 213,595 12,490 579,671 416,943 964 10,827 0 236 235	Toa         TRA           ¥ 211,043         ¥ 74,287           2,552         (1,873)           213,595         72,414           12,490         (8,734)           579,671         293,456           416,943         229,744           964         97           10,827         7,392           0         —           236         —           235         —	¥211,043       ¥74,287       ¥35,491         2,552       (1,873)       171         213,595       72,414       35,662         12,490       (8,734)       (1,419)         579,671       293,456       121,531         416,943       229,744       70,873         964       97       37         10,827       7,392       494         0       —       —         236       —       —         235       —       —

		Thousands of U.S. do	ollars (Note 1(2))	
		Reportable se	gments	
	Toa	TRA	TRE	Total
Sales				
Sales to external customers	\$ 1,580,491	\$ 556,331	\$ 265,790	\$ 2,402,621
Inter-segment sales or transfers	19,111	(14,026)	1,280	6,365
Total	1,599,603	542,305	267,071	2,408,986
Profit or loss by reportable segments	93,537	(65,408)	(10,626)	17,494
Assets by reportable segments	4,341,129	2,197,678	910,140	7,448,947
Liabilities by reportable segments	3,122,466	1,720,542	530,764	5,373,781
Other items				
Depreciation	7,219	726	277	8,230
Interest and dividends income	81,082	55,358	3,699	140,148
Interest expenses	0	_	_	0
Extraordinary loss	1,767	_	_	1,767
Provision for reserve under the special law	1,759	_	_	1,759
Income tax expense	30,158	(19,134)	(7,084)	3,931
* Sales represent "Net premiums written".				

For the year ended 31st March 2022

		Millions of	yen	
		Reportable se	gments	
	Toa	TRA	TRE	Total
Sales				
Sales to external customers	¥ 207,783	¥ 68,990	¥25,249	¥302,024
Inter-segment sales or transfers	(514)	(132)	402	(244)
Total	207,269	68,858	25,652	301,780
Profit or loss by reportable segments	4,529	(1,388)	(4,251)	(1,110)
Assets by reportable segments	569,525	268,882	96,290	934,698
Liabilities by reportable segments	421,224	194,013	47,655	662,893
Other items				
Depreciation	1,000	53	11	1,065
Interest and dividends income	7,056	5,630	209	12,896
Interest expenses	0	_	_	0
Extraordinary income	0	1	_	2
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	0	1	_	2
Extraordinary loss	278	_	_	278
Provision for reserve under the special law	277	_	_	277
Income tax expense	2,564	(199)	(531)	1,833
* Sales represent "Net premiums written".				

<sup>55</sup> 

(4) Reconciliations of Total Reportable Segments Amount to Amount Presented in Financial Statements and Descriptions of Reconciliations

#### A. Sales

	Millions of ye	en	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Total of reportable segments	¥321,672	¥301,780	\$2,408,986
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(850)	244	(6,365)
Sales in consolidated financial statements	¥320,822	¥302,024	\$2,402,621
* Sales represent "Net premiums written".			

## B. Profit or loss

	Millions of y	/en	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Total of reportable segments	¥2,336	¥(1,110)	\$17,494
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	114	(138)	853
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent			
in consolidated financial statements	¥2,450	¥(1,248)	\$18,347

## C. Assets

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Total of reportable segments	¥994,658	¥934,698	\$7,448,947
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(88,909)	(74,276)	(665,835)
Total assets in consolidated financial statements	¥905,749	¥860,421	\$6,783,112

## D. Liabilities

	Millions of y	yen	(Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Total of reportable segments	¥717,561	¥662,893	\$5,373,781
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	(8,114)	(3,779)	(60,765)
Total liabilities in consolidated financial statements	¥709,446	¥659,114	\$5,313,008

## E. Other items

	Millions of ye	n	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Income tax expense			
Total of reportable segments	¥525	¥1,833	\$3,931
Elimination of inter-segment transactions	25	(33)	187
Amounts in consolidated financial statements	¥550	¥1,799	\$4,118

## (5) Related Information

For the year ended 31st March 2023

A. Information about revenue derived from its products or services

				Millions o	f yen			
	Fire	Marine	Motor	General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
Sales to external customers	¥85,009	¥12,808	¥29,042	¥55,214	¥97,713	¥9,233	¥31,799	¥320,822
			Tho	usands of U.S. d	ollars (Note 1(2))			
	Fire	Marine	Motor	General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
Sales to external customers	\$636,628	\$95,918	\$217,494	\$413,495	\$731,768	\$69,145	\$238,141	\$2,402,621

<sup>\*</sup> Sales represent "Net premiums written".

## B. Information by geographic area

(a) Sales

III//III	lions	Of 1	$I\Delta n$
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Japan	United States	Others	Total
¥178,740	¥77,804	¥64,277	¥320,822
	Thousands of LLS	dollars (Note 1/2))	
	Thousands of U.S.	dollars (Note 1(2))	
Japan	Thousands of U.S. United States	dollars (Note 1(2)) Others	Total

<sup>\*</sup> Sales are classified by country based on the geographic area of customers.

#### (b) Tangible fixed assets

	Millions of yen	
Japan	Others	Total
¥8,597	¥1,375	¥9,972
	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))	
Japan	Others	Total
\$64,382	\$10,297	\$74,679
	<b>¥8,597</b> Japan	Japan Others  ¥8,597 ¥1,375  Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))  Japan Others

#### C. Information about major customers None.

For the year ended 31st March 2022

A. Information about revenue derived from its products or services

Millions	of yen			
General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total

	Fire	Marine	Motor	General Liabilities	Life	Pet	Others	Total
Sales to external customers	¥80,813	¥11,409	¥33,328	¥47,595	¥93,051	¥10,990	¥24,833	¥302,024

<sup>\*</sup> Sales represent "Net premiums written".

## B. Information by geographic area

## (a) Sales

Millions of yen				
Japan	United States	Others	Total	
¥173,707	¥71,477	¥56,839	¥302,024	

<sup>\*</sup> Sales are classified by country based on the geographic area of customers.

## (b) Tangible fixed assets

Millions of yen					
Japan	Others	Total			
¥8.817	¥1.027	¥9.844			

## C. Information about major customers

- (6) Information about Impairment Losses on Fixed Assets by Reportable Segments
- (7) Information about Amortization of Goodwill and Carrying Amount by Reportable Segments
- (8) Information about Gains on Negative Goodwill by Reportable Segments None.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Sales represent "Net premiums written".

<sup>\*\*</sup> Sales represent "Net premiums written".

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

There are no material transactions with related parties to report for the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022.

#### 18. Per Share Information

To To Characteristics	Yen		U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))
	2023	2022	2023
Net assets per share	¥2,106.05	¥2,159.74	\$15.77
Net income (loss) per share	26.29	(13.39)	0.20

<sup>\*</sup> There are no potential common shares, therefore diluted net income per share is not described for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2023.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star\star}$  Basis for computing net income (loss) per share is as follows:

	For the year ended 31s	t March 2023	For the year ended 3	31st March 2022
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent (Millions of yen)	¥ 2,450		¥ (1,2	248)
Amounts not attributable to common shareholders (Millions of yen)	_			_
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent related to common shareholders (Millions of yen)	¥ 2,450		¥ (1,2	248)
Average number of common shares outstanding for the year (Thousand shares)	93,209		93,2	209
Major Components of Average number of common shares outstanding and equivalent	Common Stock 9	91,279	Common Stock	91,279
for the year (Thousand shares)	Class A Stock	1,930	Class A Stock	1,930

#### 19. Significant Subsequent Events after Balance Sheet Date

The Company has resolved to transfer the treasury stock by third party allotment for the purpose of the capital adequacy at the general shareholders' meeting held on 29th June 2023.

The details of the resolution are as follows:

- (1) Type of the shares to be transferred Common stock
- (2) Total number of the shares to be transferred 5,000,000 shares (maximum)
- (3) Transfer price

¥576 per share (minimum) \$4.31 per share (minimum) (Note 1(2))

The Board of Directors of the Company has been delegated on the decision of specific conditions regarding this transfer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> There are net loss per share and no potential common shares, therefore diluted net income per share is not described for the fiscal year ended 31st March 2022.

## Related Information to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## 1. Detailed Information for Corporate Bonds

None.

#### 2. Detailed Information for Borrowings

Milliono	o.f	 

Williand of you				
	As of 1st April 2022	As of 31st March 2023	Average interest rate (%)	The term of repayment
Lease liabilities due in 1 year or less	¥167	¥163	_	_
Lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less)	268	134	_	From 1st January 2024 to 28th February 2027
Total	¥436	¥297	_	_

#### Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(2))

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	As of 1st April 2022	As of 31st March 2023	Average interest rate (%)	The term of repayment
Lease liabilities due in 1 year or less	\$1,250	\$1,220	_	_
Lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less)	2,007	1,003	_	From 1st January 2024 to 28th February 2027
Total	\$3,265	\$2,224	_	_

#### (Notes)

- (1) The above amount is included in "Other liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet.
- (2) "Average interest rate" on lease liabilities is not stated above because lease liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet are recognized without deducting lease interest included in the total lease charges.
- (3) The repayment for the lease liabilities (except for those due in 1 year or less) scheduled within 5 years following the consolidated balance sheet date is as follows:

#### Millions of yen

	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
Lease liabilities	¥100	¥27	¥6	¥—
		Thousands of U.S. dollars (N	ote 1(2))	
	Due after 1 year through 2 years	Due after 2 years through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 4 years	Due after 4 years through 5 years
Lease liabilities	\$748	\$202	\$44	\$—

## 3. Detailed Information for Asset Retirement Obligations

None.

#### About Independent Auditor

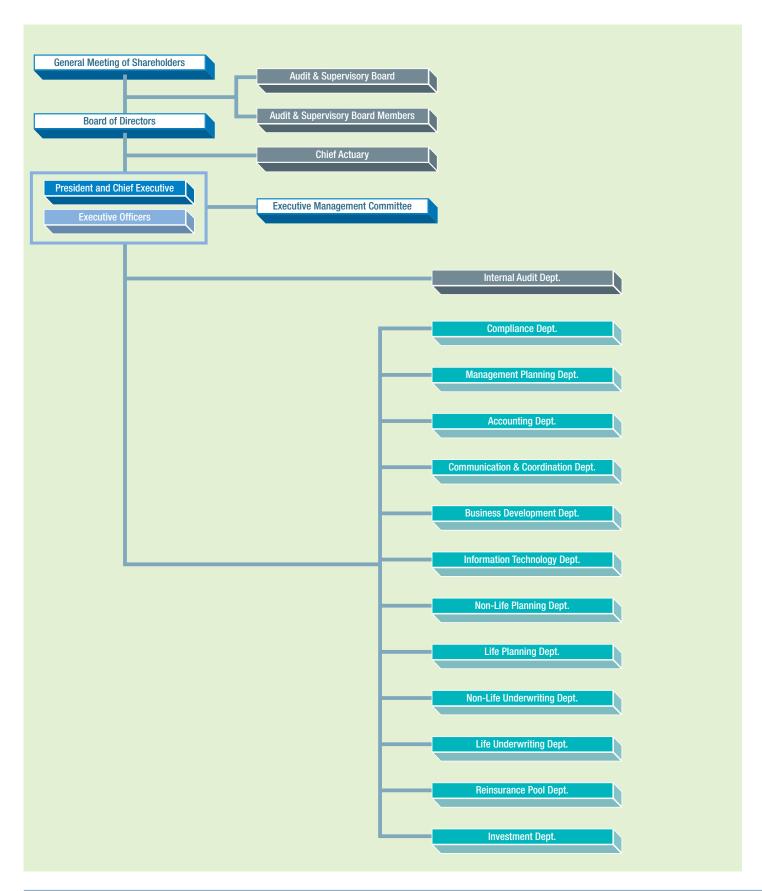
Independent auditor for the year ended 31st March 2023 was Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC has audited the Company's consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows, principal matters for preparation of consolidated financial statements, notes to the consolidated financial statements, and related Information to the Consolidated Financial Statements for fiscal years 2021 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022) and 2022 (April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023), and the Company is in receipt of their audit reports.

(Note) The consolidated financial statements in this material are presented based on the audited consolidated financial statements as reported above, with some additions and changes to the consolidated financial statements and some changes to the format. However, the consolidated financial statements themselves in this material have not been audited.

## **Organization**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 1st July 2023



## **Board of Directors**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 29th June 2023

## **Corporate Data**

The Toa Reinsurance Company, Limited As of 31st March 2023

## PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Masaaki Matsunaga

## **MANAGING DIRECTORS**

Kazuhito Oura Hiroshi Nagashima Hironori Ashikawa

## **DIRECTORS**

Kozo Nakamura Michinari Takasaki Hiroshi Tamiya Kiyoaki Sano Kurao Onouchi

## **AUDIT & SUPERVISORY BOARD MEMBERS**

Koichi Yazaki Satoru Tsuchiya Ryuta Nakajima Fumiaki Ohkawabata

## **HEAD OFFICE**

6-5, Kanda-Surugadai 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-8703, Japan Telephone: +81-3-3253-3171 Facsimile: +81-3-3253-1208 URL: https://www.toare.co.jp

## **DATE ESTABLISHED**

15th October 1940

## **NUMBER OF SHARES BY TYPE**

(COMMON) (CLASS A)
Authorized: 370,000,000 30,000,000
Issued: 98,070,000 1,930,000

## **PAID-IN CAPITAL**

¥ 5.000 million

## **TOTAL ASSETS**

¥ 579,671 million

## **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

338

## **LINES OF BUSINESS**

Reinsurance of the following:

Fire Insurance

Marine Insurance

Transit Insurance

Personal Accident Insurance

Voluntary Automobile Insurance

Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance

General Liability Insurance

Shipowners' Liability Insurance for Passengers' Personal Accident

Workers' Accident Compensation Liability Insurance

Aviation Insurance

Credit Insurance

Guarantee Insurance (including Surety Bond)

Glass Insurance

Machinery Insurance

Contractors' All Risks Insurance

Atomic Energy Insurance

Movables Comprehensive Insurance

Theft Insurance

Windstorm and Flood Insurance

Boiler and Turbo-Set Insurance

Livestock Insurance

Miscellaneous Pecuniary Loss Insurance

Life Insurance

Pet Insurance

